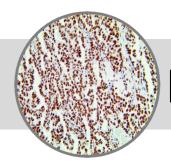
# **NPM1/B23**

Clone: BSB-124 Mouse Monoclonal







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Inset: IHC of NPM1/B23 on a FFPE Renal Cell Carcinoma Tissue

## **Intended Use**

For Research Use Only.

This antibody is intended for use in Immunohistochemical applications on formalin-fixed paraffin-embedded tissues (FFPE), frozen tissue sections and cell preparations. Interpretation of results should be performed by a qualified medical professional.

## **Immunogen**

Synthetic peptide corresponding to the C-terminus of the human NPM1/B23 protein.

## **Summary and Explanation**

Nucleophosmin 1 (NPM1), also known as nucleolar phosphoprotein B23, is a protein that in humans is encoded by the NPM1 gene. The nuclear protein B23 (also referred to as nucleophosmin) is involved in ribosomal assembly, rRNA transport, centrosome duplication, maintenance of genomic stability, and embryonic development.

*NPM1* gene is up-regulated, mutated and chromosomally translocated in many tumor types. Chromosomal aberrations involving *NPM1* were found in patients with non-Hodgkin lymphoma, Acute Promyelocytic Leukemia, Myelodysplastic Syndrome, and Acute Myelogenous Leukemia. NPM1 is a nuclear protein. In approximately 50% to 60% of cytogenetically normal Acute Myeloid Leukemia (AML), NPM1 is mutated and localized in the cytoplasm. Both wild type and mutant NPM1 can be detected by immunohistochemistry (IHC). The expression of NPM1 is heterogeneous in gastric tumors. NPM1 down-regulation may have a role in gastric carcinogenesis and may help in the selection of anticancer treatment strategies. NPM1 has a critical role in the regulation of colon cancer cells migration and invasion and it may serve as a potential marker for the prognosis of colon cancer patients.

Antibody Type	Mouse Monoclonal	Clone	BSB-124	
Isotype	lgG1/K	Reactivity	Paraffin, Frozen	
Localization	Nuclear	Control	Breast, Cervix, Testis,	
			Pancreas, RCC, TCC	
	Species Reactivity	Human, Mouse, Rat, Canine, Swine		

### **Presentation**

NPM1/B23 is a mouse monoclonal antibody derived from cell culture supernatant that is concentrated, dialyzed, filter sterilized and diluted in buffer pH 7.5, containing BSA and sodium azide as a preservative.

Catalog No.	Antibody Type	Dilution	Volume/Qty
BSB 3588	Tinto Prediluted	Ready-to-Use	3.0 mL
BSB 3589	Tinto Prediluted	Ready-to-Use	7.0 mL
BSB 3590	Tinto Prediluted	Ready-to-Use	15.0 mL
BSB 3591	Concentrated	1:50 - 1:200	0.1 mL
BSB 3592	Concentrated	1:50 - 1:200	0.5 mL
BSB 3593	Concentrated	1:50 - 1:200	1.0 mL

### **Control Slides Available**

Catalog No.	Quantity		
BSB 3594	5 slides		

## **Precautions**

- 1. For professional users only. Results should be interpreted by a qualified medical professional.
- 2. This product contains < 0.1% sodium azide (NaN3) as a preservative. Ensure proper handling procedures are used with this reagent.
- 3. Always wear personal protective equipment such as laboratory coat, goggles and gloves when handling reagents.
- 4. Dispose of unused solution with copious amount of water.
- 5. Do not ingest reagent. If reagent is ingested, seek medical advice immediately.
- 6. Avoid contact with eyes. If contact occurs, flush with large quantities of water.
- 7. Follow safety precautions of the heating device used for epitope retrieval (TintoRetriever Pressure Cooker or similar).
- $8. \ For additional \ safety \ information \ refer \ to \ Safety \ Data \ Sheet \ for \ this \ product.$
- 9. For complete recommendations for handling biological specimens, please refer to the CDC document, "Guidelines for Safe Work Practices in Human and Animal Medical Diagnostic Laboratories" (see References in this document).

**Storage** Store at 2-8°C (Control Slides: Store at 20-25°C)

# Stability

**This product is stable up to the expiration date on the product label.** Do not use after expiration date listed on package label. Temperature fluctuations should be avoided. Store appropriately when not in use, and avoid prolonged exposure to room temperature conditions.

# PI 3593\_b, Rev. A DCN: 3681\_b

## **Specimen Preparation**

**Paraffin sections:** The antibody can be used on formalin-fixed paraffin-embedded (FFPE) tissue sections. Ensure tissue undergoes appropriate fixation for best results. Pre-treatment of tissues with heat-induced epitope retrieval (HIER) is recommended using Bio SB ImmunoDNA Retriever with Citrate (BSB 0020-BSB 0023), ImmunoDNA Retriever with EDTA (BSB 0030-BSB 0033) or ImmunoDNA Digestor (BSB 0108-0112). See reverse side for complete protocol. Tissue should remain hydrated via use of Bio SB Immuno/DNA Washer solutions (BSB 0029 & BSB 0042).

**Frozen sections and cell preparations:** The antibody can be used for labeling acetone-fixed frozen sections and acetone-fixed cell preparations.

## **Staining Procedure**

- 1. Cut and mount 3-5 micron formalin-fixed paraffin-embedded tissues on positively charged slides such as Bio SB Hydrophilic Plus Slides (BSB 7028).
- 2. Air dry for 2 hours at 58° C.
- 3. Deparaffinize, dehydrate and rehydrate tissues.
- Subject tissues to heat induced epitope retrieval (HIER) using a suitable retrieval solution such as ImmunoDNA Retriever with Citrate (BSB 0020-BSB 0023) or EDTA (BSB 0030-BSB 0033).
- 5. Any of three heating methods may be used:

#### a. TintoRetriever Pressure Cooker or Equivalent

Place tissues/slides in a staining dish or coplin jar containing the ImmunoDNA Retriever with Citrate or EDTA, and place on trivet in the pressure cooker. Add 1-2 inches of distilled water to the pressure cooker and turn heat to high. Incubate for 15 minutes. Open and immediately transfer slides to room temperature.

#### b. TintoRetriever PT Module or Water Bath Method

Place tissues/slides in a pre-warmed staining dish or coplin jar containing the ImmunoDNA Retriever with Citrate or EDTA at 95°-99° C. Incubate for 30-60 minutes.

#### c. Conventional Steamer Method

Place tissues/slides in a pre-warmed staining dish or coplin jar containing the ImmunoDNA Retriever with Citrate or EDTA in a steamer, cover and steam for 30-60 minutes.

- 6. After heat treatment, transfer slides in ImmunoDNA Retriever with Citrate or EDTA to room temperature and let stand for 15-20 minutes.
- 7. For manual staining, perform antibody incubation at ambient temperature. For automated staining methods, perform antibody incubation according to instrument manufacturer's instructions.
- 8. Wash slides with ImmunoDNA washer or DI water.
- 9. Continue IHC staining protocol. Wash slides between each step with ImmunoDNA washer solution.

### **Abbreviated Immunohistochemical Protocol**

Step	ImmunoDetector AP/HRP	PolyDetector AP/HRP	PolyDetector Plus HRP
Peroxidase/AP Blocker	5 min.	5 min.	5 min
Primary Antibody	30-60 min.	30-60 min.	30-60 min.
1st Step Detection 10 min.		30-45 min.	15 min.
2nd Step Detection	10 min.	Not Applicable	15 min.
Substrate-Chromogen	5-10 min.	5-10 min.	5-10 min.
Counterstain / Coverslip	Varies	Varies	Varies

## **Mounting Protocols**

For detailed instructions using biodegradable permanent mounting media such as XyGreen PermaMounter (BSB 0169-0174) or organic solvent based resin such as PermaMounter (BSB 0094-0097), refer to Pl0174 or Pl0097.

### **Product Limitations**

Due to inherent variability present in immunohistochemical procedures (including fixation time of tissues, dilution factor of antibody, retrieval method utilized and incubation time), optimal performance should be established through the use of positive and negative controls. Results should be interpreted by a qualified medical professional.

#### References

- Dai Q, et al. Cytoplasmic expression of nucleophosmin 1 as a marker for diagnosing residual disease of acute myeloid leukemia. Appl Immunohistochem Mol Morphol. 2013 May;21(3):205-11.
- 2. Falini B, et al. "Translocations and mutations involving the nucleophosmin (NPM1) gene in lymphomas and leukemias". Haematologica. 2007; 92 (4): 519–32.
- 3. Meani, Natalia; et al. "Role of nucleophosmin in acute myeloid leukemia". Expert Review of Anticancer Therapy. 2014; 9 (9): 1283–1294.
- 4. Ferreira LM, et al. Deregulated expression of Nucleophosmin 1 in gastric cancer and its clinicopathological implications. Leal et al. BMC Gastroenterology 2014, 14:9 http://www.biomedcentral.com/1471-230X/14/9
- 5. Yan Liu, et al. Expression of Nucleophosmin/NPM1 correlates with migration and invasiveness of colon cancer cells. Journal of Biomedical Science 2012, 19:53.

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6. U.S. Department of Health and Human Services: Centers for Disease Control and Prevention. Guidelines for Safe Work Practices in Human and Animal Medical Diagnostic Laboratories. Supplement / Vol. 61, January 6, 2012.

# Symbol Key / Légende des symboles/Erläuterung der Symbole

200	Storage Temperature Limites de température Zulässiger Temperaturbereich		Manufacturer Fabricant Hersteller	REF	Catalog Number Référence du catalogue Bestellnummer
[]i	Read Instructions for Use Consulter les instructions d'utilisation Gebrauchsanweisung beachten	$\geq$	Expiration Date Utiliser jusque Verwendbar bis	LOT	Lot Number Code du lot Chargenbezeichnung

