

Synonym

B7-H4,VTCN1,B7S1,B7h.5

Source

Human B7-H4 Protein, Fc Tag(B74-H5256) is expressed from human 293 cells (HEK293). It contains AA Phe 29 - Ala 258 (Accession # Q7Z7D3-1). Predicted N-terminus: Phe 29

Molecular Characterization

B7-H4(Phe 29 - Ala 258) Fc(Pro 100 - Lys 330)
Q7Z7D3-1 P01857

This protein carries a human IgG1 Fc tag at the C-terminus.

The protein has a calculated MW of 51.8 kDa. The protein migrates as 66-85 kDa under reducing (R) condition (SDS-PAGE) due to glycosylation.

Endotoxin

Less than 0.01 EU per μg by the LAL method / rFC method.

Purity

>95% as determined by SDS-PAGE.

Formulation

Lyophilized from 0.22 μm filtered solution in PBS, pH7.4 with trehalose as protectant.

Contact us for customized product form or formulation.

Reconstitution

Please see Certificate of Analysis for specific instructions.

For best performance, we strongly recommend you to follow the reconstitution protocol provided in the CoA.

Storage

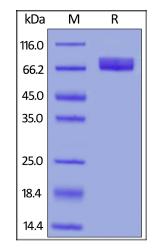
For long term storage, the product should be stored at lyophilized state at -20°C or lower.

Please avoid repeated freeze-thaw cycles.

This product is stable after storage at:

- -20°C to -70°C for 12 months in lyophilized state;
- -70°C for 3 months under sterile conditions after reconstitution.

SDS-PAGE



Human B7-H4 Protein, Fc Tag on SDS-PAGE under reducing (R) condition. The gel was stained with Coomassie Blue. The purity of the protein is greater than 95%.

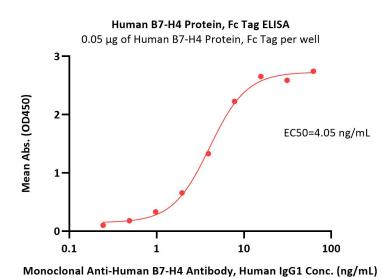
Bioactivity-ELISA



Human B7-H4 Protein, Fc Tag, low endotoxin







Immobilized Human B7-H4 Protein, Fc Tag (Cat. No. B74-H5256) at 0.5 μ g/mL (100 μ L/well) can bind Anti-B7-H4 MAb (Human IgG1) with a linear

Background

range of 0.2-8 ng/mL (QC tested).

V-set domain-containing T-cell activation inhibitor 1 (VTCN1) is also known as Immune costimulatory protein B7-H4, Protein B7S1, T-cell costimulatory molecule B7x, B7H4, which belongs to the immunoglobulin superfamily and BTN/MOG family. VTCN1 contains two Ig-like V-type (immunoglobulin-like) domains. The expression of VTCN1 is up-regulated by IL6 and IL10 and is inhibited by GM-CSF and IL4 on antigen-presenting cells (APCs). VTCN1 / B7-H4 negatively regulates T-cell-mediated immune response by inhibiting T-cell activation, proliferation, cytokine production and development of cytotoxicity. VTCN1 involved in promoting epithelial cell transformation.

