

Protein A Resin Technical Manual No. TM0205

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Ι.	Description	1	
II.	Operation	2	
	Buffer Preparation	2	
	Purification Procedure	2	
	Sample Preparation	2	
	Packing of Column	2	
	Column Purification	2	
	Regeneration of Column	2	
III.	Storage	3	
IV.	Trouble Shooting	3	
Rel	Related Products4		

I. DESCRIPTION

GenScript Protein A Resin is an affinity chromatography medium designed for easy, one-step purification of classes, subclasses and fragments of immunoglobulins from biological fluids and from cell culture media. Protein A Resin can also be used for immunoprecipitation of proteins, protein complexes or antigens. The recombinant protein A ligand is coupled to 4% agarose. The coupling is optimized to give high binding capacity for immunoglobulins. The static binding capacity of Protein A Resin is greater than 20 mg human IgG/ml settled resin. The dynamic binding capacity will vary depending on several factors such as target antibody, flow rate etc. Table 1 lists the characteristics of Protein A Resin.

Protein A, a bacterial cell wall protein isolated from *Staphylococcus aureus*, binds to mammalian IgGs mainly through Fc regions. Native protein A has five IgG binding domains and many other domains with unknown functions. Recombinant protein A contains five high affinity IgG binding domains with other non-essential domains removed to reduce nonspecific binding. Since only the Fc region is involved in binding, the Fab region is available for binding antigens.



Table 1. Characteristics of Protein A Resin

Resin Volume 5 ml settled resin (10 ml 50% slurry)

Ligand Recombinant Streptococcal protein A expressed in E. coli

Number of IgG binding sites per ligand 5

M.W. of ligand Approximately 34 kDa

PI of ligand 5.17

Degree of substitution Approximately 2 mg protein A/ml settled resin

Static binding capacity > 20 mg human lgG/ml settled resin

Matrix spherical Agarose, 4%

Average particle size 90 µm (45-165 µm)

Storage solution 20% ethanol

Storage conditions 2-8 °C

Shelf life 18 months when stored unopened

II. OPERATION

Buffer Preparation

Water and chemicals used for buffer preparation should be of high purity. It is recommended to filter the buffers by passing them through a $0.45 \mu m$ filter before use.

Binding/Wash Buffer:	0.15 M NaCl, 20 mM Na₂HPO₄, pH 7.0
Elution Buffer:	0.1 M glycine, pH 3.0
Neutralization Buffer:	1 M Tris-HCl, pH 8.5

Purification Procedure

This procedure is optimized for a column of 0.5 ml bed volume. The volumes of the reagents can be scaled up or down according to the size of the column.

Sample Preparation

To insure that proper ionic strength and pH are maintained for optimal binding, it is necessary to dilute serum samples, ascite fluid or cell culture supernatant at least 1:1 with Binding/Wash Buffer. Alternatively, the sample may be dialyzed overnight against Binding/Wash Buffer.

Packing of Column

- 1) Completely resuspend the resin and transfer 1 ml slurry to a new column, in which 1 ml Binding/Wash Buffer was added in advance.
- 2) Allow the resin to settle and the buffer to drain from the column.



3) Add 5 ml Binding/Wash Buffer onto the column to equilibrate the resin and drain the buffer with a flow speed of about 1ml/min.

Column Purification

- 1) Apply the sample onto the column and drain the flow-through with a flow speed of about 1 ml/min. Collect the flow-through for measuring the binding efficiency to the resin, i.e. by SDS-PAGE.
- 2) Wash the column with 30 ml Binding/Wash Buffer and drain the buffer with a flow speed of about 2 ml/min, or until the absorbance of the effluent at 280 nm is stable.
- 3) Elute the antibody with 10-15 ml Elution Buffer and drain the eluate with a flow speed of about 1 ml/min. Collect the eluate containing the target immunoglobulin and immediately neutralize to pH 7.4 with Neutralization Buffer (1/10 volume of total eluate).

Regeneration of Column

Regenerate the column by washing the resin with 10 ml Elution Buffer followed by equilibration with 5 ml Binding/Wash buffer. Columns can be regenerated up to 10 times without significant loss of binding capacity.

III. STORAGE

Store regenerated Protein A Resin in 20% ethanol at 2°C to 8°C.

Do not freeze.

IV. TOUBLESHOOTING

Problem	Possible Cause	Solution
The flow rate of the column is very	Tiny air bubbles from buffer or	De-gas buffers and samples. Do
low (<0.5 ml/minute).	particles from sample block the gel	not allow the column to dry.
	pores.	
A considerable amount of sample	The concentration of antibody of	Purify the antibody using the
has been loaded, but no specific	interest is very low.	specific antigen coupled to a resin
antibody of interest is detected.		(i.e., High-Affinity Iodoacetyl Resin,
		Cat. No. L00403).
The antibody is degraded.	The antibody is sensitive to low-pH	Neutralize the eluted fractions with
	elution buffer	Neutralization Buffer immediately
		after elution.
No antibody is detected in any	The IgG subclass does not bind to	Try other affinity chromatography
elution fraction.	protein A.	media to purify the antibody, such
		as Protein G Resin or Protein L
		Resin.



V. RELATED PRODUCTS

Cat. No.	Product Name
L00400	Ultra Protein A Resin
L00464	Protein A Resin FF
L00209	Protein G Resin
L00239	Protein L Resin
L00405	Chicken IgY Precipitating Resin
L00223	High Affinity Ni-Charged Resin
L00206	Glutathione Resin
L00353	Streptavidin Resin
L00272	IminoBiotin Resin
L00207	GST Fusion Protein Purification Kit
L00208	Protein Expression and Purification Kit
L00403	High-Affinity Iodoacetyl Resin
L00404	High-Affinity Antibody Purification Kit

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