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Human Activin RII (Luc) HEK293 Reporter Cell

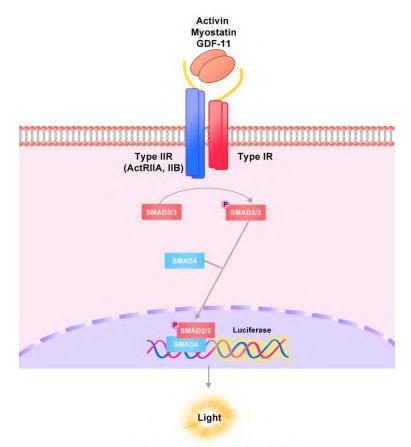
Catalog No.	Size
CHEK-ATF164	$2 \times (1 \text{ vial contains } \sim 5 \times 10^6 \text{ cells})$

• Description

The Human Activin RII (Luc) HEK293 Reporter Cell was engineered to express Smad signaling response element driving luciferase expressing systems. When stimulated with multiple ligands, including activin, myostatin and GDF-11, receptor-mediated signaling can drive Smad-mediated luminescence. Neutralization of biological effect of the ligand-receptor interaction by corresponding antibody results in a decrease in luminescence.

• Application

• Screen for neutralizing antibodies blocking the ligand-receptor interaction.



Human Activin RII (Luc) HEK293 Reporter Cell



• Cell Line Profile

Cell line	Human Activin RII (Luc) HEK293 Reporter Cell
Host Cell	HEK293
Property	Adherent
Complete Growth Medium	DMEM + 10% FBS
Selection Marker	Puromycin (2 μg/mL)
Incubation	37°C with 5% CO ₂
Doubling Time	22-24 hours
Transduction Technique	Lentivirus

• Materials Required for Cell Culture

• DMEM Medium (BasalMedia, Cat. No. L120KJ)

Note: If you are unable to obtain the specified DMEM medium (BasalMedia, Cat. No. L120KJ) in China, you may use an alternative DMEM medium (Gibco, Cat. No. 11965-092) or another suitable medium for culturing.

- Fetal bovine serum (CellMax, Cat. No. SA211.02)
- Puromycin (InvivoGen, Cat. No. ant-pr-5b)

Note: For selection antibiotics, we highly recommend using the specified brand. The activity of antibiotics may vary between manufacturers, so if you choose to use a different brand, it is essential to validate whether the concentration recommended in the culture medium is suitable. Regardless of the brand used, we recommend maintaining a backup culture without selection antibiotics to avoid potential cell loss due to inappropriate antibiotic concentration.

- 0.25% Trypsin-EDTA (1X), Phenol Red (Gibco, Cat. No. 25200-056)
- Penicillin-Streptomycin (Gibco, Cat. No. 15140-122)
- Phosphate Buffered Saline (1X) (HyClone, Cat. No. SH30256.01)
- Complete Growth Medium: DMEM + 10% FBS, 1%P/S
- Culture Medium: DMEM + 10% FBS, Puromycin (2 μg/mL), 1%P/S
- Freeze Medium: 90% FBS, 10% (V/V) DMSO
- T-75 Culture flask (Corning, Cat. No. 430641)
- Cryogenic storage vials (SARSTEDT, Cat. No. 72.379.007)
- Thermostat water bath
- Centrifuge (Cence, Model: L550)
- Cell counter (MONWEI, Model: SmartCell200A Plus)
- CO₂ Incubator (Thermo, Model: 3111)
- Biological Safety Cabinet (Thermo, Model: 1389)



• Recovery

- 1. Thaw the vial by gently agitating it in a 37°C water bath. To minimize the risk of contamination, ensure the cap remains out of the water. Thawing should be completed quickly, typically within 3-5 minutes.
- 2. After thawing, promptly remove the vial from the water bath and decontaminate it by spraying with 70% ethanol. From this point onward, all operations must be performed under strict aseptic conditions.
- 3. Transfer the contents of the vial to a centrifuge tube containing 4.0 mL of complete growth medium. Centrifuge at approximately 1000 rpm for 5 minutes.
- 4. Resuspend the cell pellet with 5 mL complete growth medium and transfer the cell suspension into a T-75 flask containing 10-15 mL of pre-warmed complete growth medium.
- 5. Incubate at 37°C with 5% CO₂ incubator until the cells are ready to be split.

• Subculture

- 1. Cell viability may be low after thawing, and full recovery may take up to a week. Monitor the cells daily until the culture reaches 80-90% confluency. At this point, remove and discard the spent medium. Avoid allowing the cells to become over-confluent to ensure optimal cell health.
- 2. Wash the cells once with sterile PBS. Avoid adding PBS directly onto the cell surface.
- 3. Add 2 mL of 0.25% Trypsin-EDTA to the T-75 flask. Place the flask at 37°C for 2-3 minutes, until 90% of the cells have detached. Monitor under a microscope to avoid over-trypsinization.
- 4. Add 6.0 to 8.0 mL of culture medium using a pipette and gently rinse the cells from the surface of the T-75 flask. Gently pipette up and down several times to achieve a single cell suspension without cell clumps.
- 5. Transfer appropriate aliquots of the cell suspension to a new T-75 flask. A subcultivation ratio of 1:4 to 1:8 is recommended. Adjust the ratio based on your specific culture system.
- 6. Incubate at 37°C with 5% CO₂ incubator.
- 7. When the cell culture reaches 80-90% confluency, proceed to the next subculture. Avoid over-confluency, as this may negatively impact cell performance in subsequent passages.

Note: After recovery, maintain the cells for 1-2 passages in the complete growth medium not containing the selection marker, if the cells are in good condition, transition to the culture medium containing the selection marker during subculturing.



• Cryopreservation

- 1. When the cell culture reaches 80-90% confluency, remove and discard the spent medium.
- 2. Wash the cells once with sterile PBS. Avoid adding PBS directly onto the cell surface.
- 3. Add 2 mL of 0.25% Trypsin-EDTA to the T-75 flask. Place the flask at 37°C for 2-3 minutes, until 90% of the cells have detached. Monitor under a microscope to avoid over-trypsinization.
- 4. Add 6.0 to 8.0 mL of complete growth medium using a pipette and gently rinse the cells from the surface of the T-75 flask. Gently pipette up and down several times to achieve a single cell suspension without cell clumps. Count the viable cells.
- 5. Transfer the cell suspension to a centrifuge tube. Centrifuge at 1000 rpm for 5 min at room temperature to pellet the cells.
- 6. After centrifugation, discard the supernatant. Resuspend the cells in ice cold freezing medium to a concentration of 5×10^6 to 1×10^7 cells/mL.
- 7. Aliquot the cell suspension into cryogenic storage vials. Place the vials in a programmable cooler or an insulated box placed in a -80°C freezer overnight, then transfer to liquid nitrogen storage for long-term storage.

Note: It is recommended to establish a cell bank at the earliest possible passage for long-term use.

Storage Condition

Cells must be received in a frozen state on dry ice and should be transferred to liquid nitrogen or a -80°C freezer immediately upon receipt. If stored in a -80°C freezer, it is recommended to limit the storage period to no more than two weeks. For long-term preservation, transfer the cells to liquid nitrogen is highly recommended.



• Signaling Bioassay

Human Activin A Protein Stimulation (RLU)

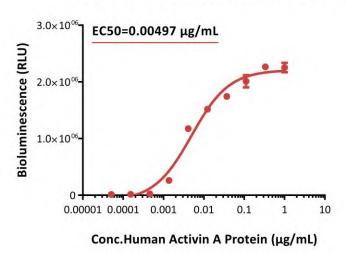


Fig1. Response to human Activin A protein (RLU). The Human Activin RII (Luc) HEK293 Reporter Cell was stimulated with serial dilutions of human Activin A protein (Cat. No. ACA-H421b). The EC50 was approximately $0.00497 \, \mu g/mL$.

Human Activin A Protein Stimulation (FOLD)

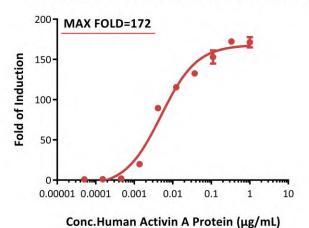


Fig2. Response to human Activin A protein (FOLD). The Human Activin RII (Luc) HEK293 Reporter Cell was stimulated with serial dilutions of human Activin A protein (Cat. No. ACA-H421b). The max induction fold was approximately 172.



Human GDF-11 Protein Stimulation (RLU)

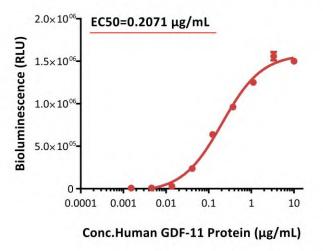


Fig3. Response to human GDF-11 protein (RLU). The Human Activin RII (Luc) HEK293 Reporter Cell was stimulated with serial dilutions of human GDF-11 protein. The EC50 was approximately 0.2071 μg/mL.

Human GDF-11 Protein Stimulation (FOLD)

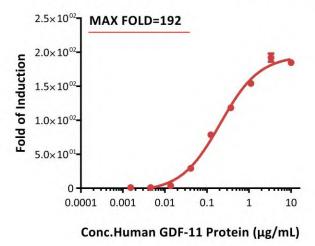
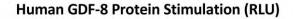


Fig4. Response to human GDF-11 protein (FOLD). The Human Activin RII (Luc) HEK293 Reporter Cell was stimulated with serial dilutions of human GDF-11 protein. The max induction fold was approximately 192.





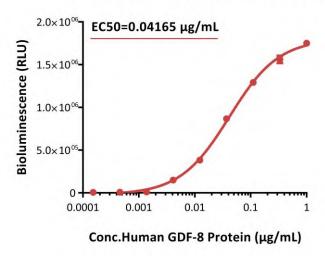


Fig5. Response to human GDF-8 protein (RLU). The Human Activin RII (Luc) HEK293 Reporter Cell was stimulated with serial dilutions of human GDF-8 protein (Cat. No. GD8-H5344). The EC50 was approximately $0.04165 \, \mu \text{g/mL}$.

Human GDF-8 Protein Stimulation (FOLD)

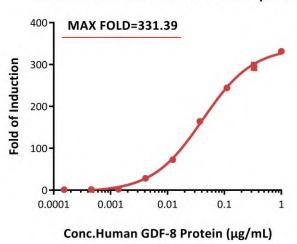


Fig6. Response to human GDF-8 protein (FOLD). The Human Activin RII (Luc) HEK293 Reporter Cell was stimulated with serial dilutions of human GDF-8 protein (Cat. No. GD8-H5344). The max induction fold was approximately 331.39.



• Application

Anti-Activin RII Neutralization Antibody Screening

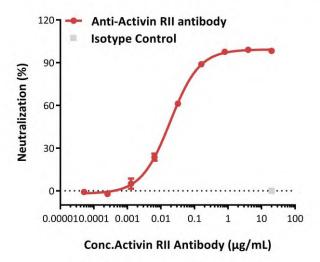


Fig7. Inhibition of human Activin A protein-induced reporter activity by anti-Activin RII neutralizing antibody. This reporter cell was incubated with serial dilutions of antibodies in the presence of human Activin A protein (Cat. No. ACA-H421b) with a final concentration of 0.01 μg/mL. The EC50 of anti-Activin RII neutralizing antibody (Bimagrumab) is approximately 0.01898 μg/mL.

Anti-Activin RII Neutralization Antibody Screening

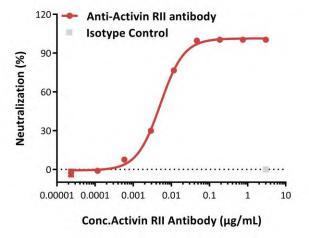


Fig8. Inhibition of human GDF-11 protein-induced reporter activity by anti-Activin RII neutralizing antibody. This reporter cell was incubated with serial dilutions of antibodies in the presence of human GDF-11 protein with a final concentration of 0.3 μg/mL. The EC50 of anti-Activin RII neutralizing antibody (Bimagrumab) is approximately 0.005157 μg/mL.



Anti-Activin RII Neutralization Antibody Screening

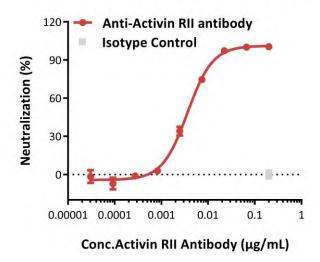


Fig9. Inhibition of human GDF-8 protein-induced reporter activity by anti-Activin RII neutralizing antibody. This reporter cell was incubated with serial dilutions of antibodies in the presence of human GDF-8 protein (Cat. No. GD8-H5344) with a final concentration of 0.01 μg/mL. The EC50 of anti-Activin RII neutralizing antibody (Bimagrumab) is approximately 0.003617 μg/mL.



• Related Products

Cat.No.
ACA-H421b
GD8-H5344
CHEK-ATF096
CHEK-ATF103
CHEK-ATF104
CHEK-ATP160
CHEK-ATP161
CHEK-ATP162
CHEK-ATF163
CHEK-ATP174
CHEK-ATF180
CHEK-ATF181
CHEK-ATP205
CHEK-ATP206
CHEK-ATP207
CHEK-ATP208
CHEK-ATP209
CHEK-ATP210
CHEK-ATP210
CHEK-ATP211
CHEK-ATP172
CHEK-ATP080
CHEK-ATP158