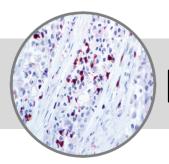
# S100A9, RMab

Clone: EP185
Rabbit Monoclonal







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Inset: IHC of \$100A9 on a FFPE Melanoma Tissue

# **Intended Use**

For Research Use Only.

This antibody is intended for use in Immunohistochemical applications on formalinfixed paraffin-embedded tissues (FFPE), frozen tissue sections and cell preparations. Interpretation of results should be performed by a qualified medical professional.

\* The S100A9 antibody, clone EP185, has been manufactured using Epitomics RabMab® technology covered under Patent No.'s 5,675,063 and 7,402,409.

### **Immunogen**

A synthetic peptide corresponding to residues of human \$100A9 protein.

# **Summary and Explanation**

S100A9, also known as migration inhibitory factor-related protein 14 (MRP-14) or calgranulin-B is a member of the S100 family of proteins containing 2 EF hand calcium-binding motifs. S100 proteins are localized in the cytoplasm and/or nucleus of a wide range of cells, and involved in the regulation of a number of cellular processes such as cell cycle progression and differentiation. S100A9 forms a heterodimer, Calprotectin, with S100A8 in a calcium-dependent manner. S100A9 may function in the inhibition of case in kinase.

S100A9 is expressed in granulocytes, monocytes in peripheral blood and in infiltrating macrophages in inflammatory sites, but not in normal tissue macrophages. Elevated plasma levels of S100A9 has been observed in inflammatory disorders such as chronic bronchitis, cystic fibrosis and rheumatoid arthritis. S100A9 is also detected in tumor cells in carcinomas of the liver, lung, breast and thyroid. It is correlated with tumor differentiation.

Antibody Type	Rabbit Monoclonal	Clone	EP185	
Isotype	lgG	<b>Reactivity</b> Paraffin, Frozen		
Localization	Cytoplasmic, Nuclear	Control	Tonsil, Liver, Lung,	
			Breast, Cervix, Bone	
			Marrow, Bladder TCC,	
			Thyroid Carcinomas	
	Species Reactivity	Human		

# **Presentation**

Anti-S100A9 is a rabbit monoclonal antibody derived from cell culture supernatant that is concentrated, dialyzed, filter sterilized and diluted in buffer pH 7.5, containing BSA and sodium azide as a preservative.

Catalog No.	Antibody Type	Dilution	Volume/Qty
BSB 2168	Tinto Prediluted	Ready-to-Use	3.0 mL
BSB 2169	Tinto Prediluted	Ready-to-Use	7.0 mL
BSB 2170	Tinto Prediluted	Ready-to-Use	15.0 mL
BSB 2171	Concentrated	1:10 - 1:50	0.1 mL
BSB 2172	Concentrated	1:10 - 1:50	0.5 mL
BSB 2173	Concentrated	1:10 - 1:50	1.0 mL

# **Control Slides Available**

Catalog No.	Quantity	
BSB 2174	5 slides	

# **Precautions**

- 1. For professional users only. Results should be interpreted by a qualified medical professional.
- 2. This product contains < 0.1% sodium azide (NaN3) as a preservative. Ensure proper handling procedures are used with this reagent.
- 3. Always wear personal protective equipment such as laboratory coat, goggles and gloves when handling reagents.
- 4. Dispose of unused solution with copious amount of water.
- 5. Do not ingest reagent. If reagent is ingested, seek medical advice immediately.
- 6. Avoid contact with eyes. If contact occurs, flush with large quantities of water.
- 7. Follow safety precautions of the heating device used for epitope retrieval (TintoRetriever Pressure Cooker or similar).
- $8. \ For additional \ safety \ information \ refer \ to \ Safety \ Data \ Sheet \ for \ this \ product.$
- 9. For complete recommendations for handling biological specimens, please refer to the CDC document, "Guidelines for Safe Work Practices in Human and Animal Medical Diagnostic Laboratories" (see References in this document).

**Storage** Store at 2-8°C (Control Slides: Store at 20-25°C)

# Stability

**This product is stable up to the expiration date on the product label.** Do not use after expiration date listed on package label. Temperature fluctuations should be avoided. Store appropriately when not in use, and avoid prolonged exposure to room temperature conditions.

# PI 2173\_b, Rev. C DCN: 3288\_b

# **Specimen Preparation**

**Paraffin sections:** The antibody can be used on formalin-fixed paraffin-embedded (FFPE) tissue sections. Ensure tissue undergoes appropriate fixation for best results. Pre-treatment of tissues with heat-induced epitope retrieval (HIER) is recommended using Bio SB ImmunoDNA Retriever with Citrate (BSB 0020-BSB 0023), ImmunoDNA Retriever with EDTA (BSB 0030-BSB 0033) or ImmunoDNA Digestor (BSB 0108-0112). See reverse side for complete protocol. Tissue should remain hydrated via use of Bio SB Immuno/DNA Washer solutions (BSB 0029 & BSB 0042).

**Frozen sections and cell preparations:** The antibody can be used for labeling acetone-fixed frozen sections and acetone-fixed cell preparations.

# **Staining Procedure**

- 1. Cut and mount 3-5 micron formalin-fixed paraffin-embedded tissues on positively charged slides such as Bio SB Hydrophilic Plus Slides (BSB 7028).
- 2. Air dry for 2 hours at 58° C.
- 3. Deparaffinize, dehydrate and rehydrate tissues.
- Subject tissues to heat induced epitope retrieval (HIER) using a suitable retrieval solution such as ImmunoDNA Retriever with Citrate (BSB 0020-BSB 0023) or EDTA (BSB 0030-BSB 0033).
- 5. Any of three heating methods may be used:

#### a. TintoRetriever Pressure Cooker or Equivalent

Place tissues/slides in a staining dish or coplin jar containing the ImmunoDNA Retriever with Citrate or EDTA, and place on trivet in the pressure cooker. Add 1-2 inches of distilled water to the pressure cooker and turn heat to high. Incubate for 15 minutes. Open and immediately transfer slides to room temperature.

#### b. TintoRetriever PT Module or Water Bath Method

Place tissues/slides in a pre-warmed staining dish or coplin jar containing the ImmunoDNA Retriever with Citrate or EDTA at 95°-99° C. Incubate for 30-60 minutes.

#### c. Conventional Steamer Method

Place tissues/slides in a pre-warmed staining dish or coplin jar containing the ImmunoDNA Retriever with Citrate or EDTA in a steamer, cover and steam for 30-60 minutes.

- 6. After heat treatment, transfer slides in ImmunoDNA Retriever with Citrate or EDTA to room temperature and let stand for 15-20 minutes.
- 7. For manual staining, perform antibody incubation at ambient temperature. For automated staining methods, perform antibody incubation according to instrument manufacturer's instructions.
- 8. Wash slides with ImmunoDNA washer or DI water.
- 9. Continue IHC staining protocol. Wash slides between each step with ImmunoDNA washer solution.

### **Abbreviated Immunohistochemical Protocol**

Step	ImmunoDetector AP/HRP	PolyDetector AP/HRP	PolyDetector Plus HRP
Peroxidase/AP Blocker	5 min.	5 min.	5 min
Primary Antibody	30-60 min.	30-60 min.	30-60 min.
1st Step Detection	10 min.	30-45 min.	15 min.
2nd Step Detection	10 min.	Not Applicable	15 min.
Substrate-Chromogen	5-10 min.	5-10 min.	5-10 min.
Counterstain / Coverslip	Varies	Varies	Varies

# **Mounting Protocols**

For detailed instructions using biodegradable permanent mounting media such as XyGreen PermaMounter (BSB 0169-0174) or organic solvent based resin such as PermaMounter (BSB 0094-0097), refer to Pl0174 or Pl0097.

### **Product Limitations**

Due to inherent variability present in immunohistochemical procedures (including fixation time of tissues, dilution factor of antibody, retrieval method utilized and incubation time), optimal performance should be established through the use of positive and negative controls. Results should be interpreted by a qualified medical professional.

#### References

- 1. Lagasse E, et al. Mol Cell Biol. 1988; 8:2402-10
- 2. Odink K, et al. Nature. 1987; 330:80-2
- 3. Aral K, et al. Med Oncol. 2000; 17:183-8
- 4. Ito Y, et al. Anticancer Res. 2009; 29:4157-61
- 5. U.S. Department of Health and Human Services: Centers for Disease Control and Prevention. Guidelines for Safe Work Practices in Human and Animal Medical Diagnostic Laboratories. Supplement / Vol. 61, January 6, 2012.

Symbol Key / Légende des symboles/Erläuterung der Symbole



