

AXIN1 / Axin-1 Antibody (C-Terminus)

Rabbit Polyclonal Antibody Catalog # ALS14710

Specification

AXIN1 / Axin-1 Antibody (C-Terminus) - Product Information

Application IF
Primary Accession O15169
Reactivity Human
Host Rabbit
Clonality Polyclonal
Calculated MW 96kDa KDa

AXIN1 / Axin-1 Antibody (C-Terminus) - Additional Information

Gene ID 8312

Other Names

Axin-1, Axis inhibition protein 1, hAxin, AXIN1, AXIN

Target/Specificity Human AXIN1.

Reconstitution & Storage

Short term 4°C, long term aliquot and store at -20°C, avoid freeze thaw cycles. Store undiluted.

Precautions

AXIN1 / Axin-1 Antibody (C-Terminus) is for research use only and not for use in diagnostic or therapeutic procedures.

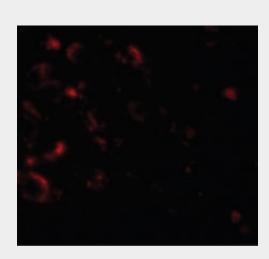
AXIN1 / Axin-1 Antibody (C-Terminus) - Protein Information

Name AXIN1

Synonyms AXIN

Function

Component of the beta-catenin destruction complex required for regulating CTNNB1 levels through phosphorylation and ubiquitination, and modulating Wnt-signaling (PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/12192039"



Immunofluorescence of AXIN1 in human brain tissue with AXIN1 antibody at 20 ug/ml.

AXIN1 / Axin-1 Antibody (C-Terminus) - Background

Component of the beta-catenin destruction complex required for regulating CTNNB1 levels through phosphorylation and ubiquitination. and modulating Wnt-signaling. Controls dorsoventral patterning via two opposing effects; down-regulates CTNNB1 to inhibit the Wnt signaling pathway and ventralize embryos, but also dorsalizes embryos by activating a Wnt- independent JNK signaling pathway. In Wnt signaling, probably facilitates the phosphorylation of CTNNB1 and APC by GSK3B. Likely to function as a tumor suppressor. Facilitates the phosphorylation of TP53 by HIPK2 upon ultraviolet irradiation. Enhances TGF-beta signaling by recruiting the RNF111 E3 ubiquitin ligase and promoting the degradation of inhibitory SMAD7. Also component of the AXIN1-HIPK2-TP53 complex which controls cell growth, apoptosis and development.

AXIN1 / Axin-1 Antibody (C-Terminus) - References

Zeng L., et al. Cell 90:181-192(1997).



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target=" blank">12192039, PubMed: <a href="http://www.uniprot.org/ci tations/27098453"

target="_blank">27098453). Controls dorsoventral patterning via two opposing effects; down-regulates CTNNB1 to inhibit the Wnt signaling pathway and ventralize embryos, but also dorsalizes embryos by activating a Wnt- independent JNK signaling pathway (PubMed:12192039). In Wnt signaling, probably facilitates the phosphorylation of CTNNB1 and APC by GSK3B (PubMed:12192039). Likely to function as a tumor suppressor. Enhances TGF-beta signaling by recruiting the RNF111 E3 ubiquitin ligase and promoting the

degradation of inhibitory SMAD7 (PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/c itations/16601693"

target=" blank">16601693). Also component of the AXIN1-HIPK2-TP53 complex which controls cell growth, apoptosis and development (PubMed:<a hr ef="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/17210 684" target=" blank">17210684). Facilitates the phosphorylation of TP53 by HIPK2 upon ultraviolet irradiation (PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/c itations/17210684"

target=" blank">17210684).

Cellular Location

Cytoplasm. Nucleus. Membrane {ECO:0000250|UniProtKB:O35625} Cell membrane {ECO:0000250|UniProtKB:O35625}. Note=MACF1 is required for its translocation to cell membrane (By similarity). On UV irradiation, translocates to the nucleus and colocalizes with DAAX (PubMed:17210684). {ECO:0000250|UniProtKB:035625, ECO:0000269|PubMed:17210684}

Tissue Location Ubiquitously expressed.

Volume 50 ul

AXIN1 / Axin-1 Antibody (C-Terminus) -**Protocols**

Daniels R.J., et al. Hum. Mol. Genet. 10:339-352(2001). Martin J., et al. Nature 432:988-994(2004). Hsu W., et al.J. Biol. Chem. 274:3439-3445(1999). Satoh S., et al. Nat. Genet. 24:245-250(2000).





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Provided below are standard protocols that you may find useful for product applications.

- Western Blot
- Blocking Peptides
- Dot Blot
- Immunohistochemistry
- <u>Immunofluorescence</u>
- Immunoprecipitation
- Flow Cytomety
- Cell Culture