

Abbexa Ltd, Innovation Centre, Cambridge Science Park, Cambridge, CB4 0EY, UK Telephone: +44 (0) 1223 755950 - Fax: +44 (0) 1223 755951 - E-Mail: info@abbexa.com

DATASHEET

Mouse Homocysteine-Responsive Endoplasmic Reticulum-Resident Ubiquitin-Like Domain Member 1 Protein (HERPUD1) ELISA Kit Catalogue No.:abx515483



Mouse Homocysteine-responsive endoplasmic reticulum-resident ubiquitin-like domain member 1 protein ELISA Kit is an ELISA kit against Mouse Homocysteine-responsive endoplasmic reticulum-resident ubiquitin-like domain member 1 protein (Herpud1).

Target:	Homocysteine-responsive endoplasmic reticulum-resident ubiquitin-like domain member 1 protein
Reactivity:	Mouse
Tested Applications:	ELISA
Recommended dilutions	: Optimal dilutions/concentrations should be determined by the end user.
Test Range:	0.312 ng/ml - 20 ng/ml
Validity:	The validity for this kit is 6 months.
Storage:	Store at 2°C to 8°C upon receipt.
Stability:	The stability of the kit is determined by the rate of activity loss. The loss rate is less than 5% within the expiration date under appropriate storage conditions. To minimize performance fluctuations, operation procedures and lab conditions should be strictly controlled. It is also strongly suggested that the whole assay is performed by the same user throughout.
Gene Symbol:	HERPUD1
ELISA Detection:	Colorimetric
ELISA Type:	Sandwich
ELISA Data:	Quantitative
Sample Type:	Serum, plasma and other biological fluids.

abbexa 🍊

Abbexa Ltd, Innovation Centre, Cambridge Science Park, Cambridge, CB4 0EY, UK Telephone: +44 (0) 1223 755950 - Fax: +44 (0) 1223 755951 - E-Mail: info@abbexa.com

Note:

This product is for research use only.

The range and sensitivity is subject to change. Please contact us for the latest product information. For accurate results, sample concentrations must be diluted to mid-range of the kit. If you require a specific range, please contact us in advance or write your request in your order comments. Please note that our ELISA and CLIA kits are optimised for detection of native samples, rather than recombinant proteins. We are unable to guarantee detection of recombinant proteins, as they may have different sequences or tertiary structures to the native protein.

DATASHEET