

## Diagnostic Kit for T3

A Fluorescence immunoassay quantitative detection of T3 in human serum or plasma with the use of Immunofluorescence Analyzer.

English

► For *in-vitro* diagnostic use

### PACKING SPECIFICATION

25 Tests/ Kit (07T35025)

### INTENDED USE

The T3 Test Cassette (Serum/Plasma) is based on Fluorescence immunoassay for the quantitative detection of total Triiodothyronine (T3) in human serum or plasma. The test is intended for healthcare professionals use.

### SUMMARY

The physiological actions of thyroid hormones can be categorized as growth and development and control of metabolic processes in the body. Thyroid hormones play a major role in the growth and development of the brain and central nervous system in humans from the 15th week of gestation to 3 years of age<sup>1</sup>. The other physiological role of Thyroid hormones is to control several metabolic processes in the body. These include carbohydrate, fat, protein, vitamin, and mineral metabolism<sup>2</sup>. Triiodothyronine (T3) is the biologically active thyroid hormone. In normal subjects, approximately 20% of T3 is secreted from the thyroid gland, and approximately 80% of T3 derives from the conversion of thyroxine (T4) to T3 in extrathyroidal peripheral tissues<sup>3</sup>. It has the biological activity of promoting the metabolism of substance and energy, and promoting the growth and development of the body. It is an important diagnostic index of thyroid diseases, and also has auxiliary diagnostic value for some non-thyroid diseases.

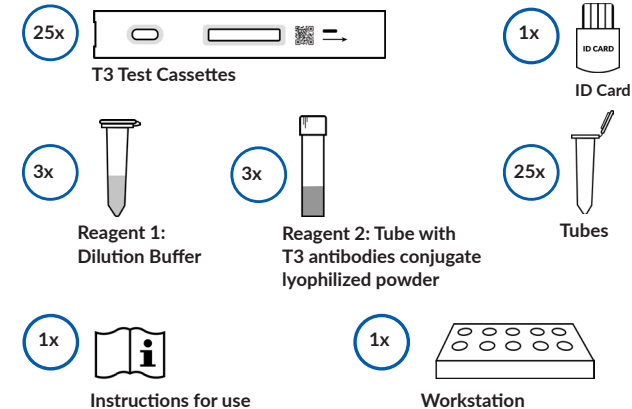
### PRINCIPLE

The T3 Test Cassette (Serum/Plasma) detects T3 based on Fluorescence Immunoassay. The specimen moves through the strip from sample pad to absorbent pad. T3 in the specimen will compete with the T3 antigen coated on the strip. The less T3 in the specimen, the more fluorescent microspheres conjugated with anti-T3 antibodies can be captured by the T3 antigen coated on the strip. The concentration of T3 in the sample is inversely related to the intensity of the fluorescent signal captured on the T line. According to the fluorescence intensity of the test and the standard curve, the concentration of T3 in the sample can be calculated by Analyzer to show T3 concentration in the specimen.

### REAGENTS

The test cassette contains T3 antigen and T3 antibody.

### MATERIALS PROVIDED



### MATERIALS REQUIRED BUT NOT PROVIDED

- Immunofluorescence Analyzer MPQuant® (07IMA001)
- Pipette
- Centrifuge
- Specimen Collection Containers
- Timer

### PRECAUTIONS

1. For professional *in-vitro* diagnostic use only.
2. Do not use after the expiration date indicated on the package. Do not use the test if the foil pouch is damaged. Do not reuse.
3. Avoid cross-contamination of specimens by using a new specimen collection container for each specimen obtained.
4. Do not eat, drink or smoke in the area where the specimens and tests are handled. Handle all specimens as if they contain infectious agents. Observe established precautions against microbiological hazards throughout the procedure and follow standard procedures for proper disposal of specimens. Wear protective clothing such as laboratory coats, disposable gloves and eye protection when specimens are assayed.
5. Do not interchange or mix reagents from different lots.
6. Humidity and temperature can adversely affect results.
7. Used testing materials should be discarded in accordance with local regulations.
8. Read the entire procedure carefully prior to any testing.
9. The T3 Test Cassette should only be used with the Analyzer by approved medical professionals.

### STORAGE AND STABILITY

1. The test should be stored at 4 - 30 °C until the expiry date printed on the sealed pouch.
2. The test must remain in the sealed pouch until use.
3. Do not freeze.
4. Care should be taken to protect the components of the test from contamination.
5. Do not use if there is evidence of microbial contamination or precipitation. Biological contamination of dispensing equipment, containers or reagents can lead to false results.

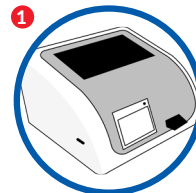
### SAMPLE COLLECTION AND PREPARATION

1. Collect the specimen according to standard procedures.
2. Do not leave specimens at room temperature for prolonged periods. Serum and plasma specimens may be stored at 2 - 8 °C for up to 7 days, for long term storage, specimens should be kept below -20 °C.
3. Bring specimens to room temperature prior to testing. Frozen specimens must be completely thawed and mixed well prior to testing. Avoid repeated freezing and thawing of specimens.
4. EDTA K2, Heparin sodium, Citrate sodium and Potassium Oxalate can be used as the anticoagulant for collecting the specimen.

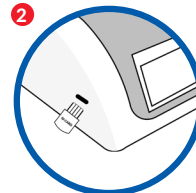
### TEST PROCEDURE

Refer to Immunofluorescence Analyzer User Manual for the complete instructions for use of the Test. The test should be in room temperature.

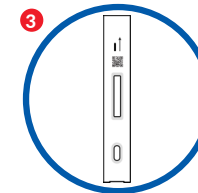
**Allow the test cassette, specimen and buffer to reach room temperature (15 - 30 °C) prior to testing.**



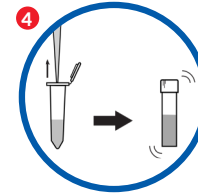
Turn on the Analyzer power.



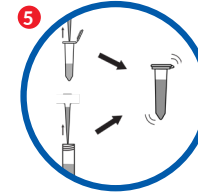
Take out the ID card and insert it into the Analyzer ID Card Slot. Choose test mode and/or sample type according to needs.



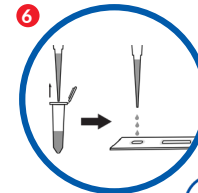
Remove the test cassette from the sealed foil pouch and use it within 1 hour. Best results will be obtained if the assay is performed immediately after opening the foil pouch. Place the test on a flat and clean surface.



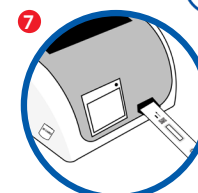
Pipette **900 µL** of reagent 1 into the reagent 2 tube and dissolve the lyophilized powder thoroughly.  
**Note:** After dissolution, the dissolved reagent 2 could be stored at 2 - 8 °C for 30 days or stored at -20 °C for long period.



Pipette **75 µL** of the dissolved reagent 2 and **75 µL** of serum or plasma into empty tube to mix the specimen and the dissolved reagent 2 well.



Leave the mixture on the workstation for reaction of **5 minutes**, then pipette **75 µL** diluted sample into the sample well of the cassette. Start the timer at the same time.



Test results should be interpreted at **15 minutes** with the use of Immunofluorescence Analyzer.

**Caution:** There are different test modes of the Immunofluorescence Analyzer. The difference between them is incubation of the test cassette is outside or inside the analyzer. Choose test mode accordingly and confirm sample type. Consult the user manual of the analyzer for detailed operation information. Operator must consult the Immunofluorescence Analyzer User Manual prior to use and become familiar with the processes and quality control procedures.

### INTERPRETATION OF TEST RESULTS

**Results read by Immunofluorescence Analyzer.**

The result of test for T3 is calculated by Immunofluorescence Analyzer and display the result on the screen. For additional information, please refer to the user manual of Immunofluorescence Analyzer.

Linearity range is 0.62 ~ 9.24 nmol/L (0.4 - 6.0 ng/mL).

Normal Reference range (adult): 1.23 ~ 3.08 nmol/L (0.8 - 2.0 ng/mL).

Conversion factor as unit of nmol/L (SI unit)=1.54x ng/mL

QUALITY CONTROL

Each T3 Test Cassette contains internal control that satisfies routine quality control requirements. This internal control is performed each time a sample is tested. This control indicates that the test cassette was tested and read properly by Immunofluorescence Analyzer. An invalid result from the internal control causes an “N/A” message on Immunofluorescence Analyzer and indicates that the test should be repeated. Insufficient specimen volume or incorrect procedural techniques are the most likely reasons for control failure. Review the procedure and repeat the test with a new test. If the problem persists, discontinue using the test kit immediately and contact your local distributor

LIMITATIONS

- 1. The T3 Test Cassette (Serum/Plasma) is for *in-vitro* diagnostic use only. The test should be used for the detection of Triiodothyronine (total T3) in serum or plasma specimens only.
- 2. The results of T3 Test Cassettes are based on measuring the levels of T3 in a specimen. It should not be used as hyperthyroidism or hypothyroidism. If the result is blow or above normal range, other clinical findings and alternative test methods are recommended to reach proper medical treatments.
- 3. The Test results can be affected by iodine-rich foods, iodine-containing drugs, and thyroid-affecting drugs. Medication containing iodine or Certain Chinese herbal medicines may affect the test and should not be taken while using the T3 Test Cassette (Serum/Plasma).
- 4. For patients receiving high-dose biotin (ie >5 mg/day), samples should be collected at least 8 hours after the last biotin dose.

EXPECTED VALUES

Concentrations	Clinical Reference
<1.23 nmol/L (0.8 ng/mL)	Hypothyroidism or Low T3 syndrome
1.23 ~ 3.08 nmol/L (0.8 - 2.0 ng/mL)	Healthy
3.08 nmol/L (2.0 ng/mL)	T3 Hyperthyroidism

PERFORMANCE CHARACTERISTICS

1. Accuracy

The assay was compared with comercial CLIA test kit with 100 samples. The correlation coefficient(r) is 0.975.

2. Analytical sensitivity

The T3 Test Cassette (Serum/Plasma) can detect levels of T3 as low as 0.62 nmol/L (0.4 ng/mL) in serum, plasma.

3. Linearity range

0.62 ~ 9.24 nmol/L (0.4 - 6.0 ng/mL), R≥0.990

4. Precision

Intra-lot precision

Within-run precision has been determined by using 10 replicates of 2 specimens containing 1.54 nmol/L, 4.62 nmol/L of T3 C.V. is ≤ 15%.

Inter-lot precision

Between-run precision has been determined by using 10 replicates for each of three lots using 2 specimens containing 1.54 nmol/L, 4.62 nmol/L of T3 C.V. is ≤15%.

5. Interfering Substances

The following substances do not interfere with the test results at the indicated concentrations: Ascorbic Acid at 200 mg/L, Hemoglobin at 10 g/L, Triglyceride at 30 g/L, Bilirubin at 1,000 mg/dL, Uric Acid at 200 mg/L.

6. Cross-Reactivity

The test result is not higher than 3.1 nmol/L (2 ng/mL) when test T4>500 ng/mL, TSH>20 mU/L
















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- 2. Delange F, Bourdoux P, Chanoine JP, Ermans AM. Physiopathology of iodine nutrition during pregnancy, lactation and early postnatal life. In: Berger H,

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- 3. Thyroidal and peripheral production of 3,5,3'-triiodothyronine in humans by multicompartmental analysis.Pilo A, Iervasi G, Vitek F, Ferdeghini M, Cazzuola F, Bianchi R Am J Physiol. 1990 Apr; 258(4 Pt 1):E715-26.

SYMBOLS

	Consult Instructions For Use		Catalogue Number
	For <i>In-vitro</i> Diagnostic use		Authorized Representative
	Store at 4 °C ~ 30 °C		Do Not Reuse
	Keep away from Sunlight		Do Not Use if Package is Damaged
	Lot Number		European Conformity
	Manufacturer		Date of Manufacture
	Expiration Date		Tests per Kit
	Unique Device Identifier		

	MP Biomedicals Germany GmbH Thueringer Str. 15 37269 Eschwege Germany	Customer Service:  +49 (0) 5651 – 921-186  +49 (0) 5651 – 921-181  diagnostics@mpbio.com
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