



Synonym

CD40LG,CD154,CD40L,HIGM1,IGM,IMD3,T-BAM,TNFSF5,TRAP, gp39

Source

Biotinylated Human CD40 Ligand Protein, Avitag,His,Flag Tag(CDL-H82Db) is expressed from human 293 cells (HEK293). It contains AA Gly 116 - Leu 261 (Accession # [P29965-1](#)).

Predicted N-terminus: Gly

Molecular Characterization

This protein carries an Avi tag (Avitag™) at the N-terminus, followed by flag tag. The polyhistidine tag is inserted in-between the Avi tag and Flag tag.

The protein has a calculated MW of 51.6 kDa. The protein migrates as 50-55 kDa under reducing (R) condition (SDS-PAGE) due to glycosylation.

Labeling

Biotinylation of this product is performed using Avitag™ technology. Briefly, the single lysine residue in the Avitag is enzymatically labeled with biotin.

Protein Ratio

Passed as determined by the HABA assay / binding ELISA.

Purity

>95% as determined by SDS-PAGE.

>95% as determined by SEC-MALS.

Formulation

Lyophilized from 0.22 µm filtered solution in PBS, pH7.4 with trehalose as protectant.

Contact us for customized product form or formulation.

Reconstitution

Please see Certificate of Analysis for specific instructions.

For best performance, we strongly recommend you to follow the reconstitution protocol provided in the CoA.

Storage

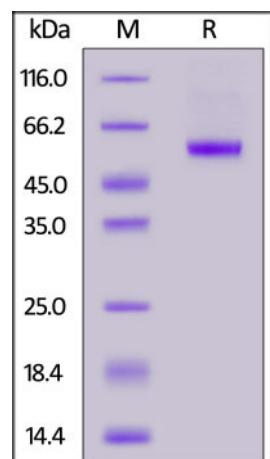
For long term storage, the product should be stored at lyophilized state at -20°C or lower.

Please avoid repeated freeze-thaw cycles.

This product is stable after storage at:

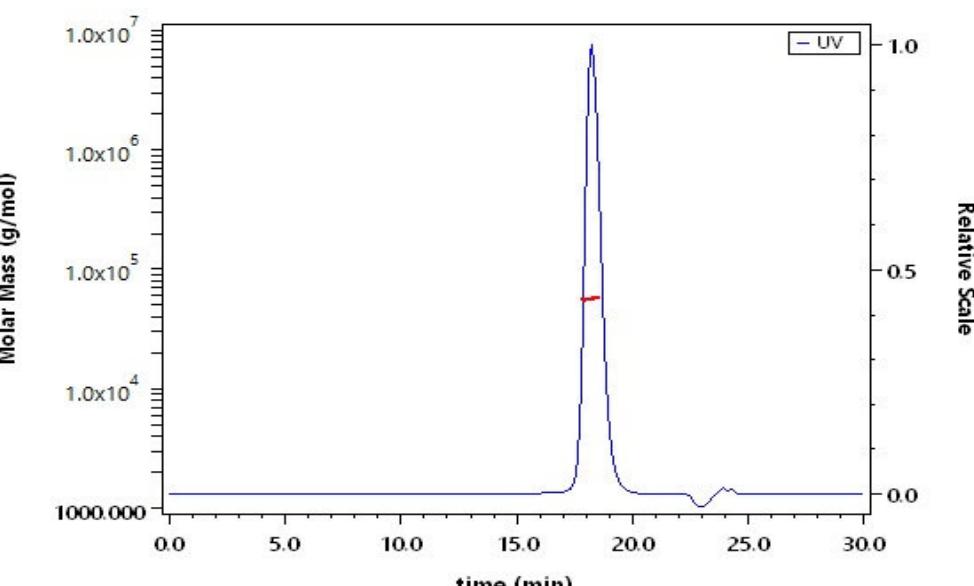
- -20°C to -70°C for 12 months in lyophilized state;
- -70°C for 3 months under sterile conditions after reconstitution.

SDS-PAGE



Biotinylated Human CD40 Ligand Protein, Avitag,His,Flag Tag on SDS-PAGE under reducing (R) condition. The gel was stained with Coomassie Blue. The purity of the protein is greater than 95%.

SEC-MALS



The purity of Biotinylated Human CD40 Ligand Protein, Avitag,His,Flag Tag (Cat. No. CDL-H82Db) is more than 95% and the molecular weight of this protein is around 50-60 kDa verified by SEC-MALS.

[Report](#)

Bioactivity-ELISA

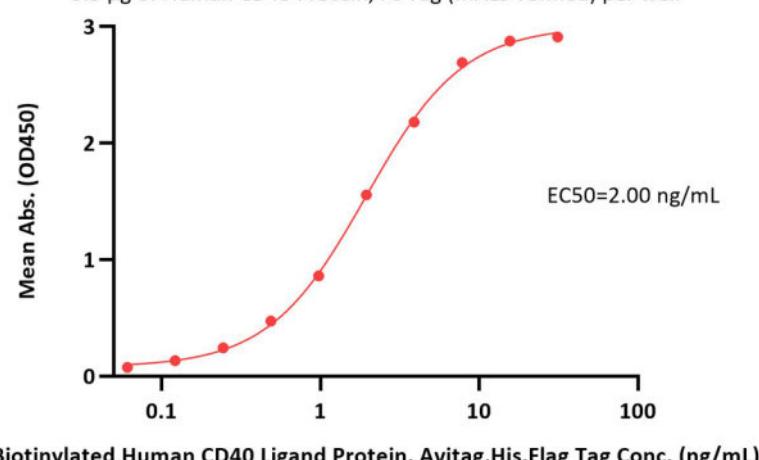
Discounts, Gifts,
and more!



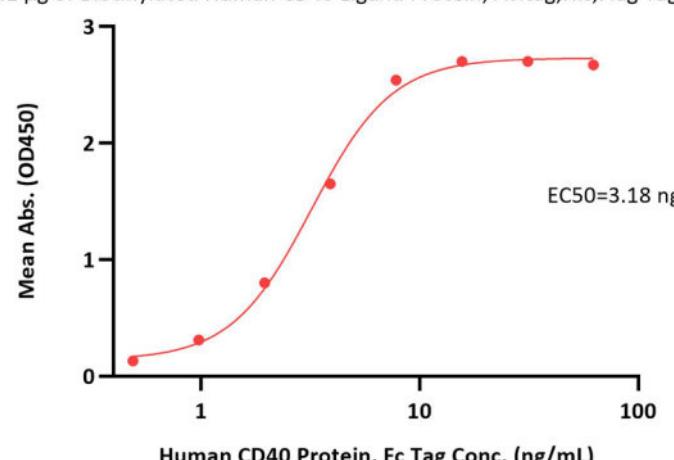
» www.acrobiosystems.com



Biotinylated Human CD40 Ligand Protein, Avitag,His,Flag Tag ELISA
0.5 µg of Human CD40 Protein, Fc Tag (MALS verified) per well



Biotinylated Human CD40 Ligand Protein, Avitag,His,Flag Tag ELISA
0.1 µg of Biotinylated Human CD40 Ligand Protein, Avitag,His,Flag Tag per well



Immobilized Human CD40 Protein, Fc Tag (MALS verified) (Cat. No. CD0-H5253) at 5 µg/mL (100 µL/well) can bind Biotinylated Human CD40 Ligand Protein, Avitag,His,Flag Tag (Cat. No. CDL-H82Db) with a linear range of 0.1-2 ng/mL (QC tested).

Immobilized Biotinylated Human CD40 Ligand Protein, Avitag,His,Flag Tag (Cat. No. CDL-H82Db) at 1 µg/mL (100 µL/well) on streptavidin (Cat. No. STN-N5116) precoated (0.5 µg/well) plate can bind Human CD40 Protein, Fc Tag (Cat. No. CD0-H5253) with a linear range of 0.5-8 ng/mL (Routinely tested).

Background

CD40 ligand is also known as CD40L, CD154, TNFSF5 and T-cell antigen Gp39, is a single-pass type I membrane protein which belongs to the TNF superfamily of molecules. CD40 ligand is expressed predominantly on activated CD4+ T lymphocytes, and also found in other types of cells, including platelets, mast cells, macrophages, basophils, NK cells, B lymphocytes, as well as non-haematopoietic cells (smooth muscle cells, endothelial cells, and epithelial cells). Although all monomeric, dimeric and trimeric forms of soluble CD40 ligand can bind to CD40, the trimeric form of soluble CD40 ligand has the most potent biological activity through oligomerization of cell surface CD40, a common feature of TNF receptor family members.

CD40 ligand binds to CD40 on antigen-presenting cells (APC), which leads to many effects depending on the target cell type. In general, CD40 ligand plays the role of a costimulatory molecule and induces activation in APC in association with T cell receptor stimulation by MHC molecules on the APC. In total CD40 ligand has three binding partners: CD40, α5β1 integrin and αIIbβ3. CD40 ligand regulates B cell function by engaging CD40 on the B cell surface. A defect in this gene results in an inability to undergo immunoglobulin class switch and is associated with hyper IgM syndrome.

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