

# Human Recombinant Melatonin MT1 Receptor Stable Cell Line Cat. No. M00424

Version 05229014

I	INTRODUCTION	1
II	BACKGROUND	1
Ш	REPRESENTATIVE DATA	2
IV	THAWING AND SUBCULTURING	2
V	REFERENCES	3
	Limited Use License Agreement	4

#### I. INTRODUCTION

Catalog Number: M00424

Cell Line Name: CHO-K1/MT1/Gα15

Gene Synonyms: MTNR1A; MT1; MEL-1A-R

Expressed Gene: Genbank Accession Number NM\_005958; no expressed tags

Host Cell: CHO-K1/Gα15

Quantity: Two vials of frozen cells (3×10<sup>6</sup> per vial)

Stability: 16 passages

Application: Functional assay for MT1 receptor

Freeze Medium: 45% culture medium, 45% FBS, 10% DMSO

Complete Growth Medium: Ham's F12, 10% FBS

Culture Medium: Ham's F12, 10% FBS, 200 µg/ml Zeocin, 100 µg/ml Hygromycin B

Mycoplasma Status: Negative

Storage: Liquid nitrogen immediately upon delivery

### II. BACKGROUND

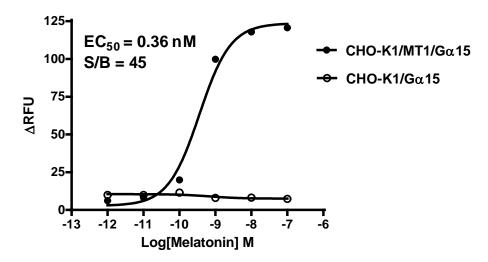
Melatonin binds to two specific G-protein coupled receptors (GPCR), MT1 (MTNR1A/MEL1A) and MT2 (MTNR1B/MEL1B).  $MT_1$  receptors signal via inhibitory G proteins ( $G\alpha_i$  and  $G\alpha_o$ ) leading to adenylate cyclase inhibition and possibly inositol phosphate stimulation in recombinant systems. In certain native tissues (e.g. sheep pars tuberalis, rat cerebral and caudal arteries) melatonin responses are presumably mediated through activation of  $MT_1$  receptors. The hypothalamic suprachiasmatic nucleus appears to be involved in circadian rhythm while the hypophysial pars tuberalis may be responsible for the reproductive effects of melatonin.

<sup>§:</sup> GenScript employs a PCR-based method to test the mycoplasma. The test covers 11 of the most common strains of mycoplasma, (covering approximately 95% of M. fermentans, M. hyorhinis, M. arginini, M. orale, M. salivarium, M. hominis, M. pulmonis, M. arthritidis, M. neurolyticum, M. hyopneumoniae and M. capricolum) and one species Ureaplasma (U. urealyticum), with sufficient sensitivity and specificity.



# III. REPRESENTATIVE DATA

Concentration-dependent stimulation of intracellular calcium mobilization by Melatonin in CHO-K1/MT1/Gα15 and CHO-K1/Gα15 cells



**Figure 1.** Melatonin-induced concentration-dependent stimulation of intracellular calcium mobilization in CHO-K1/MT1/Gα15 and CHO-K1/Gα15 cells. The cells were loaded with Calcium-4 prior to stimulation with an MT1 receptor agonist, Melatonin. The intracellular calcium change was measured by FlexStation. The relative fluorescent units (RFU) were plotted against the log of the cumulative doses (10-fold dilution) of Melatonin (Mean  $\pm$  SD, n = 2). The EC<sub>50</sub> of Melatonin on MT1 co-expressing with Gα15 in CHO-K1 cells was 0.36 nM. The S/B of Melatonin on MT1 co-expressing with Gα15 in CHO-K1 cells was 45.

#### Notes:

- 1. EC<sub>50</sub> value is calculated with four parameter logistic equation:
  - Y=Bottom + (Top-Bottom)/(1+10^((LogEC<sub>50</sub>-X)\*HillSlope))
  - X is the logarithm of concentration. Y is the response
  - Y is RFU and starts at Bottom and goes to Top with a sigmoid shape.
- 2. Signal to background Ratio (S/B) = Top/Bottom

#### IV. THAWING AND SUBCULTURING

# **Thawing Protocol**

- 1. Remove the vial from liquid nitrogen tank and thaw cells quickly in a 37°C water-bath.
- 2. Just before the cells are completely thawed, decontaminate the outside of the vial with 70% ethanol and transfer the cells to a 15 ml centrifuge tube containing 9 ml of complete growth medium.
- 3. Pellet cells by centrifugation at 200 x g force for 5 min, and remove the medium.
- 4. Resuspend the cells in complete growth medium.
- 5. Transfer the cell suspension to a 10 cm dish with 10 ml of complete growth medium.

860 Centennial Ave., Piscataway, NJ 08854, USA



- 6. Grow the cells in incubator with 37°C, 5 %CO<sub>2</sub>.
- 7. Add antibiotic in the following day.

# **Sub-culturing Protocol**

- 1. Remove the culture medium from cells.
- 2. Wash cells with PBS (pH=7.4) to remove all traces of serum that contains trypsin inhibitor.
- 3. Add 2.0 ml of 0.05% (w/v) Trypsin- EDTA (GIBCO, Cat No. 25300) solution into 10 cm dish and observe the cells under an inverted microscope until cell layer is dispersed (usually within 3 to 5 minutes).
  - Note: To avoid cells clumping, do not agitate the cells by hitting or shaking the dish while waiting for the cells detach. If cells are difficult to detach, please place the dish in 37°C incubator for ~2 min.
- 4. Add 6.0 to 8.0 ml of complete growth medium into dish and aspirate cells by gently pipetting.
- 5. Centrifuge the cells at 200 x g force for 5min, and remove the medium.
- 6. Resuspend the cells in culture medium and add the cells suspension to new culture dish.
- 7. Grow the cells in incubator with 37°C, 5 %CO<sub>2</sub>

Subcultivation Ratio: 1:3 to 1:8 weekly. Medium Renewal: Every 2 to 3 days

# V. REFERENCES

- 1. Slaugenhaupt SA, Roca AL, Liebert CB, *et al.* (1995) Mapping of the gene for the Mel1a-melatonin receptor to human chromosome 4 (MTNR1A) and mouse chromosome 8 (Mtnr1a). *Genomics*. 27(2): 355–7.
- 2. Reppert SM, Weaver DR, Ebisawa T, (1994) Cloning and characterization of a mammalian melatonin receptor that mediates reproductive and circadian responses. *Neuron.* 13(5): 1177–85.
- 3. Witt-Enderby PA, Masana MI, Dubocovich ML, (1998) Physiological exposure to melatonin supersensitizes the cyclic adenosine 3',5'-monophosphate-dependent signal transduction cascade in Chinese hamster ovary cells expressing the human mt1 melatonin receptor. *Endocrinology*. 139(7): 3064–71.

#### GenScript USA Inc.

860 Centennial Ave.
Piscataway, NJ 08854
Toll-Free: 1-877-436-7274

Tel: 1-732-885-9188, Fax: 1-732-210-0262

Email: <a href="mailto:product@genscript.com">product@genscript.com</a>
Web: <a href="http://www.genscript.com">http://www.genscript.com</a>

For Research Use Only.

Toll-Free: 1-877-436-7274 Tel: 1-732-885-9188 Fax: 1-732-210-0262 Email: product@genscript.com Web: www.genscript.com



# **Limited Use License Agreement**

This is a legal agreement between you (Licensee) and GenScript USA Inc. governing use of GenScript's stable cell line products and protocols provided to licensee. By purchasing and using the stable cell line, the buyer agrees to comply with the following terms and conditions of this label license and recognizes and agrees to such restrictions:

- The products are not transferable and will be used at the site where they were purchased. Transfer to another site
  owned by buyer will be permitted only upon written request by buyer followed by subsequent written approval by
  GenScript.
- 2) The purchaser cannot sell or otherwise transfer (a) this product (b) its components or (c) materials made using this product or its components to a third party.
- 3) The products sold by GenScript are for laboratory and animal research purposes only. The products are not to be used on humans, for consumption, or for any unlawful uses.

GenScript USA Inc. will not assert against the buyer a claim of infringement of patents owned or controlled by GenScript USA Inc. and claiming this product based upon the manufacture, use or sale of a clinical diagnostic, therapeutic and vaccine, or prophylactic product developed in research by the buyer in which this product or its components has been employed, provided that neither this product nor any of its components was used in the manufacture of such product. For information on the use of this product for other purposes, contact Marketing Department, GenScript USA Inc., 120 Centennial Avenue, Piscataway, New Jersey 08840, U.S.A. Phone: 1-732-885-9188. Fax: 1-732-210-0262. Email: marketing@genscript.com.

Toll-Free: 1-877-436-7274 Tel: 1-732-885-9188 Fax: 1-732-210-0262 Email: product@genscript.com Web: www.genscript.com