



Melatonin Sulfate ELISA Kit (OKWB10532)

Instructions for Use

For the quantitative measurement of Melatonin Sulfate in serum, plasma, tissue homogenates, cell culture supernatants, and other biological tissues.

Variation between lots can occur. Refer to the manual provided with the kit.

This product is intended for research use only.

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1. Background

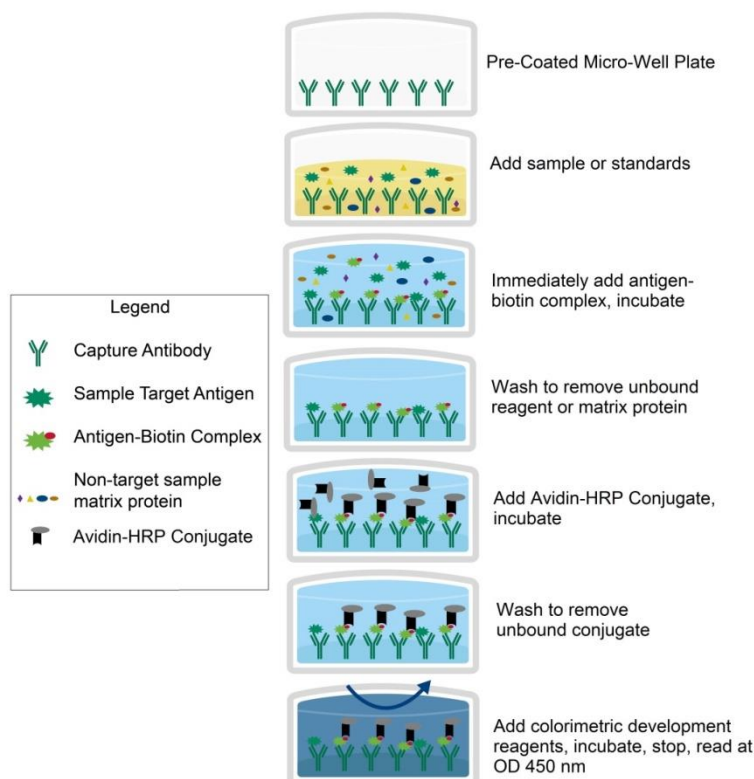
Principle

Aviva Systems Biology Melatonin Sulfate ELISA Kit (OKWB10532) is based on a competitive enzyme immunoassay technique. The microtiter well-plate in this kit has been pre-coated with an anti-Melatonin Sulfate antibody and blocked. Sample or standards are added to the wells along with a fixed quantity of biotinylated Melatonin Sulfate and incubated. The Melatonin Sulfate found in the sample or standards competes with the biotinylated Melatonin Sulfate for limited binding sites on the immobilized anti-Melatonin Sulfate antibody. Excess unbound biotinylated Melatonin Sulfate and sample or standard Melatonin Sulfate is washed from the plate. Avidin-HRP conjugate is added, incubated and washed. An enzymatic reaction is then produced through the addition of TMB substrate which is catalyzed by the immobilized HRP to generate a blue color product that changes to yellow after adding acidic stop solution. The density of yellow coloration is measured by reading the absorbance at 450 nm which is quantitatively proportional to the amount of biotinylated Melatonin Sulfate captured in the well and inversely proportional to the amount of Melatonin Sulfate which was contained in the sample or standard.

General Specifications

General Specifications	
Range	7.813-500 ng/mL
LOD	< 4.688 ng/mL (Derived by linear regression of OD ₄₅₀ of the Mean Blank + 2xSD)
Specificity	Melatonin Sulfate <u>Alias:</u> 4-(1-hydroxy-2-methylamino-ethyl)-2-methoxy-phenol, Metanephine, Metadrenaline, (+/-)-Metanephine, 3-Methoxyadrenaline, M-O-Methyladrenaline
Cross-Reactivity	No detectable cross-reactivity with other relevant proteins

2. Assay Summary



3. Storage and Stability

- Store entire kit at 4°C for 1 month. Store components at -20°C (NOTE: exceptions below) for long term storage of 6 months until expiration date. Avoid any freeze/thaw cycles.

4. Kit Components

- The following reagents are the provided contents of the kit.

Description	Quantity	Storage Conditions
Anti-Melatonin Sulfate Microplate	96 Wells (12 x 8 Well strips)	4°C for 1 Month -20°C for 6 Months
Melatonin Sulfate Lyophilized Standard	2 x 500 ng	
100X Melatonin Sulfate-Biotin Complex	1 x 60 µL	
100X Avidin-HRP Conjugate	1 x 120 µL	
Sample Diluent	1 x 20 mL	
Biotin Complex Diluent	1 x 12 mL	
Conjugate Diluent	1 x 12 mL	
25X Wash Buffer	1 x 30 mL	Store at 4°C for 6 Months
Stop Solution	1 x 10 mL	
TMB Substrate	1 x 10 mL	

5. Precautions

- Read instructions fully prior to beginning use of the assay kit.
- Any deviations or modifications from the described method or use of other reagents could result in a reduction of performance.
- Reduce exposure to potentially harmful substances by wearing personal protective lab equipment including lab coats, gloves and glasses.
- For information on hazardous substances included in the kit please refer to the Material Safety Data Sheet (MSDS).
- Kit cannot be used beyond the expiration date on the label.

6. Required Materials Not Supplied

- Microplate reader capable of reading absorbance at 450 nm.
- Automated plate washer (optional).
- Pipettes capable of precisely dispensing 0.5 μ L through 1 mL volumes of aqueous solutions.
- Pipettes or volumetric glassware capable of precisely measuring 1 mL through 100 mL of aqueous solutions.
- New, clean tubes and/or micro-centrifuge tubes for the preparation of standards or samples.
- Absorbent paper or paper toweling.
- Distilled or deionized ultrapure water.
- 37°C Incubator (optional)

7. Technical Application Tips

- Do not mix or substitute components from other kits.
- To ensure the validity of experimental operation, it is recommended that pilot experiments using standards and a small selection of sample dilutions to ensure optimal dilution range for quantitation.
- Samples exhibiting OD measurements higher than the highest standard should be diluted further in the appropriate sample dilution buffers.
- Prior to using the kit, briefly spin component tubes to collect all reagents at the bottom.
- Replicate wells are recommended for standards and samples.
- Cover microplate while incubating to prevent evaporation.
- Do not allow the microplate wells dry at any point during the assay procedure.
- Do not reuse tips or tube to prevent cross contamination.
- Avoid causing bubbles or foaming when pipetting, mixing or reconstituting.
- Completely remove of all liquids when washing to prevent cross contamination.
- Prepare reagents immediately prior to use and do not store, with the exception of the top standard.
- Equilibrate all materials to ambient room temperature prior to use (standards exception).
- For optimal results for inter- and intra-assay consistency, equilibrate all materials to 37°C prior to performing assay (standards exception) and perform all incubations at 37°C.
- Pipetting less than 1 μ L is not recommended for optimal assay accuracy.
- Once the procedure has been started, all steps should be completed without interruption. Ensure that all reagents, materials and devices are ready at the appropriate time.
- Incubation times will affect results. All wells should be handled in the same sequential order and time intervals for optimal results.
- Samples containing precipitates, fibrin strands or bilirubin, or are hemolytic or lipemic might cause inaccurate results due to interfering factors.
- TMB Substrate is easily contaminated and should be colorless or light blue until added to plate. Handle carefully and protect from light.

8. Reagent Preparation

- Equilibrate all materials to room temperature prior to use and use prepare immediately prior to use.

8.1 Melatonin Sulfate Assay Standards

- 8.1.1** Prepare the Melatonin Sulfate standards no greater than 2 hours prior to performing experiment. Standards should be held on ice until use in the experiment.
- 8.1.2** Reconstitute one vial of the provided 500 ng **Lyophilized Melatonin Sulfate Standard** for each experiment. Prepare the stock 500 ng/mL Standard by reconstituting one tube of **Lyophilized Melatonin Sulfate Standard** as follows:
- 8.1.2.1 Gently spin or tap the vial at 6,000 – 10,000 rpm for 30 seconds to collect all material at the bottom.
- 8.1.2.2 Add 1 mL of **Sample Diluent** to the vial.
- 8.1.2.3 Seal the vial then mix gently and thoroughly.
- 8.1.2.4 Leave the vial at ambient temperature for 15 minutes.
- 8.1.3** Prepare a set of seven serially diluted standards as follows:
- 8.1.3.1 Label tubes with numbers 2 – 8.
- 8.1.3.2 Use the undiluted 500 ng/mL **Melatonin Sulfate Standard** as the high standard point (Tube #1).
- 8.1.3.3 Add 300 µL of **Sample Diluent** to Tube #'s 2 – 8.
- 8.1.3.4 Prepare **Standard #2** by adding 300 µL of 500 ng/mL **Melatonin Sulfate** (Tube #1) to Tube #2. Mix gently and thoroughly.
- 8.1.3.5 Prepare **Standard #3** by adding 300 µL of **Standard #2** from Tube #2 to Tube #3. Mix gently and thoroughly.
- 8.1.3.6 Prepare further serial dilutions through Tube #7. Reference the table below as a guide for serial dilution scheme.
- 8.1.3.7 Tube #8 is a blank standard (only **Sample Diluent**), which should be included with every experiment.

Standard Number (Tube)	Standard To Dilute	Volume Standard to Dilute (µL)	Volume Sample Diluent Buffer (µL)	Total Volume (µL)	Final Concentration
1	500 ng/mL Reconstituted Melatonin Sulfate Standard	NA	NA	1,000	500 ng/mL
2	500 ng/mL	300	300	600	250 ng/mL
3	250 ng/mL	300	300	600	125 ng/mL
4	125 ng/mL	300	300	600	62.5 ng/mL
5	62.5 ng/mL	300	300	600	31.25 ng/mL
6	31.25 ng/mL	300	300	600	15.625 ng/mL
7	15.625 ng/mL	300	300	600	7.813 ng/mL
8	NA	0	300	300	0.0 (Blank)

8.2 1X Melatonin Sulfate-Biotin Complex

- 8.2.1** Prepare the **1X Biotinylated Melatonin Sulfate Detector Antibody** immediately prior to use by diluting the **100X Biotinylated Melatonin Sulfate Detector Antibody** 1:100 with **Detector Antibody Diluent**.
- 8.2.2** For each well strip to be used in the experiment (8-wells) prepare 500 µL by adding 5 µL of **100X Melatonin Sulfate-Biotin Complex** to 495 µL **Biotin Complex Diluent**.

- 8.2.3** Mix thoroughly and gently. Hold no longer than 2 hours prior to using in procedure. Do not store at 1X concentration for future use.

8.3 1X HRP-Avidin Conjugate

- 8.3.1** Prepare the **1X Avidin-HRP Conjugate** immediately prior to use by diluting the **100X Avidin-HRP Conjugate** 1:100 with **Conjugate Diluent**.
- 8.3.2** For each well strip to be used in the experiment (8-wells) prepare 1,000 μ L by adding 10 μ L of **100X Avidin-HRP Conjugate** to 990 μ L **Conjugate Diluent**.
- 8.3.3** Mix thoroughly and gently. Hold no longer than 2 hours prior to using in procedure. Do not store at 1X concentration for future use.

8.4 1X Wash Buffer

- 8.4.1** If crystals have formed in the **25X Wash Buffer** concentrate, equilibrate to room temperature and mix gently until crystals have completely dissolved.
- 8.4.2** Add the entire 30 mL contents of the **25X Wash Buffer** bottle to 720 mL of ultra-pure water to a clean > 1,000 mL bottle or other vessel.
- 8.4.3** Seal and mix gently by inversion. Avoid foaming or bubbles.
- 8.4.4** Store the **1X Wash Buffer** at room temperature until ready to use in the procedure. Store the prepared **1X Wash Buffer** at 4°C for no longer than 1 week. Do not freeze.

8.5 Microplate Preparation

- Micro-plates are provided ready to use and do not require rinsing or blocking.
- Unused well strips should be returned to the original packaging, sealed and stored at 4°C.
- Equilibrate microplates to ambient temperatures prior to opening to reduce potential condensation.

9. Sample Preparation

9.1 Sample Preparation and Storage

- Store samples to be assayed at 4°C for 24 hours prior being assayed.
- For long term storage, aliquot and freeze samples at -20°C. Avoid repeated freeze-thaw cycles.
- Samples not indicated in the manual must be tested to determine if the kit is valid.
- Prepare samples as follows:
 - **Serum** - Use a serum separator tube (SST) and allow samples to clot for two hours at room temperature or overnight at 4°C before centrifugation for 15 minutes at 1,000 x g. Remove serum and assay immediately or aliquot and store samples at -20°C or -80°C. Avoid repeated freeze-thaw cycles.
 - **Plasma** - Collect plasma using EDTA, or heparin as an anticoagulant. Centrifuge for 15 minutes at 1,000 x g at 4°C within 30 minutes of collection. Assay immediately or aliquot and store samples at -20°C or -80°C. Avoid repeated freeze-thaw cycles.
 - **Tissue Homogenates** – Rinse 100 mg of tissue with 1X PBS then homogenize in 1 mL of 1X PBS and store overnight at -20°C. Perform two freeze-thaw cycles to lyse the cell membranes, then centrifuge the homogenates for 5 minutes at 5,000 x g, 4°C. Remove the supernatant and assay immediately. Alternatively, aliquot and store samples at -20°C or -80°C. Centrifuge the sample again after thawing before the assay. Avoid repeated freeze-thaw cycles.
 - **Cell culture supernatants and other biological fluids** – Remove particulates by centrifugation and assay immediately or aliquot and store samples at -20°C or -80°C. Avoid repeated freeze/thaw cycles.

9.2 Sample Dilution

Target protein concentration must be estimated and appropriate sample dilution selected such that the final target protein concentration falls near the middle of the assay linear dynamic range. Samples exhibiting saturation should be further diluted.

- Dilute samples using **Sample Diluent**.
- Mix diluted samples gently and thoroughly.
- Pipetting less than 2 µL is not recommended for optimal assay accuracy.

10. Assay Procedure

- Equilibrate all reagents and materials to ambient room temperature prior to use in the procedure.
- Optionally, to control for small potential variations in micro well-plate and day to day ambient temperature fluctuations, equilibrate all reagents prior to use and perform all incubation steps at to 37°C for optimal consistency and reproducibility.

- 10.1** Determine the required number of wells and return any remaining unused wells and desiccant to the pouch.
- 10.2** Retain at least one well as an absolute Blank without any samples or reagents.
- 10.3** Add 50 µL of serially titrated standards, diluted samples or blank into wells of the **Anti-Melatonin Sulfate Microplate**. At least two replicates of each standard, sample or blank is recommended.
- 10.4** Immediately add 50 µL of **1X Melatonin Sulfate-Biotin Complex** to each well (excluding absolute Blank).
- 10.5** Cover the plate with the well plate lid and incubate for 60 minutes.
- 10.6** Discard the liquid in the wells by rigorously flicking into an acceptable waste receptacle or aspiration.
- 10.7** Gently blot any remaining liquid from the wells by tapping inverted on the bench top onto paper toweling. Do not allow the wells to completely dry at any time
- 10.8** Wash plate three times with **1X Wash Buffer** as follows:
 - 10.8.1** Add 200 µL of **1X Wash Buffer** to each assay well.
 - 10.8.2** Incubate for 2 minutes.
 - 10.8.3** Discard the liquid in the wells by rigorously flicking into an acceptable waste receptacle or aspiration.
 - 10.8.4** Gently blot any remaining liquid from the wells by tapping inverted on the benchtop onto paper toweling. Do not allow the wells to completely dry at any time.
 - 10.8.5** Repeat steps 10.8.1 through 10.8.4 **two** more times.
- 10.9** Add 100 µL of **1X Avidin-HRP Conjugate** to each well.
- 10.10** Cover the plate with the well plate lid and incubate for 45 minutes.
- 10.11** Discard the liquid in the wells by rigorously flicking into an acceptable waste receptacle or aspiration.
- 10.12** Gently blot any remaining liquid from the wells by tapping inverted on the bench top onto paper toweling. Do not allow the wells to completely dry at any time.
- 10.13** Repeat wash as in **step 10.8**.
- 10.14** Add 90 µL of **TMB Substrate** to each well and incubate at 37°C in the dark for 15-30 minutes. Wells should change to gradations of blue. If the color is too deep based on the standard, adjust incubation times.
(NOTE: optimal incubation time must be determined by the user. Optimal development can be visualized by blue shading in the top four standard wells, while the remaining standards still appear clearer.)
- 10.15** Add 50µL of **Stop Solution** to each well. Well color should change to gradations of yellow immediately. Add the **Stop Solution** in the same well order as done for the **TMB Substrate**.
- 10.16** Read the O.D. absorbance at 450 nm with a standard microplate reader within 5 minutes of stopping the reaction in step 10.15. If wavelength correction is available, set to 540 nm or 570 nm.

11. Calculation of Results

For analysis of the assay results, calculate the **Relative OD₄₅₀** for each test or standard well as follows:

$$(\text{Relative OD}_{450}) = (\text{Well OD}_{450}) - (\text{Mean Blank Well OD}_{450})$$

The standard curve is generated by plotting the mean replicate **Relative OD₄₅₀** of each standard serial dilution point vs. the respective standard concentration. The Melatonin Sulfate concentration contained in the samples can be interpolated by using linear regression of each mean sample **Relative OD₄₅₀** against the standard curve. This is best achieved using curve fitting software.

Note: If wavelength correction readings were available, subtract the readings at 540 nm or 570 nm from the readings at 450 nm. This may provide greater reading accuracy.

Note: If the samples measured were diluted, multiply the derived mean sample concentration by the dilution factor for a final sample concentration.

12. Typical Expected Data

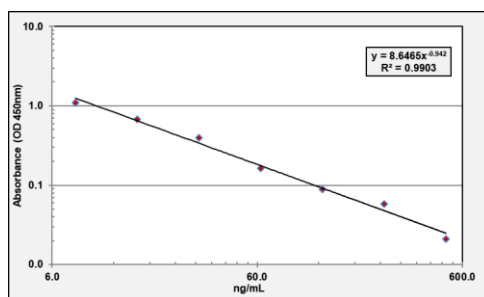
12.1 Reproducibility

Three sample's concentrations were measured in replicate within an assay plate and across replicate assays to assess Intra- and Inter-Assay precision.

Mean Intra-Assay Precision- $\leq 10\%$, $n = 20$

Mean Inter-Assay Precision- $\leq 10\%$, $n = 20$

12.2 Typical standard curve. This standard curve is for demonstration purposes only. An assay specific standard curve should be performed with each assay.



ng/mL	Absorbance (OD 450nm)
500	0.021
250	0.058
125	0.089
62.5	0.164
31.25	0.398
15.625	0.675
7.813	1.098

13. Technical Resources

Technical Support:

For optimal service please be prepared to supply the lot number of the kit used.

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