AVIVA SYSTEMS BIOLOGY

TGF-beta-1 ELISA Kit (Rabbit) (OKCD00108)
Lot# KD1653

Instructions for use

For the quantitative measurement of TGF-beta-1 in serum, platelet-poor plasma, tissue homogenates, cell culture supernates and other biological fluids.

Variation between lots can occur. Refer to the manual provided with the kit.

This product is intended for research use only.
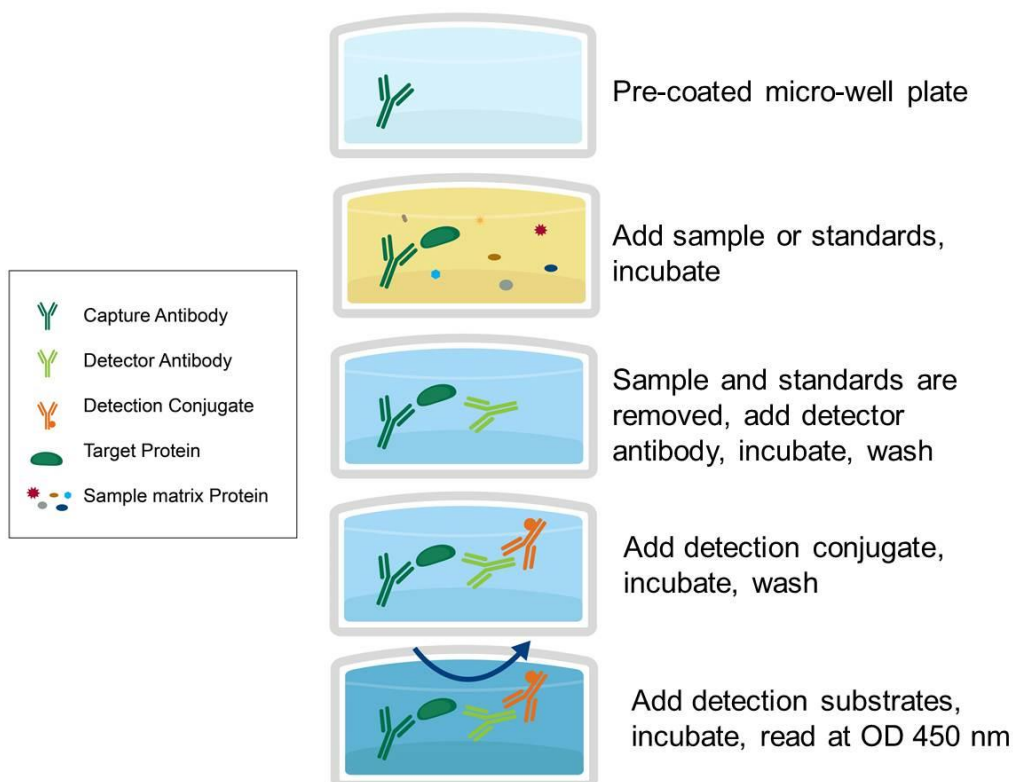
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1. Background

Principle

Aviva Systems Biology TGF-beta-1 ELISA Kit (Rabbit) (OKCD00108) is based on standard sandwich enzyme-linked immuno-sorbent assay technology. An antibody specific for TGF-beta-1 has been pre-coated onto a 96-wellplate (12 x 8 Well Strips). Standards or test samples are added to the wells, incubated and removed. A biotinylated detector antibody specific for TGF-beta-1 is added, incubated and followed by washing. Avidin-Peroxidase Conjugate is then added, incubated and unbound conjugate is washed away. An enzymatic reaction is produced through the addition of TMB substrate which is catalyzed by HRP generating a blue color product that changes to yellow after adding acidic stop solution. The density of yellow coloration is read by absorbance at 450 nm and is quantitatively proportional to the amount of sample TGF-beta-1 captured in well.

General Specifications

General Specifications	
Range	15.6-1,000 pg/mL
LOD	< 5.5 pg/mL (Derived by linear regression of OD_{450} of the Mean Blank + 2xSD)
Specificity	Rabbit TGF-beta-1 UniProt ID: Q6T7C3 Gene ID: 100008645 Target Alias: Transforming growth factor beta; TGF-B1
Cross-Reactivity	No detectable cross-reactivity with other relevant proteins

2. Assay Summary

Capture Antibody
Detector Antibody
Detection Conjugate
Target Protein
Sample matrix Protein

Pre-coated micro-well plate

Add sample or standards, incubate

Sample and standards are removed, add detector antibody, incubate, wash

Add detection conjugate, incubate, wash

Add detection substrates, incubate, read at OD 450 nm

3. Storage and Stability

• Open kit immediately upon receipt. Store components at -20°C (NOTE: exceptions below) for 6 months or until expiration date. Avoid any freeze/thaw cycles.

4. Kit Components

•The following reagents are the provided contents of the kit.

Description	Quantity	Storage Conditions
Anti-TGF-beta-1 Microplate	96 Wells (12 x 8 Well strips)	-20°C for 6 months
TGF-beta-1 Lyophilized Standard	2 x 1 ng	
100X Biotinylated TGF-beta-1 Detector Antibody	1 x 120 µL	
100X Avidin-HRP Conjugate	1 x 120 µL	
Standard Diluent	1 x 20 mL	Store at 4°C for 6 months
Detector Antibody Diluent	1 x 12 mL	
Conjugate Diluent	1 x 12 mL	
30X Wash Buffer	1 x 20 mL	
Stop Solution	1 x 6 mL	
TMB Substrate	1 x 9 mL	

5. Precautions

- Read instructions fully prior to beginning use of the assay kit.
- Any deviations or modifications from the described method or use of other reagents could result in a reduction of performance.
- Reduce exposure to potentially harmful substances by wearing personal protective lab equipment including lab coats, gloves and glasses.
- For information on hazardous substances included in the kit please refer to the Material Safety Data Sheet (MSDS).
- Kit cannot be used beyond the expiration date on the label.

6. Required Materials Not Supplied

- Microplate reader capable of reading absorbance at 450 nm.
- Automated plate washer (optional).
- Pipettes capable of precisely dispensing 0.5 µL through 1 mL volumes of aqueous solutions.
- Pipettes or volumetric glassware capable of precisely measuring 1 mL through 100 mL of aqueous solutions.
- New, clean tubes and/or micro-centrifuge tubes for the preparation of standards or samples.
- Absorbent paper or paper toweling.
- Distilled or deionized ultrapure water.
- 37°C Incubator (optional)

7. Technical Application Tips

- Do not mix or substitute components from other kits.
- To ensure the validity of experimental operation, it is recommended that pilot experiments using standards and a small selection of sample dilutions to ensure optimal dilution range for quantitation.
- Samples exhibiting OD measurements higher than the highest standard should be diluted further in the appropriate sample dilution buffers.
- Prior to using the kit, briefly spin component tubes to collect all reagents at the bottom.
- Replicate wells are recommended for standards and samples.
- Cover microplate while incubating to prevent evaporation.
- Do not allow the microplate wells dry at any point during the assay procedure.
- Do not reuse tips or tube to prevent cross contamination.
- Avoid causing bubbles or foaming when pipetting, mixing or reconstituting.
- Completely remove of all liquids when washing to prevent cross contamination.
- Prepare reagents immediately prior to use and do not store, with the exception of the top standard.
- Equilibrate all materials to ambient room temperature prior to use (standards exception).
- For optimal results for inter- and intra-assay consistency, equilibrate all materials to room temperature prior to performing assay (standards exception) and perform all incubations at 37°C.
- Pipetting less than 1 µL is not recommended for optimal assay accuracy.
- Once the procedure has been started, all steps should be completed without interruption. Ensure that all reagents, materials and devices are ready at the appropriate time.
- Incubation times will affect results. All wells should be handled in the same sequential order and time intervals for optimal results.
- Samples containing precipitates, fibrin strands or bilirubin, or are hemolytic or lipemic might cause inaccurate results due to interfering factors.
- TMB Substrate is easily contaminated and should be colorless or light blue until added to plate. Handle carefully and protect from light.

8. Reagent Preparation

• Equilibrate all materials to room temperature prior to use and use immediately.

8.1 Rabbit TGF-BETA-1 Assay Standard

8.1.1 Prepare the TGF-BETA-1 standard no greater than 2 hours prior to performing experiment. Standard should be held on ice until use in the experiment.

8.1.2 Reconstitute one vial of the provided 1 ng **Lyophilized TGF-BETA-1 Standard** for each experiment. Prepare the stock 1,000 pg/mL Standard by reconstituting one tube of **Lyophilized TGF-BETA-1 Standard** as follows:

    8.1.2.1 Gently spin or tap the vial at 6,000 – 10,000 rpm for 30 seconds to collect all material at the bottom.

    8.1.2.2 Add 1 mL of **Standard Diluent** to the vial.

    8.1.2.3 Seal the vial then mix gently and thoroughly.

    8.1.2.4 Leave the vial at ambient temperature for 15 minutes.

8.1.3 Prepare a set of seven serially diluted standards as follows:

    8.1.3.1 Label tubes with numbers 1 – 8.

    8.1.3.2 Use the undiluted 1,000 pg/mL **TGF-BETA-1 Standard** as the high standard point (Tube #1).

    8.1.3.3 Add 300 µL of **Standard Diluent** to Tube #'s 2 – 8.

    8.1.3.4 Prepare **Standard #2** by adding 300 µL of 1,000 pg/mL **TGF-BETA-1** (Tube #1) to Tube #2. Mix gently and thoroughly.

    8.1.3.5 Prepare **Standard #3** by adding 300 µL of **Standard #2** from Tube #2 to Tube #3. Mix gently and thoroughly.

    8.1.3.6 Prepare further serial dilutions through Tube #7. Reference the table below as a guide for serial dilution scheme.

    8.1.3.7 Tube #8 is a blank standard (only **Standard Diluent**), which should be included with every experiment.

Standard Number (Tube)	Standard To Dilute	Volume Standard to Dilute (µL)	Volume Standard Diluent (µL)	Total Volume (µL)	Final Concentration
1	1,000 pg/mL Lyophilized Standard	NA	1,000	1,000	1,000 pg/mL
2	1,000 pg/mL	300	300	600	500 pg/mL
3	500 pg/mL	300	300	600	250 pg/mL
4	250 pg/mL	300	300	600	125 pg/mL
5	125 pg/mL	300	300	600	62.5 pg/mL
6	62.5 pg/mL	300	300	600	31.2 pg/mL
7	31.2 pg/mL	300	300	600	15.6 pg/mL
8	NA	0	300	300	0.0 (Blank)

Reconstituted Stock Standard

8.2 1X Biotinylated TGF-beta-1 Detector Antibody

8.2.1   Prepare the **1X Biotinylated TGF-beta-1 Detector Antibody** immediately prior to use by diluting the **100X Biotinylated TGF-beta-1 Detector Antibody** 1:100 with **Detector Antibody Diluent**.

8.2.2   For each well strip to be used in the experiment (8-wells) prepare 1,000 µL by adding 10 µL of **100X Biotinylated TGF-beta-1 Detector Antibody** to 990 µL **Detector Antibody Diluent**.

8.2.3   Mix thoroughly and gently. Hold no longer than 2 hours prior to using in procedure. Do not store at 1X concentration for future use.

8.3   1X HRP-Avidin Conjugate

8.3.1   Prepare the **1X Avidin-HRP Conjugate** immediately prior to use by diluting the **100X Avidin-HRP Conjugate** 1:100 with **Conjugate Diluent**.

8.3.2   For each well strip to be used in the experiment (8-wells) prepare 1,000 µL by adding 10 µL of **100X Avidin-HRP Conjugate** to 990 µL **Conjugate Diluent**.

8.3.3   Mix thoroughly and gently. Hold no longer than 2 hours prior to using in procedure. Do not store at 1X concentration for future use.

8.4 1X Wash Buffer

8.4.1   If crystals have formed in the **30X Wash Buffer** concentrate, equilibrate to room temperature and mix gently until crystals have completely dissolved.

8.4.2   Add the entire 20 mL contents of the **30X Wash Buffer** bottle to 580 mL of ultra-pure water to a clean > 1,000 mL bottle or other vessel.

8.4.3   Seal and mix gently by inversion. Avoid foaming or bubbles.

8.4.4   Store the **1X Wash Buffer** at room temperature until ready to use in the procedure. Store the prepared **1X Wash Buffer** at 4°C for no longer than 1 week. Do not freeze.

8.5 Microplate Preparation

• Micro-plates are provided ready to use and do not require rinsing or blocking.

• Unused well strips should be returned to the original packaging, sealed and stored at 4°C.

• Equilibrate microplates to ambient temperatures prior to opening to reduce potential condensation.

8.6 Activation Reagent Preparation

8.6.1   To activate latent TGFb1 to the immunoreactive form, prepare the following solutions for acid activation and neutralization:

• **1 M HCl (100 mL)** – Slowly add 8.33 mL of **12 M HCl** to 91.67 mL of deionized water. Mix well.

• **1.2 M NaOH/0.5 M HEPES (100 mL)** – Slowly add 12 mL of **10 M NaOH** to 75 mL of deionized water. Mix well. Add 11.9 g of **HEPES**. Mix well. Bring final volume to 100 mL with deionized water.

8.6.2   Ensure that samples after neutralization is within pH 7.2-7.6. Adjust the volume and corresponding dilution factor of the neutralization reagent as needed.

8.6.3   Activated samples must be assayed immediately. Do not freeze activated samples.

8.6.4   The solutions may be stored in polypropylene bottles at room temperature for up to one month.

8.6.5   **Do not activate the kit standards**.

9. Sample Preparation

9.1 Sample Preparation and Storage

• Store samples to be assayed at 2-8°C for 24 hours prior being assayed.

• For long term storage, aliquot and freeze samples at -20°C. Avoid repeated freeze-thaw cycles.

• Samples not indicated in the manual must be tested to determine if the kit is valid.

• Prepare samples as follows:

  • **Serum** - Use a serum separator tube (SST) and allow samples to clot for two hours at room temperature or overnight at 4°C before centrifugation for 15 minutes at 1,000 x g. Remove serum and assay immediately or aliquot and store samples at -20°C or -80°C. Avoid repeated freeze-thaw cycles.

  • **Platelet-poor plasma** - Collect plasma using EDTA as an anticoagulant. Centrifuge samples for 15 minutes at 1,000 x g at 2-8°C within 30 minutes of collection. It is recommended to centrifuge samples for 10 minutes at 10,000 x g for complete platelet removal. Remove plasma and assay immediately or store samples in aliquot at -20°C or -80°C for later use. Avoid repeated freeze/thaw cycles.

  • **Tissue Homogenates** – Rinse 100 mg tissue with 1X PBS then homogenize in 1 mL of 1X PBS and store overnight at -20°C. Perform two freeze-thaw cycles to break the cell membranes then centrifuge for 5 minutes at 5,000 x g, 2-8°C. Remove the supernatant and assay immediately. Alternatively, aliquot and store samples at -20°C or -80°C. Centrifuge the sample again after thawing before the assay. Avoid repeated freeze-thaw cycles.

  • **Cell culture supernatants and other biological fluids** – Remove particulates by centrifugation and assay immediately or aliquot and store samples at -20°C or -80°C. Avoid repeated freeze/thaw cycles.

9.2 Sample Dilution

Target protein concentration must be estimated and appropriate sample dilution selected such that the final target protein concentration falls near the middle of the assay linear dynamic range. Samples exhibiting saturation should be further diluted.

• Dilute samples using **Standard Diluent**.

• Mix diluted samples gently and thoroughly.

• Pipetting less than 2 µL is not recommended for optimal assay accuracy.

9.3 Sample Activation Procedure

  • **Serum/Plasma** – To 50 µL of **serum/plasma**, add 10 µL of **1 M HCl**. Mix well. Incubate 10 mins at room temperature. Neutralize the acidified sample by adding 10 µL of **1.2 M NaOH/0.5 M HEPES**. Mix well. Add 80 µL **Standard Diluent**. Mix well. Assay immediately. The concentration read off the standard curve must be multiplied by the appropriate dilution factor, **3**.

  • **Cell culture supernatants** – To 100 µL of **cell culture supernate**, add 20 µL of 1**.2 NaOH/0.5 M HEPES**. Incubate for 10 mins at room temperature. Neutralize the acidified sample by adding 20 µL of **1.2 M NaOH/0.5 M HEPES**. Mix well. Assay immediately. The concentration read off the standard curve must be multiplied by appropriate dilution factor, **1.4**.

10. Assay Procedure

• Equilibrate all reagents and materials to ambient room temperature prior to use in the procedure.

• Optimal results for intra- and inter-assay reproducibility will be obtained when performing incubation steps at 37°C as indicated below.

10.1 Determine the required number of wells and return any remaining unused wells and desiccant to the pouch.

10.2 Add 100 µL of serially titrated standards, diluted samples or blank into wells of the **Anti-TGF-beta-1 Microplate**. At least two replicates of each standard, sample or blank is recommended.

10.3 Cover the plate with the plate sealer and incubate at 37°C for 60 minutes.

10.4 Remove the plate sealer and discard the liquid in the wells by rigorously flicking into an acceptable waste receptacle or aspiration.

10.5 Gently blot any remaining liquid from the wells by tapping inverted on the benchtop onto paper toweling. Do not allow the wells to completely dry at any time.

10.6 Add 100 µL of prepared **1X Biotinylated TGF-beta-1 Detector Antibody** to each well.

10.7 Cover with the plate sealer and incubate at 37°C for 60 minutes.

10.8 Discard the liquid in the wells by rigorously flicking into an acceptable waste receptacle or aspiration.

10.9 Gently blot any remaining liquid from the wells by tapping inverted on the benchtop onto paper toweling. Do not allow the wells to completely dry at any time.

10.10 Wash plate 3 times with **1X Wash Buffer** as follows:

10.10.1 Add 300 µL of **1X Wash Buffer** to each assay well.

10.10.2 Incubate for 1 minute.

10.10.3 Discard the liquid in the wells by rigorously flicking into an acceptable waste receptacle.

10.10.4 Gently blot any remaining liquid from the wells by tapping inverted on the benchtop onto paper toweling. Do not allow the wells to completely dry at any time.

10.10.5 Repeat steps 10.10.1 through 10.10.4 **two** more times.

10.11 Add 100 µL of prepared **1XAvidin-HRP Conjugate** into each well, cover with plate sealer and incubate at 37°C for 30 minutes.

10.12 Discard the liquid in the wells by rigorously flicking into an acceptable waste receptacle or aspiration.

10.13 Gently blot any remaining liquid from the wells by tapping inverted on the benchtop onto paper toweling. Do not allow the wells to completely dry at any time.

10.14 Wash plate **5 times** with **1X Wash Buffer** as in Step 10.10.

10.15 Add 90 µL of **TMB Substrate** to each well, cover with plate sealer and incubate at 37°C **in the dark** for 10-20 minutes. Wells should change to gradations of blue. If the color is too deep, reduce the incubation time.

(NOTE: optimal incubation time must be determined by the user. Optimal development can be visualized by blue shading in the top four standard wells, while the remaining standards are still clear.)

10.16 Add 50 µL of **Stop Solution** to each well. Well color should change to yellow immediately. Add the **Stop Solution** in the same well order as done for the **TMB Substrate**.

10.17 Read the O.D. absorbance at 450 nm with a standard microplate reader within 5 minutes of stopping the reaction in step 10.16. If wavelength correction is available, set to 540 nm or 570 nm.

11. Calculation of Results

For analysis of the assay results, calculate the **Relative OD$_{450}$** for each test or standard well as follows:

$$\text{(Relative OD}_{450}) = \text{(Well OD}_{450}) - \text{(Mean Blank Well OD}_{450})$$

The standard curve is generated by plotting the mean replicate **Relative OD$_{450}$** of each standard serial dilution point vs. the respective standard concentration. The **TGF-beta-1** concentration contained in the samples can be interpolated by using linear regression of each mean sample **Relative OD$_{450}$** against the standard curve. This is best achieved using curve fitting software.

Note: If wavelength correction readings were available, subtract the readings at 540 nm or 570 nm from the readings at 450 nm. This may provide greater reading accuracy.

Note: If the samples measured were diluted, multiply the derived mean sample concentration by the dilution factor for a final sample concentration.

12. Typical Expected Data

12.1 Reproducibility

Intra-assay Precision: 3 samples with known low, middle and high levels TGF-beta-1 were tested with 20 replicates on one plate, respectively. Inter-assay Precision: 3 samples with known low, middle and high level TGF-beta-1 were tested on 3 different plates, 8 replicates in each plate.

Sample	Intra-Assay			Inter-Assay		
	1	2	3	1	2	3
Sample	1	2	3	1	2	3
n	20	20	20	24	24	24
Mean (pg/ml)	33.58	162.41	410.29	37.23	159.37	412.55
SD	2.384	10.557	22.566	2.681	10.518	23.515
CV (%)	7.1	6.5	5.5	7.2	6.6	5.7

12.2 Typical standard curve

This standard curve is for demonstration purposes only. An assay specific standard curve should be performed with each assay.
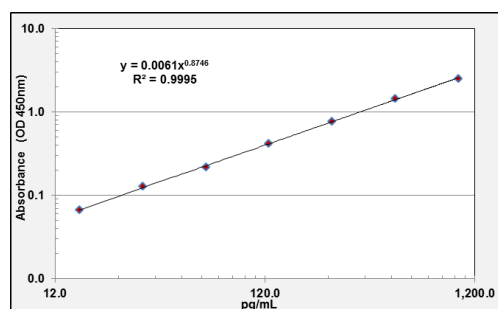
pg/mL	Absorbance		Mean	Blank
	Rep 1	Rep 2	Absorbance	Subtracted
1,000	2.513	2.525	2.519	2.484
500	1.441	1.453	1.447	1.412
250	0.763	0.735	0.749	0.714
125	0.412	0.404	0.408	0.373
62.5	0.215	0.221	0.218	0.183
31.2	0.128	0.126	0.127	0.092
15.6	0.067	0.069	0.068	0.033
Blank	0.034	0.036	0.035	NA

The chart shows $y = 0.0061x^{0.8746}$, $R^2 = 0.9995$

12.3 Linearity

Kit linearity evaluated by testing serially diluted samples containing known concentrations of TGF-beta-1. Results are expressed as the percentage of the expected concentration measurement.

Sample Type	Dilution Level			
	1:2	1:4	1:8	1:16
serum(n=5)	86-94%	83-99%	81-97%	90-99%
EDTA plasma(n=5)	80-91%	81-96%	87-104%	92-102%
Heparin plasma(n=5)	91-101%	79-105%	88-108%	85-93%

12.4 Recovery

The following matrices were spiked to known concentrations using recombinant TGF-beta-1. Recovery is expressed as the percentage of the expected concentration measurement.

Sample Type	Recovery Range (%)	Average (%)
serum(n=5)	85-99	92
EDTA plasma(n=5)	90-102	95
Heparin plasma(n=5)	81-97	88

13. Technical Resources

Technical Support:

For optimal service please be prepared to supply the lot number of the kit used.

USA

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