

# RayBio<sup>®</sup> Human, Mouse and Rat Phosphotyrosine STAT3 ELISA Kit

Catalog #: PEL-Stat3-Y

User Manual

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Caution:  
Extraordinarily useful information enclosed



ISO 13485 Certified

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RayBiotech, Inc.

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## RayBio<sup>®</sup> Human, Mouse and Rat Phosphotyrosine STAT3 ELISA Kit

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Please read the entire manual carefully before starting your experiment

## **I. INTRODUCTION**

RayBio® Phosphotyrosine STAT3 ELISA kit is a very rapid, convenient and sensitive assay kit that can monitor the activation or function of important biological pathways in cell lysates. By determining phosphorylated STAT3 in your experimental model system, you can verify pathway activation in your cell lysates. You can simultaneously measure numerous different cell lysates without spending excess time and effort in performing a Western Blot analysis.

This sandwich-based ELISA kit is an in vitro enzyme-linked immunosorbent assay for the measurement of Human, Mouse and Rat phospho-STAT3. An anti-STAT3 antibody has been coated onto a 96-well plate. Samples are pipetted into the wells and phosphorylated and unphosphorylated STAT3 present in a sample is bound to the wells by the immobilized antibody. The wells are washed and biotinylated anti-phosphotyrosine antibody is used to detect only tyrosine-phosphorylated protein. After washing away unbound antibody, HRP-conjugated streptavidin is pipetted to the wells. The wells are again washed, a TMB substrate solution is added to the wells and color develops in proportion to the amount of phospho-STAT3 bound. The Stop Solution changes the color from blue to yellow, and the intensity of the color is measured at 450 nm.

## **II. STORAGE**

The entire kit may be stored at -20°C for up to 6 months from the date of shipment. Avoid repeated freeze-thaw cycles. For extended storage, it is recommended to store at -80°C. For prepared reagent storage, see table below.

### III. REAGENTS

| Component                                  | Size / Description                                                                                                                | Storage / Stability After Preparation |
|--------------------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|---------------------------------------|
| Pan STAT3 Microplate (Item A)              | 96 wells (12 strips x 8 wells) coated with anti-pan-STAT3.                                                                        | 1 month at -20°C*                     |
| Wash Buffer Concentrate (20X) (Item B)     | 25 ml of 20X concentrated solution.                                                                                               | 1 month at 4°C                        |
| Positive Control-A431S002-1 (Item K)       | 1 vial of lyophilized powder from cell lysates.                                                                                   | 1 week at -80°C                       |
| Biotinylated anti-phosphotyrosine (Item C) | 2 vials of biotinylated anti-phosphotyrosine (each vial is enough to assay half microplate).                                      | 5 days at 4°C                         |
| HRP-Streptavidin concentrate (Item G)      | 1 vial (200 µl) of 600x concentrated HRP-conjugated streptavidin.                                                                 | Do not store and reuse.               |
| TMB One-Step Substrate Reagent (Item H)    | 12 ml of 3,3',5,5'-tetramethylbenzidine (TMB) in buffer solution.                                                                 | N/A                                   |
| Stop Solution (Item I)                     | 8 ml of 0.2 M sulfuric acid.                                                                                                      | N/A                                   |
| Assay Diluent (Item E2)                    | 15 ml of 5X concentrated buffer. For diluting cell lysate samples, detection antibody (Item C), and HRP-Streptavidin concentrate. | 1 month at 4°C                        |
| Cell Lysate Buffer (Item J)                | 5 ml 2X cell lysis buffer (does not include protease and phosphatase inhibitors).                                                 | 1 month at 4°C                        |

\*Return unused wells to the pouch containing desiccant pack, reseal along entire edge.

### IV. ADDITIONAL MATERIALS REQUIRED

1. Microplate reader capable of measuring absorbance at 450 nm.
2. Protease and Phosphatase inhibitors.
3. Shaker.
4. Precision pipettes to deliver 2 µl to 1 ml volumes.
5. Adjustable 1-25 ml pipettes for reagent preparation.
6. 100 ml and 1 liter graduated cylinders.
7. Absorbent paper.
8. Distilled or deionized water.
9. Log-log graph paper or computer and software for ELISA data analysis.
10. Tubes to prepare the positive control or sample dilutions.

### V. SAMPLE PREPARATION

Cell Lysate Preparation: Rinse the cells with PBS, making sure to remove any remaining PBS before adding the lysis buffer. Solubilize cells at  $4 \times 10^7$  cells/ml in prepared Cell Lysate Buffer (Item J) (see Reagent Preparation step 3). Pipette up

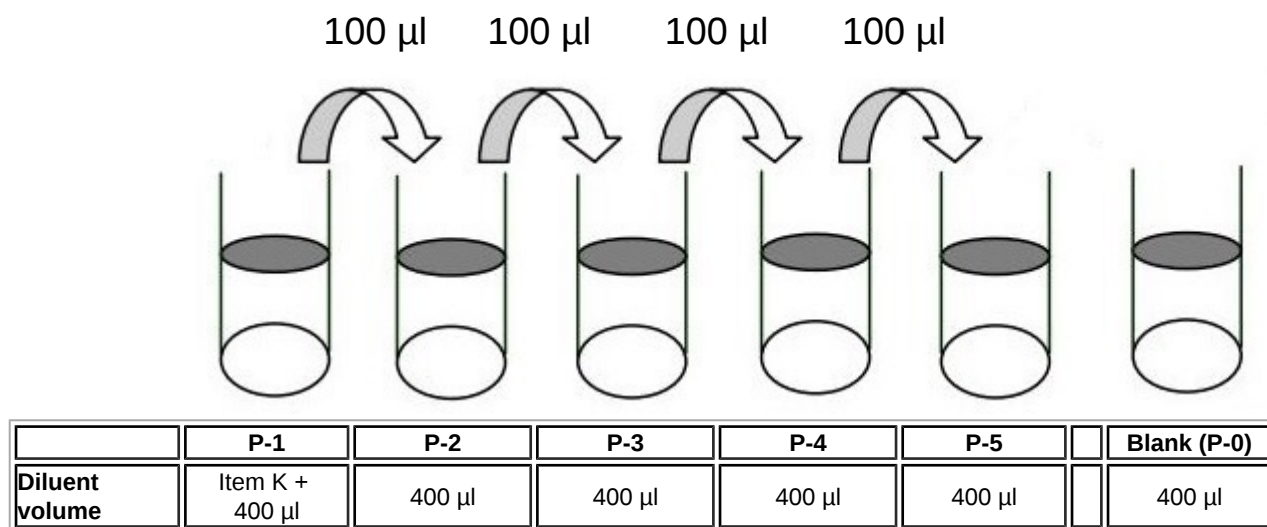
and down to resuspend the pellet. Incubate the lysates with shaking at 2-8°C for 30 minutes. Microcentrifuge at 13,000 rpm for 10 minutes at 2-8°C and transfer the supernatantes into a clean test tube. Lysates should be used immediately or aliquoted and stored at -70°C. Avoid repeated freeze-thaw cycles. Thawed lysates should be kept on ice prior to use.

For the initial experiment, we recommend a serial dilution, such as a 5-fold to 100-fold dilution, for your cell lysates with prepared Assay Diluent (Item E2) (see Reagent Preparation step 2) before use.

***Note: The fold dilution of sample used depends on the abundance of phosphorylated proteins and should be determined empirically. More of the sample can be used if signals are too weak. If signals are too strong, the sample can be diluted further.***

## VI. REAGENT PREPARATION

1. Bring all reagents and samples to room temperature (18 - 25°C) before use.
2. 5X Assay Diluent (Item E2) should be diluted 5-fold with deionized or distilled water before use.
3. Cell lysate buffer (Item J) should be diluted 2-fold with deionized or distilled water (for cell lysate and tissue lysate). We also recommend the addition of protease and phosphatase inhibitors (not included) to the lysis buffer prior to use.
4. Preparation of Positive Control: Briefly spin the Positive Control Vial (Item K). Add 400  $\mu$ l of prepared 1X Assay Diluent (Item E2) into Item K to prepare a Positive Control (P-1) solution. Gently mix the powder to allow it to dissolve thoroughly. If a precipitate is seen in the solution after mixing, this can be removed by a quick centrifuge of the positive control vial, and then pipetting the supernate only for the assay. Pipette 400  $\mu$ l 1X Assay Diluent into each tube. Use the Positive Control (P-1) solution to produce a dilution series (shown below). Mix each tube thoroughly before the next transfer. 1X Assay Diluent serves as the blank (P-0).



5. If the Wash Concentrate (20X) (Item B) contains visible crystals, warm to room temperature and mix gently until dissolved. Dilute 20 ml of Wash Buffer Concentrate into deionized or distilled water to yield 400 ml of 1X Wash Buffer.
6. Preparation of Biotinylated anti-phosphotyrosine: Briefly spin the vial of

Biotinylated anti-phosphotyrosine (Item C). Add 100 µl of 1X Assay Diluent into the vial to prepare a phosphotyrosine detection antibody concentrate. Pipette up and down to mix gently (the concentrate can be stored at 4°C for 5 days or at -80°C for one month). The concentrate should then be diluted 80-fold with 1X Assay Diluent and used in step 4 of the Assay Procedure.

7. Preparation of HRP-Streptavidin: Briefly spin the vial of HRP-Streptavidin concentrate (Item G) before use. HRP-Streptavidin should be diluted 600-fold with 1X Assay Diluent and used in step 7 of the Assay Procedure.

*For example: Briefly spin the vial (Item G) and pipette up and down to mix gently . Add 20 µl of HRP-Streptavidin concentrate into a tube with 12 ml 1x Assay Diluent to prepare a 600-fold diluted HRP-Streptavidin solution (don't store the diluted solution for next day use). Mix well.*

## **VII. ASSAY PROCEDURE**

1. Bring all reagents and samples to room temperature (18 - 25°C) before use. It is strongly recommended to run all positive controls and samples in at least duplicate.
2. Label removable 8-well strips as appropriate for your experiment.
3. Add 100 µl of positive control (see Reagent Preparation step 4) or sample into appropriate wells. Cover the wells and incubate for 2.5 hours at room temperature or overnight at 4°C with gentle shaking.
4. Discard the solution and wash 4 times with 1X Wash Solution. Wash by filling each well with Wash Buffer (300 µl) using a multi-channel Pipette or autowasher. Complete removal of liquid at each step is essential for good performance. After the last wash, remove any remaining Wash Buffer by aspirating or decanting. Invert the plate and blot it against clean paper towels.
5. Add 100 µl of prepared 1X biotinylated anti-phosphotyrosine (see Reagent Preparation step 6) to each well. Incubate for 1 hour at room temperature with gentle shaking.
6. Discard the solution. Repeat the wash as in step 4.
7. Add 100 µl of prepared HRP-Streptavidin solution (see Reagent Preparation

step 7) to each well. Incubate for 45 minutes at room temperature with gentle shaking.

8. Discard the solution. Repeat the wash as in step 4.
9. Add 100 µl of TMB One-Step Substrate Reagent (Item H) to each well. Incubate for 30 minutes at room temperature in the dark with gentle shaking.
10. Add 50 µl of Stop Solution (Item I) to each well. Read at 450 nm immediately.

## **VIII. ASSAY PROCEDURE SUMMARY**

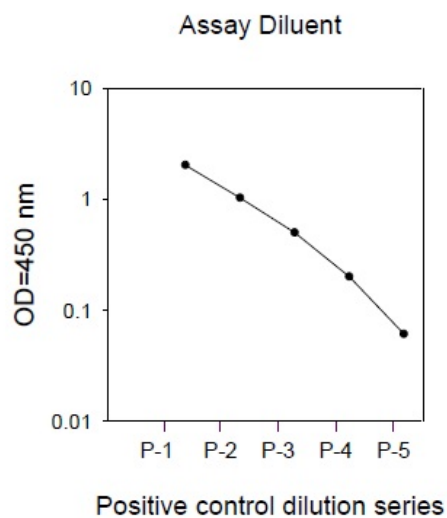
1. Prepare all reagents, samples and positive control as instructed.
2. Add 100 µl positive control or sample to each well. Incubate 2.5 hours at room temperature or overnight at 4°C with gentle shaking.
3. Add 100 µl prepared detection antibody to each well. Incubate for 1 hour at room temperature with gentle shaking.
4. Add 100 µl prepared HRP-Conjugated solution. Incubate for 45 minutes at room temperature with gentle shaking.
5. Add 100 µl TMB One-Step Substrate Reagent to each well. Incubate 30 minutes at room temperature.
6. Add 50 µl Stop Solution to each well. Read at 450 nm immediately.

## IX. TYPICAL DATA

Calculate the mean absorbance for each set of duplicate positive controls and samples, and then subtract the average zero (blank) optical density.

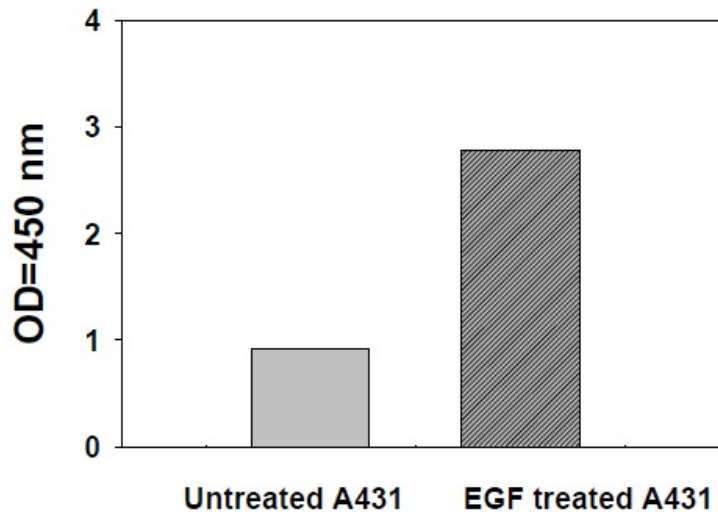
### A. Positive Control

A431 cells were treated with recombinant human EGF at 37°C for 10 min. Cells were solubilized at  $4 \times 10^7$  cells/ml in lysis buffer. Serial dilutions of lysates were analyzed in this ELISA (see Reagent Preparation step 4).



## B. Recombinant Human EGF Stimulation of A431 Cell Lines

A431 cells were untreated or treated with 100 ng/ml recombinant human EGF for 10 min. Cell lysates were analyzed using this phospho-ELISA.



## X. TROUBLESHOOTING GUIDE

| Problem                | Cause                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      | Solution                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                |
|------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Low signal in samples  | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Sample concentration is too low</li> <li>• Improper preparation of detection antibody</li> <li>• Too brief incubation times</li> <li>• Inadequate reagent volumes or improper dilution</li> </ul> | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Increase sample concentration</li> <li>• Briefly spin down vials before opening. Dissolve the powder thoroughly.</li> <li>• Ensure sufficient incubation time; assay procedure step 3 may be done overnight</li> <li>• Check pipettes and ensure correct preparation</li> </ul>                |
| High signal in samples | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Sample concentration is too high</li> </ul>                                                                                                                                                       | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Reduce sample concentration</li> </ul>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         |
| Large CV               | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Inaccurate pipetting</li> <li>• Air bubbles in wells</li> </ul>                                                                                                                                   | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Check pipettes</li> <li>• Remove bubbles in wells</li> </ul>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   |
| High background        | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Plate is insufficiently washed</li> <li>• Contaminated wash buffer</li> </ul>                                                                                                                     | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Review the manual for proper wash. If using a plate washer, ensure that all ports are unobstructed.</li> <li>• Make fresh wash buffer</li> </ul>                                                                                                                                               |
| Low sensitivity        | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Improper storage of the ELISA kit</li> <li>• Stop solution</li> <li>• Improper primary or secondary antibody dilution</li> </ul>                                                                  | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Store your positive control at <math>&lt;-70^{\circ}\text{C}</math> after reconstitution, others at <math>4^{\circ}\text{C}</math>. Keep substrate solution protected from light.</li> <li>• Add stop solution to each well before reading plate</li> <li>• Ensure correct dilution</li> </ul> |

## RayBio<sup>®</sup> ELISA Kits

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