Product Manual

Radius™ 24-Well Cell Migration Assay (Collagen I Coated)

Catalog Number

CBA-125-COL 24 assays

FOR RESEARCH USE ONLY Not for use in diagnostic procedures



Introduction

Cell migration is a highly integrated, multistep process that orchestrates embryonic morphogenesis, tissue repair and regeneration. It plays a pivotal role in the disease progression of cancer, mental retardation, atherosclerosis, and arthritis. The initial response of a cell to a migration-promoting agent is to polarize and extend protrusions in the direction of the attractant; these protrusions can consist of large, broad lamellipodia or spike-like filopodia. In either case, these protrusions are driven by actin polymerization and can be stabilized by extracellular matrix (ECM) adhesion or cell-cell interactions (via transmembrane receptors).

The RadiusTM Cell Migration Assay Kit utilizes a proprietary 24-well plate, which has been pre-coated with Collagen I, to monitor the migratory properties of cells. Each plate well contains a 0.68 mm non-toxic, biocompatible hydrogel spot (RadiusTM Gel) where cells **cannot** attach. When adherent cells are seeded in the RadiusTM Cell Migration well, they attach outside of the RadiusTM Gel coated area. Once firm cell attachment is achieved, the hydrogel is quickly removed to expose a cell-free region to study cell migration/closure. This format provides a robust *in vitro* system to measure 2-D cell migration, screen potential inhibitors and study cytoskeleton reorganization events.

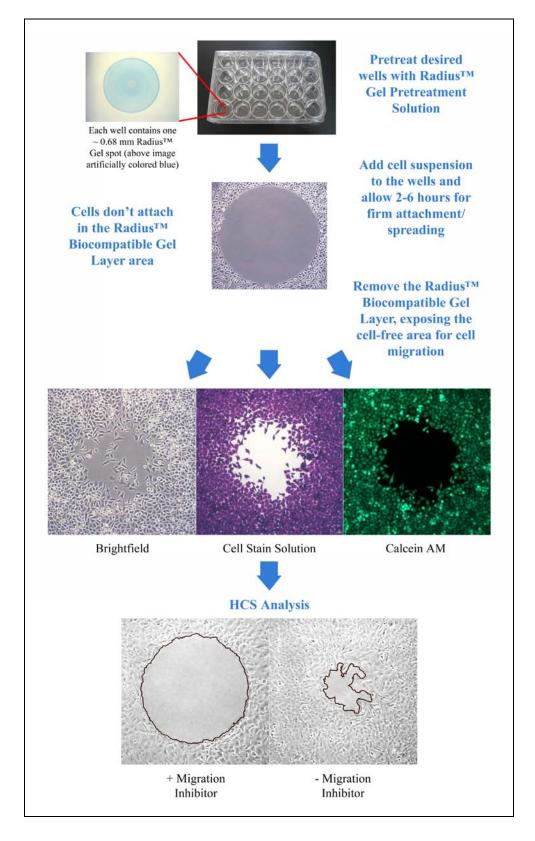
Additional features of the RadiusTM Cell Migration Assay:

- Exclusive coating method which produces consistent gel spot size 0.68 mm diameter ± 0.014 mm (2%)
- Qualitative, quantitative, real-time or endpoint analysis
- RadiusTM Cell Migration Plate does <u>not</u> need to be used all at once unused wells can be used in future experiments, up to a total of 3 migration experiment cycles
- Compatible with all cell stains, dyes, and labels
- Complete migration zone closure achievable in 12-20 hours (actual time is cell line dependent)
- Analyze by phase contrast or fluorescence microscopy
- Compatible with HCS/HCI instrumentation
- Adaptable to liquid handling equipment
- Optimized for 10X magnification (entire RadiusTM Gel migration area is viewed in a 10X magnification field)
- RadiusTM Gel removal is controlled and extremely fast (migration starts almost simultaneously between wells)

The RadiusTM Cell Migration Assay Kit is designed for High Content Analysis applications or imaging software and is adaptable to liquid handling equipment. Each kit provides sufficient quantities to perform 24 migration tests.



Assay Principle



Related Products

- 1. CBA-120: CytoSelectTM 24-Well Wound Healing Assay
- 2. CBA-125: RadiusTM 24-Well Cell Migration Assay
- 3. CBA-125-FN: RadiusTM 24-Well Cell Migration Assay (Fibronectin Coated)
- 4. CBA-125-LN: RadiusTM 24-Well Cell Migration Assay (Laminin Coated)
- 5. CBA-125-ECM: Radius™ 24-Well Cell Migration Assay (ECM Array Coated)
- 6. CBA-126: RadiusTM 96-Well Cell Migration Assay
- 7. CBA-130: CytoSelectTM 96-Well Cell Transformation Assay (Soft Agar Colony Formation)

RadiusTM 24-well Cell Migration Plate Dimensions

Well Volume	1.9 mL
Well Depth	17.4 mm
Well Diameter - Top	16.26 mm
Well Diameter - Bottom	15.62 mm
Plate Length	127.89 mm
Plate Width	85.6 mm
Plate Height	19.69 mm
A1 Row Offset	13.84 mm
A1 Column Offset	17.52 mm
Well Center to Well Center Spacing	19.3 mm
Flange or Skirt Height	~13.7 mm
Well Bottom Elevation	2.87 mm
Well Bottom Thickness	1.27 mm
Well Bottom Area	1.91 cm^2

Kit Components

- 1. <u>RadiusTM 24-well Cell Migration Plate (Collagen I Coated)</u> (Part No. 112501-COL): One 24-well, tissue culture treated plate (Collagen I pre-coated) with each well containing one RadiusTM non-toxic, biocompatible hydrogel spot (24 gel spots total per plate)
- 2. RadiusTM Gel Pretreatment Solution (Part No. 112502): One Sterile Bottle 13.0 mL
- 3. RadiusTM Wash Solution (Part No. 112503): One Sterile Bottle 13.0 mL
- 4. RadiusTM Gel Removal Solution, 100X (Part No. 112504): One Sterile Tube 150 μL
- 5. DAPI Fluorescence Stain, 1000X (Part No. 112002): One Amber Tube 30 μL
- 6. Fixation Solution (Part No. 122402): One Bottle 20.0 mL
- 7. Cell Stain Solution (Part No. 112505): One Bottle 12.0 mL



Materials Not Supplied

- 1. Adherent migratory cell lines and culture medium
- 2. Cell culture incubator (37°C, 5% CO₂ atmosphere)
- 3. Inverted light microscope with a digital camera
- 4. Optional: Microscope stage or cage incubator
- 5. Optional: Inverted fluorescence microscope with DAPI filter (350nm/470nm)
- 6. Optional: Imaging Software for measuring cell migration
- 7. Optional: HCS/HCI Instrument

Storage

Upon receipt, aliquot and store the Radius™ Gel Removal Solution and DAPI Fluorescence Stain at -20°C (avoid multiple freeze/thaw cycles), and transfer the Fixation Solution to 4°C. All other kit components should be stored at room temperature.

Preparation of Reagents

- 1X RadiusTM Gel Removal Solution: Just prior to use, prepare a 1X RadiusTM Gel Removal Solution by diluting the provided 100X stock 1:100 in complete culture medium.
- 1X DAPI Fluorescence Stain: Just prior to use, prepare a 1X DAPI Fluorescence Stain by diluting the provided 1000X stock 1:1000 in PBS.

Assay Protocol (Must be under sterile conditions)

Note: Cell seeding density and firm adhesion to the pre-coated Collagen RadiusTM Plate are critical for best results. Overnight cell attachment is <u>not</u> recommended in that it may lead to over confluent wells and compromise the RadiusTM Gel Spot.

I. Pretreatment of Radius $^{\text{TM}}$ Migration Plate

- 1. Under sterile conditions, remove the RadiusTM 24-well Cell Migration Plate from its packaging. *Note: If wells of the plate have already been used for a previous experiment, the unused wells must be completely moisture-free before proceeding. Please allow the covered plate to dry at room temperature for 1 hour. Each plate can handle up to 3 migration experiment cycles.*
- 2. Determine which wells will be assayed (it is recommended that all samples be tested in triplicate). Slowly add 500 μ L of RadiusTM Gel Pretreatment Solution to each well by carefully pipetting down the wall of the well.
 - Note: The RadiusTM Gel Pretreatment Solution should <u>not</u> be added to any wells that will not be used immediately.
- 3. Cover the plate and incubate at room temperature for 20 minutes.



4. Carefully aspirate the RadiusTM Gel Pretreatment Solution from the wells. Do not allow wells to dry.

Note: Avoid potential damage to the RadiusTM Gel Spot (located in the center) by aspirating from the edge of the well.

5. Slowly add 500 μ L of RadiusTM Wash Solution to each well. Proceed to the Cell Seeding Section below.

Note: Wells can remain in the RadiusTM Wash Solution for up to 1 hour.

II. Cell Seeding

- 1. Harvest and resuspend cells in culture medium at 0.25 0.5 x 10⁶ cells/ml. *Note: Cell seeding density is highly cell line dependant, factoring in cell size, spreading and division. Ideally, the desired monolayer confluency at the start of migration (after RadiusTM <i>Gel Removal step) should be 80-90%. Optimization is recommended and can be done in a standard 24-well cell culture plate prior to migration assays.*
- 2. Carefully aspirate the RadiusTM Wash Solution from the wells (step 5 above). Do not allow wells to dry.

Note: Avoid potential damage to the RadiusTM Gel Spot (located in the center) by aspirating from the edge of the well.

- 3. Slowly add 500 μ L of the cell suspension to each well by carefully pipetting down the wall of the well.
- 4. Transfer the plate to a cell culture incubator for 2-6 hours to allow firm attachment/spreading. Take care to avoid shaking or bumping the plate.

III. RadiusTM Gel Removal

- 1. Carefully remove the RadiusTM Migration Plate from cell culture incubator.
- 2. Aspirate the media from each well and wash 3 times with 0.5 mL of fresh media. Do not allow wells to dry.

Note: These washes are intended to remove debris or any dead/unattached cells.

- 3. Prepare sufficient 1X Radius™ Gel Removal Solution for all wells by diluting the stock 1:100 in culture medium (See Preparation of Reagents Section).
- 4. Aspirate the media from the wells and add 0.5 mL of 1X RadiusTM Gel Removal Solution.
- 5. Transfer the plate to a cell culture incubator for 30 minutes to allow complete gel removal.
- 6. Aspirate the 1X RadiusTM Gel Removal Solution from each well and wash 3 times with 0.5 mL of fresh media. Do not allow wells to dry.
- 7. After the final washing is complete, add 1 mL of complete medium to each well. Agents that inhibit or stimulate cell migration may also be added directly to the wells.
- 8. At this point, pre-migration images may be captured with an inverted microscope, imaging software, or HCI/HCS instrument.
- 9. Transfer the plate back to the cell culture incubator/microscope stage incubator during the migration process.



10. Monitor the migration closure by endpoint or real-time analysis. For time course experiments, live cell compatible dyes or labels are required (e.g. Calcein AM, GFP, RFP). For endpoint experiments, fixed cell detection should be used (Cell Stain, DAPI, TRITC-phalloidin).

IV. (Optional) DAPI Fluorescence Labeling

- 1. Aspirate the media from the wells and add 0.5 mL of Fixation Solution to each.
- 2. Allow the cells to fix for 10 minutes at room temperature. Aspirate and discard the solution.
- 3. Carefully wash each well 3 times with 1 mL of PBS.
- 4. Prepare sufficient 1X DAPI Fluorescence Stain for all wells by diluting the stock 1:1000 in PBS (See Preparation of Reagents Section).
- 5. Add 0.5 mL of 1X DAPI Stain to each well to be stained.
- 6. Incubate 15 minutes at room temperature.
- 7. Carefully wash each well 3 times with 1 mL of PBS.
- 8. Add 1 mL PBS to each well to keep cells hydrated.
- 9. Examine wells under an inverted fluorescence microscope with DAPI filter (350nm/470nm)

V. (Optional) Cell Staining

- 1. Aspirate the media from the wells and add 400 µL of Cell Stain Solution to each.
- 2. Allow the cells to stain for 15 minutes at room temperature. Aspirate and discard the solution.
- 3. Carefully was each well 3 times with 1 mL of deionized water.
- 4. Discard all washes and allow wells to dry at room temperature.
- 5. Examine wells under an inverted light microscope.

Analysis of Results

There are a number of software programs available for the analysis of cell migration images. One of these is CellProfilerTM Cell Image Analysis Software offered free-of-charge by the Broad Institute*. You may find more information on this program online at www.cellprofiler.org.

In order to analyze data from our RadiusTM Cell Migration Assays, the CellProfilerTM software must be customized. For your convenience, we have developed add-ons that will customize the program for you. Please visit our website at www.cellbiolabs.com, type "Cellprofiler" in the Search box, and follow the instructions to download the appropriate add-on.

^{*}CellProfilerTM is a trademark of the Broad Institute. There is no relationship between Cell Biolabs, Inc. and the Broad Institute. Cell Biolabs offers these add-ons as a courtesy to our customers who wish to analyze data obtained using our RadiusTM Cell Migration Assays.



Example of Results

The following figures demonstrate typical results with the RadiusTM 24-well Cell Migration Assay Kit. One should use the data below for reference only. This data should not be used to interpret actual results.

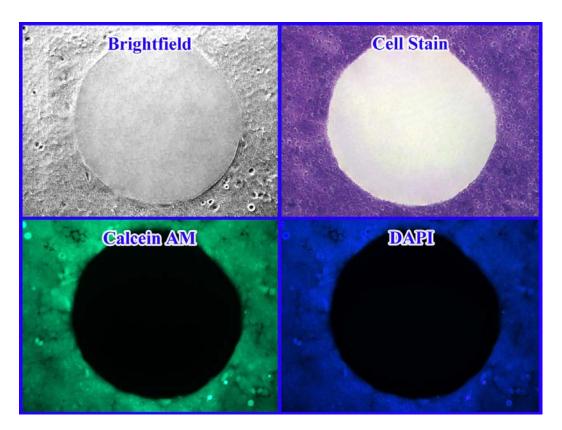


Figure 1. Various Detection Methods with RadiusTM **Cell Migration Assay.** HEK 293 cells were seeded at 250,000 cells/well for 4 hours on a Collagen I pre-coated RadiusTM Migration Plate. After RadiusTM Gel removal, cells were stained with DAPI, Cell Stain Solution, and Calcein AM (not included in kit) according to the assay protocol.

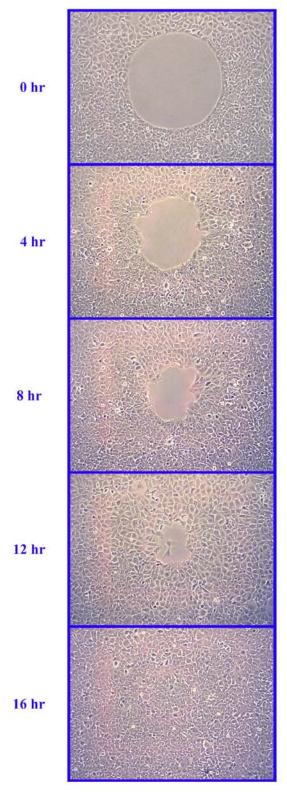


Figure 2. Cell Migration Time course. HEK 293 cells were seeded at 250,000 cells/well for 4 hours. After RadiusTM Gel removal, the cells were allowed to migrate for various times.

References

- 1. Ridley AJ, Schwartz MA, Burridge K, Firtel RA, Ginsberg MH, Borisy G, Parsons JT, Horwitz AR. (2003) *Science* **302**, 1704-9.
- 2. Horwitz R, Webb D. (2003) Curr Biol. 13, R756-9.
- 3. Lauffenburger DA, Horwitz AF. (1996) Cell 84, 359-369.

Warranty

These products are warranted to perform as described in their labeling and in Cell Biolabs literature when used in accordance with their instructions. THERE ARE NO WARRANTIES THAT EXTEND BEYOND THIS EXPRESSED WARRANTY AND CELL BIOLABS DISCLAIMS ANY IMPLIED WARRANTY OF MERCHANTABILITY OR WARRANTY OF FITNESS FOR PARTICULAR PURPOSE. CELL BIOLABS' sole obligation and purchaser's exclusive remedy for breach of this warranty shall be, at the option of CELL BIOLABS, to repair or replace the products. In no event shall CELL BIOLABS be liable for any proximate, incidental or consequential damages in connection with the products.

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