

Anti-Carcinoembryonic Antigen (CEA) / CD66 Antibody

Mouse Monoclonal Antibody Catalog # AH13087

Specification

Anti-Carcinoembryonic Antigen (CEA) / CD66 Antibody - Product Information

Application	,3,4,
Primary Accession	<u>P06731</u>
Other Accession	<u>709196, 634</u>
Reactivity	Human
Host	Mouse
Clonality	Monoclonal
Isotype	Mouse / lgG2b
Calculated MW	76795

Anti-Carcinoembryonic Antigen (CEA) / CD66 Antibody - Additional Information

Gene ID 1048

Other Names

Carcinoembryonic Antigen-related Cell Adhesion Molecule 5, CEACAM5, CD66, Biliary Glycoprotein (BGP-1)

Format

200ug/ml of Ab purified from Bioreactor Concentrate by Protein A/G. Prepared in 10mM PBS with 0.05% BSA & 0.05% azide. Also available WITHOUT BSA & azide at 1.0mg/ml.

Storage

Store at 2 to 8°C.Antibody is stable for 24 months.

Precautions

Anti-Carcinoembryonic Antigen (CEA) / CD66 Antibody is for research use only and not for use in diagnostic or therapeutic procedures.

Anti-Carcinoembryonic Antigen (CEA) / CD66 Antibody - Protein Information

Name CEACAM5

Synonyms CEA

Anti-Carcinoembryonic Antigen (CEA) / CD66 Antibody - Background

This antibody recognizes proteins of 80-200kDa, identified as different members of CEA family. CEA is synthesized during development in the fetal gut and is re-expressed in increased amounts in intestinal carcinomas and several other tumors. This MAb does not react with nonspecific cross-reacting antigen (NCA) and with human polymorphonuclear leucocytes. It shows no reaction with a variety of normal tissues and is suitable for staining of formalin/paraffin tissues. CEA is not found in benign glands, stroma, or malignant prostatic cells. Antibody to CEA is useful in detecting early foci of gastric carcinoma and in distinguishing pulmonary adenocarcinomas (60-70% are CEA+) from pleural mesotheliomas (rarely or weakly CEA+). Anti-CEA positivity is seen in adenocarcinomas from the lung, colon, stomach, esophagus, pancreas, gallbadder, urachus, salivary gland, ovary, and endocervix.



Function

Cell surface glycoprotein that plays a role in cell adhesion, intracellular signaling and tumor progression (PubMed:2803308, PubMed:10910050, PubMed:10864933). Mediates homophilic and heterophilic cell adhesion with other carcinoembryonic antigen-related cell adhesion molecules, such as CEACAM6 (PubMed: 2803308). Plays a role as an oncogene by promoting tumor progression; induces resistance to anoikis of colorectal carcinoma cells (PubMed:<a hr ef="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/10910 050" target=" blank">10910050).

Cellular Location

Cell membrane; Lipid-anchor, GPI-anchor. Apical cell membrane. Cell surface Note=Localized to the apical glycocalyx surface

Tissue Location

Expressed in columnar epithelial and goblet cells of the colon (at protein level) (PubMed:10436421). Found in adenocarcinomas of endodermally derived digestive system epithelium and fetal colon.

Anti-Carcinoembryonic Antigen (CEA) / CD66 Antibody - Protocols

Provided below are standard protocols that you may find useful for product applications.

- <u>Western Blot</u>
- <u>Blocking Peptides</u>
- <u>Dot Blot</u>
- Immunohistochemistry
- Immunofluorescence
- Immunoprecipitation
- Flow Cytomety
- <u>Cell Culture</u>