

Anti-MALT1 Antibody

Catalog # ABO11223

Specification

Anti-MALT1 Antibody - Product Information

Application	WB
Primary Accession	Q9UDY8
Host	Rabbit
Reactivity	Human
Clonality	Polyclonal
Format	Lyophilized

Description

Rabbit IgG polyclonal antibody for Mucosa-associated lymphoid tissue lymphoma translocation protein 1(MALT1) detection. Tested with WB in Human.

Reconstitution

Add 0.2ml of distilled water will yield a concentration of 500ug/ml.

Anti-MALT1 Antibody - Additional Information

Gene ID 10892

Other Names

Mucosa-associated lymphoid tissue lymphoma translocation protein 1, 3.4.22.-, MALT lymphoma-associated translocation, Paracaspase, MALT1, MLT

Calculated MW

92272 MW KDa

Application Details

Western blot, 0.1-0.5 µg/ml, Human

Subcellular Localization

Cytoplasm, perinuclear region . Nucleus . Shuttles between the nucleus and cytoplasm. Found in perinuclear structures together with BCL10.

Tissue Specificity

Highly expressed in peripheral blood mononuclear cells. Detected at lower levels in bone marrow, thymus and lymph node, and at very low levels in colon and lung.

Protein Name



Anti-MALT1 antibody, ABO11223, Western blotting
Lane 1: MCF-7 Cell Lysate
Lane 2: HELA Cell Lysate

Anti-MALT1 Antibody - Background

MALT1(Mucosa-associated lymphoid tissue lymphoma translocation protein 1), also called MLT or PARACASPASE, is a protein that in humans is encoded by the MALT1 gene. This gene has been found to be recurrently rearranged in chromosomal translocation with two other genes - baculoviral IAP repeat-containing protein 3(also known as apoptosis inhibitor 2) and immunoglobulin heavy chain locus - in mucosa-associated lymphoid tissue lymphomas. Dierlamm et al.(1999) and Akagi et al.(1999) mapped the MALT1 gene to chromosome 18q21. Using mouse models, Ruland et al.(2003) demonstrated that MALT1 is essential for T-cell activation, proliferation, and IL2 production in response to T-cell receptor ligation and strictly required for signal-specific NF-kappa-B(NFKB) activation induced by the T-cell receptor but not TNF-alpha or IL1 signaling. MALT1 operates downstream of BCL10, controls the catalytic activity of the canonical I-kappa-B kinase complex, and regulates the signaling of JNK

Mucosa-associated lymphoid tissue
lymphoma translocation protein 1

and p38 MAP kinases.

Contents

Each vial contains 5mg BSA, 0.9mg NaCl,
0.2mg Na₂HPO₄, 0.05mg Thimerosal,
0.05mg NaN₃.

Immunogen

A synthetic peptide corresponding to a
sequence at the C-terminus of human
MALT1(809-824aa DEIPFSFSDRLRISEK).

Purification

Immunogen affinity purified.

Cross Reactivity

No cross reactivity with other proteins

Storage

**At -20°C for one
year. After
reconstitution, at
4°C for one
month. It can
also be aliquotted
and stored frozen
at -20°C for a
longer time. Avoid
repeated freezing
and thawing.**

Sequence Similarities

Belongs to the peptidase C14B family.

Anti-MALT1 Antibody - Protein Information

Name MALT1

{ECO:0000303|PubMed:10523859,
ECO:0000312|HGNC:HGNC:6819}

Function

Protease that enhances BCL10-induced
activation: acts via formation of CBM
complexes that channel adaptive and
innate immune signaling downstream of
CARD domain-containing proteins (CARD9,
CARD11 and CARD14) to activate
NF-kappa-B and MAP kinase p38 pathways
which stimulate expression of genes
encoding pro-inflammatory cytokines and
chemokines (PubMed:<a href="http://www.
uniprot.org/citations/11262391"
target="_blank">11262391,
PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/ci
tations/18264101"
target="_blank">18264101,
PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/ci

tations/24074955" target="_blank">24074955). Mediates BCL10 cleavage: MALT1-dependent BCL10 cleavage plays an important role in T-cell antigen receptor-induced integrin adhesion (PubMed:11262391, PubMed:18264101). Involved in the induction of T helper 17 cells (Th17) differentiation (PubMed:11262391, PubMed:18264101). Cleaves RC3H1 and ZC3H12A in response to T-cell receptor (TCR) stimulation which releases their cooperatively repressed targets to promote Th17 cell differentiation (By similarity). Also mediates cleavage of N4BP1 in T-cells following TCR-mediated activation, leading to N4BP1 inactivation (PubMed:31133753). May also have ubiquitin ligase activity: binds to TRAF6, inducing TRAF6 oligomerization and activation of its ligase activity (PubMed:14695475).

Cellular Location

Cytoplasm, perinuclear region. Nucleus
Note=Shuttles between the nucleus and cytoplasm. Found in perinuclear structures together with BCL10.

Tissue Location

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Anti-MALT1 Antibody - Protocols

Provided below are standard protocols that you may find useful for product applications.

- [Western Blot](#)
- [Blocking Peptides](#)
- [Dot Blot](#)
- [Immunohistochemistry](#)

- [Immunofluorescence](#)
- [Immunoprecipitation](#)
- [Flow Cytometry](#)
- [Cell Culture](#)