

RPL36 Polyclonal Antibody

catalog number: **E-AB-62405**

Note: Centrifuge before opening to ensure complete recovery of vial contents.

Description

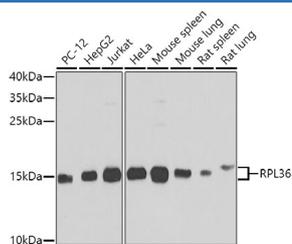
Reactivity	Human;Mouse;Rat
Immunogen	Recombinant fusion protein of human RPL36 (NP_056229.2).
Host	Rabbit
Isotype	IgG
Purification	Affinity purification
Buffer	Phosphate buffered solution, pH 7.4, containing 0.05% stabilizer and 50% glycerol.

Applications

Recommended Dilution

WB	1:500-1:2000
IHC	1:50-1:200
IF	1:50-1:200

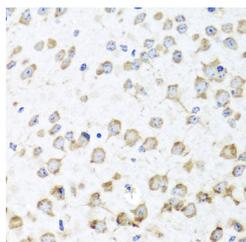
Data



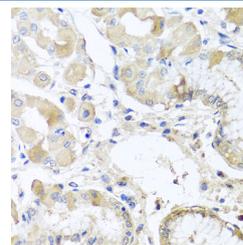
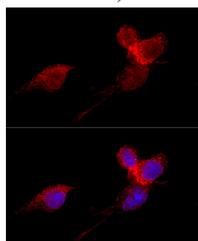
Western blot analysis of extracts of various cell lines using RPL36 Polyclonal Antibody at dilution of 1:1000.

Observed-MW:15 kDa

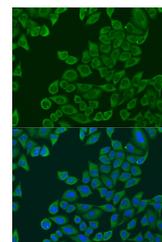
Calculated-MW:12 kDa



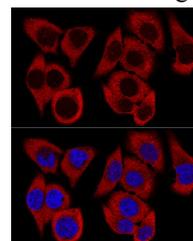
Immunohistochemistry of paraffin-embedded Mouse brain using RPL36 Polyclonal Antibody at dilution of 1:100 (40x lens).



Immunohistochemistry of paraffin-embedded Human stomach using RPL36 Polyclonal Antibody at dilution of 1:100 (40x lens).



Immunofluorescence analysis of U2OS cells using RPL36 Polyclonal Antibody at dilution of 1:100. Blue: DAPI for nuclear staining.



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Confocal immunofluorescence analysis of HeLa cells using RPL36 Polyclonal Antibody at dilution of 1:200. Blue: DAPI for nuclear staining. Confocal immunofluorescence analysis of HeLa cells using RPL36 Polyclonal Antibody at dilution of 1:200. Blue: DAPI for nuclear staining.

Preparation & Storage

Storage Store at -20°C Valid for 12 months. Avoid freeze / thaw cycles.
Shipping The product is shipped with ice pack, upon receipt, store it immediately at the temperature recommended.

Background

Ribosomes, the organelles that catalyze protein synthesis, consist of a small 40S subunit and a large 60S subunit. Together these subunits are composed of 4 RNA species and approximately 80 structurally distinct proteins. This gene encodes a ribosomal protein that is a component of the 60S subunit. The protein belongs to the L36E family of ribosomal proteins. It is located in the cytoplasm. Transcript variants derived from alternative splicing exist; they encode the same protein. As is typical for genes encoding ribosomal proteins, there are multiple processed pseudogenes of this gene dispersed through the genome.

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