



- **Aging/Glycation Assay Kit series** -

## **Collagen AGEs Assay Kit, CMA-Specific, Glyoxal**

**Cat. AAS-AGE-K03E**

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### **Introduction**

Although carbohydrates are indispensable for ATP production, excess amounts of carbohydrates modify amino residues of amino acids such as lysine and arginine, and results in the irreversible functional disorders of proteins by changing the three-dimensional structure and net negative charge in patients with disordered metabolism. Since this reaction was first reported by Louis Camille Maillard in 1912, the reaction is called the Maillard reaction, or glycation. The Maillard reaction is divided by early and advanced stages. Early stage generates Amadori rearrangement products, such as haemoglobin A1c, whereas advanced stage generates the AGEs (advanced glycation end products), which is characterized by colour in brown and protein cross-linking. Collagen, the structural protein that forms skin, blood vessel wall and bone, also undergo glycation reaction.

N<sup>ω</sup>-carboxymethylarginine (CMA), an AGE component was identified in glycated collagen (1), it generates during the reaction of collagen with reducing sugars or glyoxal. AGEs accumulation in collagen induced dermal fibroblasts to undergo apoptosis (2). Because AGEs accumulate in collagen as a function of aging (3), CMA may be involved in aging of collagen-rich tissues such as skin. CMA is detected in many proteins such as collagen and albumin, whereas CMA is generated specifically in collagen, suggesting that CMA may provide a marker for collagen glycation. An anti-CMA monoclonal antibody specifically and sensitively detects CMA in collagen (4).

CMA ELISA Assay Kit provides rapid detection of CMA formed by glycation with glyoxal on the collagen coating plate. This kit is suitable to the research for functional foods and cosmetic materials which have anti-glycation activity.

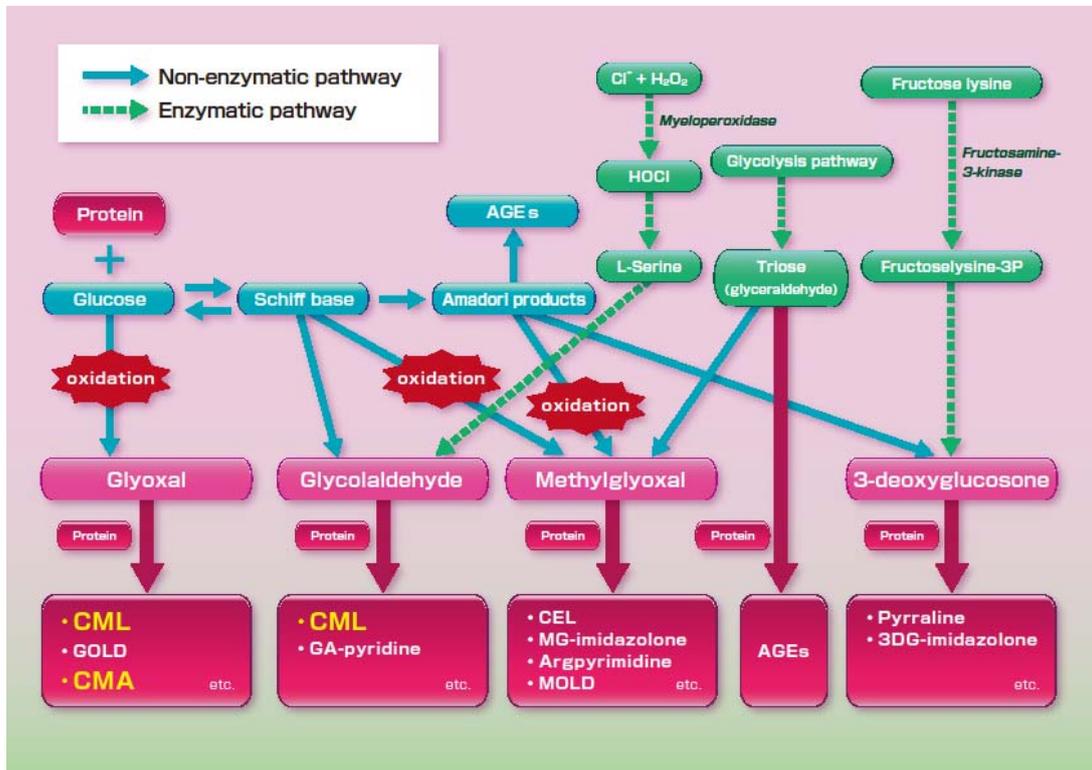


Fig. 1. Production pathway of AGEs generating aldehyde

《I-1. Kit Components》

| Components   | quantity             | Storage |
|--|----------------------|---------|
| 96-well Collagen coated plate                        | One strip-well plate | 4 °C    |
| Microplate seal                                      | 2 sheets             |         |
| Anti-CMA Antibody (100X)                             | 100 uL               |         |
| Blocking Buffer                                      | 50 mL                |         |
| HRP Conjugate Secondary Antibody (100X)              | 100 μL               |         |
| Sample Dilution Buffer                               | 30 mL                |         |
| Washing Buffer (10X)                                 | 50 mL                |         |
| Substrate Solution                                   | 10 mL                |         |
| Stop Solution  | 10 mL                |         |
| Glyoxal Solution (4 mM)                              | 5 mL                 |         |
| Aminoguanidin Solution (10 mM)<br>※ positive control | 250 μL               |         |

※ The kit provides sufficient reagents to perform up to 96 assays.

Store the 96-well collagen coated plate at -20 °C for the long term storage.

## 《I-2. Assay principle》

Collagen coated on 96-well plate is glycated by glyoxal and CMA is formed onto collagen coating wells for 7days at 37 °C. The inhibitory effects of glycation by aminoguanidin (positive control) or samples are probed with an anti-CMA antibody, followed by an HRP conjugated secondary antibody. The inhibitory effect of glycation in unknown sample is determined by comparing with the inhibitory effect of glycation by aminoguanidin (positive control).

“Collagen AGEs Assay Kit, CMA-Specific, Glyoxal” is suitable to the research for functional foods and cosmetic materials which have an anti-glycation activity.

## 《II. Assay protocol》

### **Materials Not Supplied**

- Purified water
- 10 µL~1000 µL micropipette
- 50 µL~200 µL multi-channel micropipette
- Reservoir
- Microplate reader (wavelength 492 nm)
- 37 °C incubator (under humid condition)

### **Preparation of Regents**

#### **1X Washing Buffer**

- Dilute the 10X Washing Buffer concentrate to 1X with purified water.

#### **0.4 mM, 2 mM Aminoguanidine (positive control) Solutions**

- Dilute the 10 mM Aminoguanidine Solution concentrate to 0.4 mM, 2 mM with Sample Dilution Buffer.

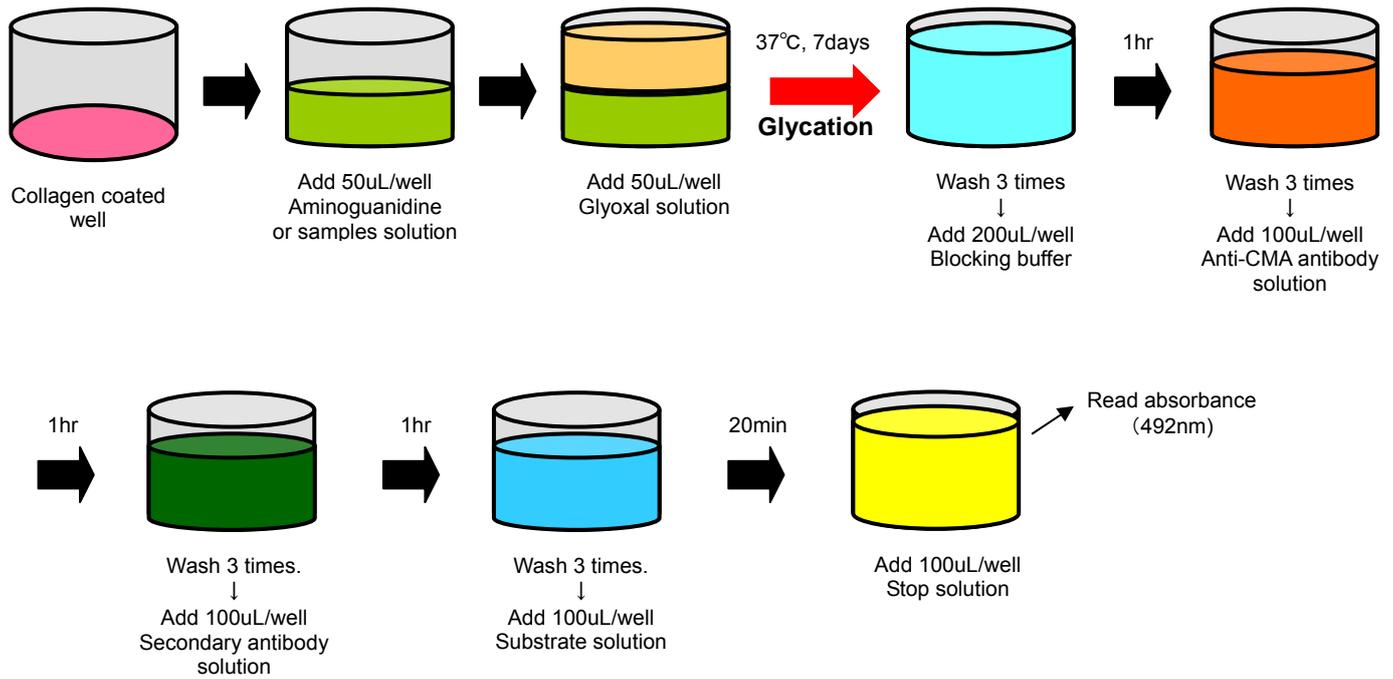
#### **Sample Solutions**

- Dilute each sample solution with Sample Dilution Buffer and filtrate them with 0.2 µm filter.

#### **Anti-CMA Antibody and Secondary Antibody (prepared at time of use)**

- Immediately before use, dilute the Anti-CMA antibody 1:100 and Secondary Antibody 1:100 with Blocking Buffer. Diluted antibody solution can be stored for 1week at 4 °C.

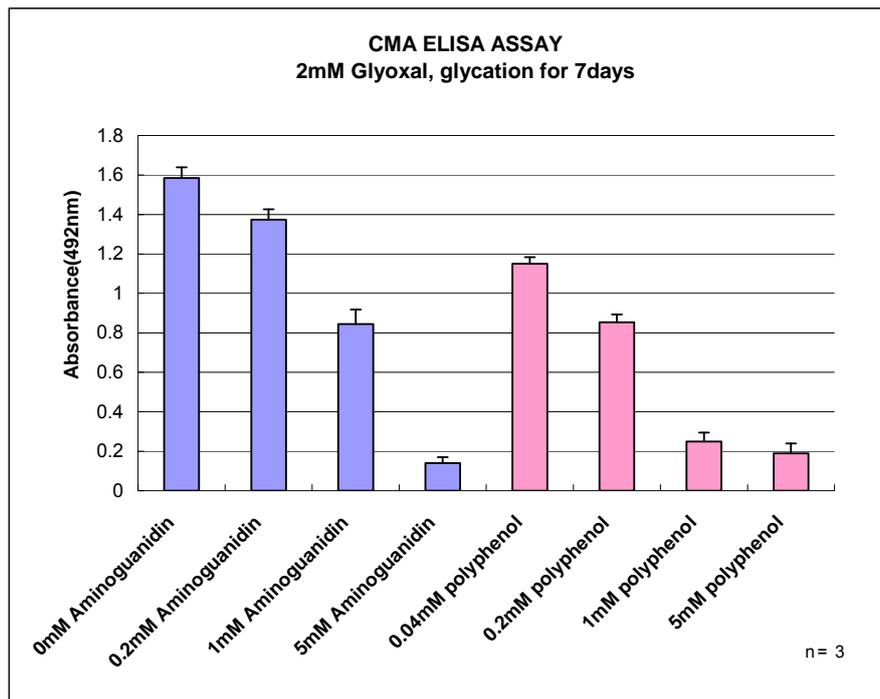
## ELISA Assay Protocol



1. The collagen coated plate goes back up to room temperature before use. Take a necessary number of well out of the aluminum pouch. Please cut a seal at suitable size.
2. Add 50  $\mu$ L per well of the 0, 0.4, 2, 10 mM Aminoguanidin Solution(positive control) or sample solutions to the 96-well collagen coated plate.
3. Add 50  $\mu$ L/well of Glyoxal Solution.
4. Seal the plate well with the microplate seal and incubate under humid condition for 7days at 37 °C to avoid drying the well up (but do not use CO<sub>2</sub> incubator).
5. Wash wells 3 times with 200  $\mu$ L/well of Washing Buffer. After the last wash, empty wells and tap microwell strips on absorbent pad or paper towel to remove excess Washing Buffer.
6. Add 200  $\mu$ L/well of the Blocking Buffer and incubate for 1hour at room temperature.
7. Remove the Blocking Buffer from each well completely and wash wells 3 times with 200  $\mu$ L/well of Washing Buffer. After the last wash, empty wells and tap microwell strips on absorbent pad or paper towel to remove excess Washing Buffer. Add 100  $\mu$ L/well of the Anti-CMA Antibody Solution and incubate for 1hour at room temperature.
8. Remove the Anti-CMA Antibody Solution from each well completely and wash 3 times with 200  $\mu$ L/well of Washing Buffer. After the last wash, empty wells and tap microwell strips on absorbent pad or paper towel to remove excess Washing Buffer. Add 100  $\mu$ L/well of the Secondary Antibody Solution and incubate for 1 hour at room temperature.
9. Remove the Secondary Antibody Solution from each well completely and wash 3 times with 200  $\mu$ L/well of Washing Buffer. After the last wash, empty wells and tap microwell strips on absorbent pad or paper towel to remove excess Washing Buffer. Warm the substrate solution to room temperature. Add 100  $\mu$ L/well of the Substrate solution and incubate at room temperature for 20 minute.
10. Confirm the color and stop the enzyme reaction by adding 100  $\mu$ L of Stop Solution to each well.
11. Absorbance of each well should be read with the microplate reader using 492 nm.

### «III. Example of Results»

The following figure shows the inhibitory effect of aminoguanidine and phytochemicals on the CMA formation.



### «IV. References»

1. Iijima K, Murata M, Takahara H, et al: Identification of  $N^{\omega}$ -carboxymethylarginine as a novel acid-labile advanced glycation end product in collagen. J Biochem 347; 23–27: 2000
2. Alikhani Z, Alikhani M, Boyd CM, et al: Advanced Glycation End Products Enhance Expression of Pro-apoptotic Genes and Stimulate Fibroblast Apoptosis through Cytoplasmic and Mitochondrial Pathways. J Biol Chem 280; 12087–12095: 2005
3. Verzijl N, DeGroot J, Oldehinkel E, Bank RA, Thorpe SR, Baynes JW, Bayliss MT, Bijlsma JW, Lafeber FP, Tekoppele JM. Age-related accumulation of Maillard reaction products in human articular cartilage collagen. Biochem J. 2000 Sep 1;350 Pt 2:381-387
4. Shimasaki S, Kubota M, Yoshitomi M, Takagi K, Suda K, Mera K, Fujiwara Y, Nagai R.  $N^{\omega}$ -(carboxymethyl)arginine Accumulates in Glycated Collagen and Klotho-deficient Mouse Skin. Anti-Aging Medicine 8 (6) : 82-87, 2011

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