

RayBio[®] Mouse IL-6R *Speed*ELISA Kit

Catalog #: ELMS-IL6R

User Manual
Last revised Mar 3, 2017

Caution:
Extraordinarily useful information enclosed



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RayBiotech, Inc.

RayBio[®] Mouse IL-6R **Speed**ELISA
Protocol

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Please read the entire manual carefully before starting your experiment

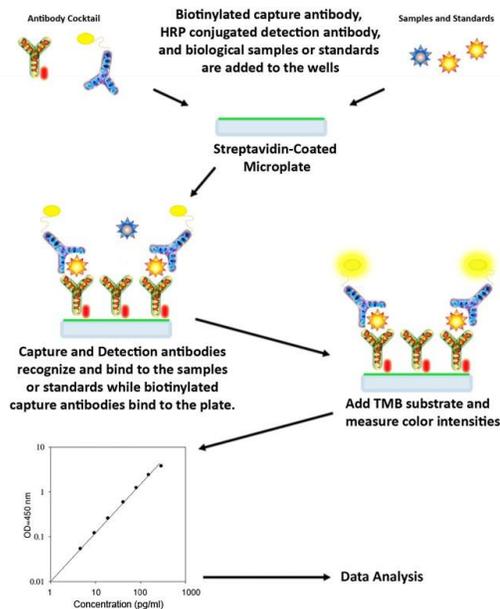
I. INTRODUCTION

The RayBio[®] Mouse IL-6R **SpeedELISA** kit is an in vitro enzyme-linked immunosorbent assay for the quantitative measurement of Mouse IL-6R in biological sample such as serum, plasma, and cell culture supernatants*. This **SpeedELISA** employs a biotinylated capture and a HRP-conjugated detection antibody which immunocaptures the sample analyte in solution. The microplate in the kit is pre-coated with streptavidin. The biotinylated capture antibody/protein/HRP-conjugated detection antibody mixture is pipetted into the wells and the biotinylated Mouse IL-6R present in a sample is bound to the wells by the immobilized streptavidin. After incubation, the wells are washed to remove unbound material.

A TMB substrate solution is added to the wells and color develops in proportion to the amount of Mouse IL-6R bound. The Stop Solution changes the color from blue to yellow, and the intensity of the color is measured at 450 nm.

***Note:** Biotin interferes with this assay. If your samples contain biotin (commonly found in certain cell culture media such as RPMI, 1640, or F-12K), we recommend using the standard RayBio Sandwich ELISA kit.

II. How It Works



III. STORAGE

The entire kit may be stored at -20°C for up to 1 year from the date of shipment. Avoid repeated freeze-thaw cycles. The kit may be stored at 4°C for up to 6 months. For extended storage, it is recommended to store at -80°C. For prepared reagent storage, see table below.

IV. REAGENTS

Component	Size / Description	Storage / Stability After Preparation
Streptavidin-Coated Microplate (Item A)	96 wells (12 strips x 8 wells) coated with streptavidin.	1 month at 4°C
Wash Buffer Concentrate (20X) (Item B)	25 ml of 20X concentrated solution.	1 month at 4°C
Standard Protein (Item C)	2 vials of Mouse IL-6R. 1 vial is enough to run each standard in duplicate.	1 week at -80°C
Biotinylated-Conjugated Capture Antibody (Item F)	2 vial of Biotinylated anti-Mouse IL-6R. 1 vial is enough to assay half microplate.	5 days at 4°C
HRP Conjugated Detection Antibody (Item G)	2 vials of HRP conjugated anti-Mouse IL-6R. 1 vial is enough to assay half the microplate.	5 days at 4°C
TMB One-Step Substrate Reagent (Item H)	12 ml of 3,3,5,5'-tetramethylbenzidine (TMB) in buffer solution.	N/A
Stop Solution (Item I)	8 ml of 0.2 M sulfuric acid.	N/A
Assay Diluent (Item E2)	15 ml of 5X concentrated buffer	1 month at 4°C

V. ADDITIONAL MATERIALS REQUIRED

1. Microplate reader capable of measuring absorbance at 450 nm.
2. Precision pipettes to deliver 2 µl to 1 ml volumes.
3. Adjustable 1-25 ml pipettes for reagent preparation.
4. 100 ml and 1 liter graduated cylinders.
5. Absorbent paper.
6. Distilled or deionized water.
7. Log-log graph paper or computer and software for ELISA data analysis.
8. Tubes to prepare standard or sample dilutions.

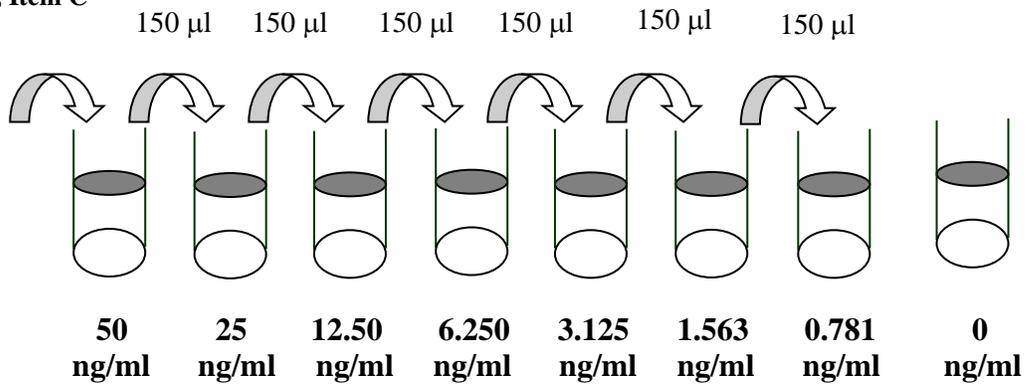
VI. REAGENT PREPARATION

1. Bring all reagents and samples to room temperature (18 - 25°C) before use.
2. Assay Diluents should be diluted 5-fold with deionized or distilled water before use.
3. Briefly spin down the biotinylated Capture Antibody vial (Item F) before use. Add 1.9 ml of 1X Assay Diluent into the vial to prepare the capture antibody solution. Pipette up and down to mix gently. This capture antibody solution will be used in step 5 of Part VI: Reagent Preparation.
4. Briefly spin down the HRP-conjugated Detection Antibody vial (Item G) before use. Add 1.9 ml of 1X Assay Diluent into the vial to prepare the detection antibody solution. Pipette up and down to mix gently. This detection antibody solution will be used in the following step.
5. Prepare the Antibody Cocktail: a 1:1 mixture of the biotinylated capture antibody and the HRP-conjugated detection antibody. This antibody cocktail will be used in step 3 of Part VII: Assay Procedure.
For example: Add 1 ml of prepared biotinylated capture antibody solution and 1 ml HRP-conjugated detection antibody solution into a tube (transfer 1.9 ml biotinylated Capture Antibody vial, Item F into 1.9 ml HRP-conjugated Detection Antibody vial, Item G. This yields Antibody Cocktail, enough to assay half the plate). Mix well and use immediately.
6. Sample Dilution: 1X Assay Diluent (Item E2) should be used for dilution of serum, plasma, and cell culture supernatant samples. The suggested dilution for normal serum/plasma is 2 fold.

Note: Levels of IL-6R may vary between different samples. Optimal dilution factors for each sample must be determined by the investigator.

7. Preparation of standard: Briefly spin a vial of Item C. Add 400 µl of 1X Assay Diluent (Item E2; Assay Diluent should be diluted 5-fold with deionized or distilled water before use) into Item C vial to prepare a 50 ng/ml standard. Dissolve the powder thoroughly by a gentle mix. Pipette 150 µl 1X Assay Diluent into each tube. Use the 50 ng/ml standard solution to produce a dilution series (shown below). Mix each tube thoroughly before the next transfer. 1X Assay Diluent serves as the zero standard (0 ng/ml).

Standard, Item C
+ 400 μ l



8. If the Wash Concentrate (20X) (Item B) contains visible crystals, warm to room temperature and mix gently until dissolved. Dilute 20 ml of Wash Buffer Concentrate into deionized or distilled water to yield 400 ml of 1X Wash Buffer.

VII. ASSAY PROCEDURE

1. Bring all reagents and samples to room temperature (18 - 25°C) before use. It is recommended that all standards and samples be run at least in duplicate.
2. Label removable 8-well strips as appropriate for your experiment.
3. Add 70 µl of the Antibody Cocktail (see Reagent Preparation step 5) into appropriate wells. Cover wells and incubate for 10 minutes at room temperature.
4. Add 50 µl of standard (see Reagent Preparation step 6) or each sample (see Reagent Preparation step 7) into each well with the Antibody Cocktail added in Step 3. Cover wells and incubate for 2 hours at room temperature.
5. Discard the solution and wash 4 times with 1x Wash Solution. Wash by filling each well with Wash Buffer (300 µl) using a multi-channel Pipette or autowasher. Complete removal of liquid at each step is essential to good performance. After the last wash, remove any remaining Wash Buffer by aspirating or decanting. Invert the plate and blot it against clean paper towels.
6. Add 100 µl of TMB One-Step Substrate Reagent (Item H) to each well. Incubate for 30 minutes at room temperature in the dark with gentle shaking.
7. Add 50 µl of Stop Solution (Item I) to each well. Read at 450 nm immediately.

VIII. ASSAY PROCEDURE SUMMARY

1. Prepare all reagents, samples and standards as instructed.
2. Add 70 µl of the Antibody Cocktail to the appropriate wells and incubate for 10 minutes at room temperature.
3. Add 50 µl of sample or standard to each well and incubate for 2 hours at room temperature.
4. Wash wells.
5. Add 100 µl of TMB One-Step Substrate Reagent to each well. Incubate for 30 minutes at room temperature.

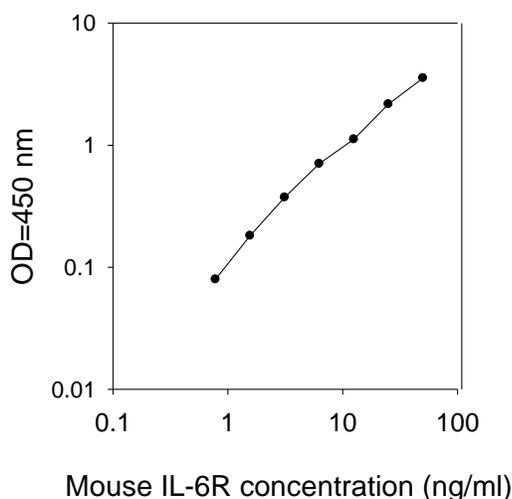
6. Add 50 μ l of Stop Solution to each well. Read at 450 nm immediately.

IX. CALCULATION OF RESULTS

Calculate the mean absorbance for each set of duplicate standards, controls and samples, and subtract the average zero standard optical density. Plot the standard curve on log-log graph paper or using Sigma plot software, with standard concentration on the x-axis and absorbance on the y-axis. Draw the best-fit straight line through the standard points.

A. TYPICAL DATA

These standard curves are for demonstration only. A standard curve must be run with each assay.



B. SENSITIVITY

The minimum detectable dose of Mouse IL-6R was determined to be 0.78 ng/ml.

Minimum detectable dose is defined as the analyte concentration resulting in an absorbance that is 2 standard deviation higher than that of the blank (diluent buffer).

C. RECOVERY

Recovery was determined by spiking various levels Mouse IL-6R into mouse serum, plasma and cell culture media. Mean recoveries are as follows:

Sample Type	Average % Recovery	Range (%)
Serum	106.3	82-119
Plasma	119.8	107-146
Cell culture media	108.0	103-113

D. LINEARITY

Sample Type		Serum	Plasma	Cell Culture Media
1:2	Average % of Expected	92.44	90.07	77.58
	Range (%)	82-103	86-98	69-76
1:4	Average % of Expected	89.33	84.40	88.53
	Range (%)	76-103	72-94	86-91

E. REPRODUCIBILITY

Intra-Assay CV%: <10%

Inter-Assay CV%: <12%

X. SPECIFICITY

This ELISA kit shows no cross-reactivity with the following cytokines tested: Mouse CD30, L CD30, T CD40, CRG-2, CTACK, CXCL16, Eotaxin , Eotaxin-2, Fas Ligand, Fractalkine, GCSF, GM-CFS, IGFBP-3, IGFBP-5, IGFBP-6, IL-1 α , IL-1 β , IL-2, IL-3 Rb, IL-4, IL-5, IL-9, IL-10, IL-12 p70, IL-13, IL-17, KC, Leptin R, LEPTIN(OB), LIX, L-Selectin, Lymphotactin, MCP-1, MCP-5, M-CSF, MIG, MIP-1 α , MIP-1 γ , MIP-2, MIP-3 β , MIP-3 α , PF-4, P-Selectin, RANTES, SCF, SDF-1 α , TARC, TCA-3, TECK, TIMP-1, TNF- α , TNF RI, TNF RII, TPO, VCAM-1, VEGF.

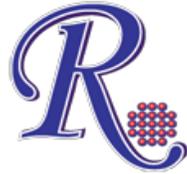
XI. TROUBLESHOOTING GUIDE

Problem	Cause	Solution
Poor standard curve	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Inaccurate pipetting • Improper standard dilution 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Check pipettes • Briefly centrifuge Item C and dissolve the powder thoroughly by gently mixing
Low signal	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Improper preparation of standard and/or biotinylated antibody (Item G) • Too brief incubation times Inadequate reagent volumes or improper dilution 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Briefly spin down vials before opening. Dissolve the powder thoroughly. • Ensure sufficient incubation time; assay procedure step 2 may be done overnight Check pipettes and ensure correct preparation
Large CV	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Inaccurate pipetting • Air bubbles in wells 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Check pipettes • Remove bubbles in wells
High background	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Plate is insufficiently washed Contaminated wash buffer 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Review the manual for proper wash. If using a plate washer, ensure that all ports are unobstructed. • Make fresh wash buffer
Low sensitivity	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Improper storage of the ELISA kit • Stop solution 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Store your standard at <-70°C after reconstitution, others at 4°C. Keep substrate solution protected from light. • Add stop solution to each well before reading plate

RayBio[®] ELISA Kits

Over 2,500 ELISA kits available, visit www.RayBiotech.com/ELISA-Kits.html for details.

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