



## **Ultra High Fidelity DNA Polymerase Master Mix (1000 rxns)**

Zellbio GmbH (Germany)

CAT No. ZX-22119-1000

[www.zellx.de](http://www.zellx.de)

PCR-Cloning | Primers extension | Long or difficult amplification | High-Throughput PCR

**!!! Caution: This product is for Research Use Only. Not for *in-vitro* Diagnostics !!!**

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Please read this insert completely prior to using the product.

## Introduction

ZellX<sup>®</sup> Ultra High Fidelity DNA Polymerase Master Mix is an optimized ready-to-use master mix that contains all PCR reaction reagents including dNTPs, PCR buffer, MgCl<sub>2</sub> and Ultra High Fidelity DNA polymerase (except primers and DNA template) needed for running PCR reactions. ZELLX<sup>®</sup> Ultra High Fidelity DNA Polymerase is a second generation and the best High-fidelity DNA Polymerase in the market that exhibits magnificent performance for all PCR applications. It amplifies long templates with a robust accuracy and speed. The Fidelity of ZELLX<sup>®</sup> Ultra High Fidelity DNA Polymerase is more than **50-fold** higher comparing to the normal Taq DNA Polymerase.

It possesses the 5' → 3' DNA polymerase activity, combined with a robust 3' → 5' exonuclease activity to generate long PCR products with blunt ends for further cloning application. It is also suitable for amplification of long amplicons such as 10-20 kb of genomic DNA. With an amazing fidelity rate it is a great option to be used in cloning/subcloning DNA for protein expression, SNP analysis and next generation sequencing applications.

The ZellX<sup>®</sup> Ultra High Fidelity DNA Polymerase Master Mix formulation saves time and eliminates or decreases the risk of error and contamination due to a reduced number of pipetting steps.

## Materials supplied in the Kit

<i>Component</i>	<i>Quantity</i>
<b>Ultra High Fidelity DNA Polymerase Master Mix (2X)</b>	10 mL (8 x 1.25 mL)
<b>DMSO (100%)</b>	1000 µL
<b>MgCl<sub>2</sub> (25 mM)</b>	200 µL

## Storage instruction

All reagents should be stored at -20°C upon receipt. Avoid repeated freezing and thawing.

## Materials required but not supplied

Precision pipettes and disposable filter pipette tips (RNase & DNase free)

Nuclease-free tubes / strips / plates corresponding to the PCR device

## Precautions

This kit should only be used by qualified personnel who have had laboratory safety instruction. The complete insert should be read and understood before attempting to use the product.

## General remarks

- The instruction must be strictly followed. PCR machine / Thermocycler must be turned on and programmed in advance to avoid delays after setting up the reactions.
- Pipette tips should not be used more than once to prevent cross contamination.
- Reagents of different batches should not be mixed or used after their expiration dates.

## Assay Procedure

### For 20 µL reaction

- Thaw Master Mix on ice and mix them well. Collect liquid at the bottom of the tube with a quick spin.
- Set up the following reaction mixture.
- **Important Note:** Ultra High Fidelity DNA polymerase Master Mix must be added as last component to the PCR mixture, since the enzyme exhibits 3'->5' exonuclease activity that can degrade primers in the absence of dNTPs.

<b>Component</b>	<b>Quantity</b>
<b>Ultra High Fidelity DNA Polymerase Master Mix</b>	10 µL
<b>Forward Primer</b>	0.5 µM
<b>Reverse Primer</b>	0.5 µM
<b>DNA template</b>	20-50 ng (Plasmid DNA) 100-250 ng (Genomic DNA)
<b>DMSO*</b>	3%
<b>Nuclease-Free Water</b>	Up to 20 µL

\* Addition of DMSO is recommended for GC-rich amplicons. If DMSO is added in the PCR reaction, Tm must be decreased about 3° C.

Mix reagents thoroughly, and transfer to the thermocycler.

- Run the appropriate PCR cycling protocol on your PCR instrument.

<b>Step</b>	<b>Number of Cycles</b>	<b>Temperature</b>	<b>Duration</b>
<b>Initial activation</b>	1	98°C	3 min
<b>Amplification</b>	25-35	98°C	5-10 sec
		TM	10-35 sec
		72°C	15-30 sec/kb*
<b>Cooling</b>	1	72°C	5-10 min
		4°C	∞

\* Extension time depends on amplicon length and complexity:

- For low complexity DNA (eg. Plasmid, lambda, or BAC DNA) use 15 s per Kb.
  - For high complexity DNA (eg. gDNA) use 30s per kb. Do not exceed 1 min. per kb for amplicons that are <3 kb.
- The appropriate PCR cycling protocol must be optimized by the end user
- high primer concentrations result in nonspecific amplification and should be avoided