## Affinity resin for antibody

## purification

## Instruction Manual (Version 1)

Bipo Resin Protein A
(Alkaline Resistance)
Bipo Resin Protein A
(Weak Acid)
Bipo Resin Protein L
(Alkaline Resistance)
Bipo Resin Protein G
(Alkaline Resistance)

Code; AAR-025

Code; AWA-025

Code; LAR-025

Code; GAR-025

For research purposes only.
Before using this product, please read carefully this instruction manual.


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## Resins for antibody purification

## 1. Introduction

Protein A (Staphylococcus aureus), Protein L (Finegoldia magna), Protein G (group G streptococci) are known as affinity molecules to antibodies. We developed affinity resin for antibody purification using these affinity molecules.

| Product name | Note | maximum binding capacity <br> $(\mathrm{mg} / \mathrm{mL}-\mathrm{resin})$ |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Bipo Resin Protein A <br> (Alkaline Resistance) | Alkaline <br> Resistance | 28 (human IgG) |
| Bipo Resin Protein A <br> (Weak Acid) | mild elution <br> $(\mathrm{pH} 3.5-4.5)$ | 31 (human IgG) |
| Bipo Resin Protein L <br> (Alkaline Resistance) | Alkaline <br> Resistance | 13 (human IgG) <br> (scFv) |
| Bipo Resin Protein G <br> (Alkaline Resistance) | Alkaline <br> Resistance | 26 (human IgG) |

## 2. Product information

Use for purification of antibodies, small molecule antibodies (Fab, scFv), and immunoprecipitation.

25 mL resin in $20 \% \mathrm{EtOH}$ ( $50 \%$ slurry) (average particle size; $60 \mu \mathrm{~m}$ )
Storage at $4{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$

## 3. Antibody Purification Procedure

<Additional materials required>
$>$ Empty spin column
$>$ Binding buffer (PBS)
$>$ Elution buffer (0.1M Glycine, pH2.5)*
$\rightarrow \quad$ Neutralization buffer (1.0M Tris, pH9)
*In the case of Bipo Resin ProteinA(Weak Acid), you can use 0.1 M citrate, pH3.5-4.5 as an elution buffer.

1) Equilibrate the resin

Transfer resin $(100 \mu \mathrm{~L})$ to empty column (column volume; $500 \mu \mathrm{~L})$. Centrifuge $(3,000 \mathrm{xg}$,

## Resins for antibody purification

1 min.$)$ and discard the eluate. Add deionized water $(400 \mu \mathrm{~L})$ to the column and centrifuge twice. Add PBS $(400 \mu \mathrm{~L})$ to the column and centrifuge twice.
2) Purification

Transfer sample to column and incubate for 5 min at room temperature and centrifuge. Add PBS $(400 \mu \mathrm{~L})$ to the column and centrifuge three times. Add elution buffer $(100 \mu \mathrm{~L})$ to the column and for $1-2 \mathrm{~min}$ at room temperature and centrifuge twice. Add $5 \mu \mathrm{~L}$ of neutralization buffer to each eluate.

## 4. Clean-up the resin

Resins can be clean up by described conditions.

| Bipo Resin Protein A(Alkaline Resistance) | $100 \mathrm{mM} \mathrm{NaOH}, ~ 10 \mathrm{~min}$. |
| :--- | ---: | :--- |
| Bipo Resin Protein A(Weak Acid) | $100 \mathrm{mM} \mathrm{NaOH}, ~ 10 \mathrm{~min}$. |
| Bipo Resin Protein L(Alkaline Resistance) | $15 \mathrm{mM} \mathrm{NaOH}, ~ 10 \mathrm{~min}$. |
| Bipo Resin Protein G (Alkaline Resistance) | $50 \mathrm{mM} \mathrm{NaOH}, ~ 10 \mathrm{~min}$. |

Note)After clean up, NaOH is replaced to deionized water and $20 \% \mathrm{EtOH}$ immediately. And store at $4^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$.

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