

ATG16L1 Antibody

Purified Mouse Monoclonal Antibody (Mab)
Catalog # AM1817b

Specification

ATG16L1 Antibody - Product Information

Application
Primary Accession
Reactivity
Host
Clonality
Isotype
WB, IHC-P,E
0676U5
Human
Mouse
Mouse
IgG1,k

ATG16L1 Antibody - Additional Information

Gene ID 55054

Other Names

Autophagy-related protein 16-1, APG16-like 1, ATG16L1, APG16L

Target/Specificity

Purified His-tagged ATG16L1 protein(Fragment) was used to produced this monoclonal antibody.

Dilution

WB~~1:60 IHC-P~~1:10~50

Format

Purified monoclonal antibody supplied in PBS with 0.09% (W/V) sodium azide. This antibody is purified through a protein G column, followed by dialysis against PBS.

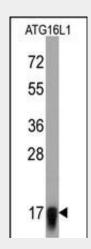
Storage

Maintain refrigerated at 2-8°C for up to 2 weeks. For long term storage store at -20°C in small aliquots to prevent freeze-thaw cycles.

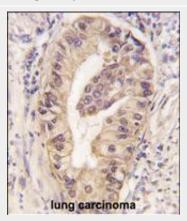
Precautions

ATG16L1 Antibody is for research use only and not for use in diagnostic or therapeutic procedures.

ATG16L1 Antibody - Protein Information



Western blot analysis of anti-ATG16L1 Monoclonal Antibody (Cat.#AM1817b) by ATG16L1 recombinant protein (Fragment). ATG16L1 (Fragment) protein (arrow) was detected using the purified Mab. (1:2000)



Formalin-fixed and paraffin-embedded human lung carcinoma tissue reacted with ATG16L1 Monoclonal Antibody (Cat.#AM1817b), which was peroxidase-conjugated to the secondary antibody, followed by DAB staining. This data demonstrates the use of this antibody for immunohistochemistry; clinical relevance has not been evaluated.

ATG16L1 Antibody - Background



Name ATG16L1

Synonyms APG16L

Function

Plays an essential role in autophagy: interacts with ATG12- ATG5 to mediate the conjugation of phosphatidylethanolamine (PE) to LC3 (MAP1LC3A, MAP1LC3B or MAP1LC3C), to produce a membrane-bound activated form of LC3 named LC3-II. Thereby, controls the elongation of the nascent autophagosomal membrane (PubMed:24553140, PubMed:23376921, PubMed:24954904, PubMed:27273576, PubMed:23392225). Regulates mitochondrial antiviral signaling (MAVS)-dependent type I interferon (IFN-I) production (PubMed:25645662). Negatively regulates NOD1- and NOD2-driven inflammatory cytokine response (PubMed:24238340). Instead, promotes with NOD2 an autophagy-dependent antibacterial pathway (PubMed:20637199). Plays a role in regulating morphology and function of Paneth cell (PubMed:<a href="http://ww w.uniprot.org/citations/18849966"

Cellular Location

Cytoplasm. Preautophagosomal structure membrane; Peripheral membrane protein. Note=Recruited to omegasomes membranes by WIPI2 Omegasomes are endoplasmic reticulum connected strutures at the origin of preautophagosomal structures. Localized to preautophagosomal structure (PAS) where it is involved in the

target=" blank">18849966).

The protein encoded by this gene is part of a large protein complex that is necessary for autophagy, the major process by which intracellular components are targeted to lysosomes for degradation. Defects in this gene are a cause of susceptibility to inflammatory bowel disease type 10 (IBD10). Several transcript variants encoding different isoforms have been found for this gene.

ATG16L1 Antibody - References

Age at onset in Huntington's disease is modified by the autophagy pathway: implication of the V471A polymorphism in Atg7. Metzger S, et al. Hum Genet, 2010 Oct. PMID 20697744. Plasma membrane contributes to the formation of pre-autophagosomal structures. Ravikumar B, et al. Nat Cell Biol, 2010 Aug. PMID 20639872. Replication and meta-analysis of 13,000 cases defines the risk for interleukin-23 receptor and autophagy-related 16-like 1 variants in Crohn's disease. Cotterill L, et al. Can | Gastroenterol, 2010 May. PMID 20485703. Is there a role for Crohn's disease-associated autophagy genes ATG16L1 and IRGM in formation of granulomas? Wolfkamp SC, et al. Eur J Gastroenterol Hepatol, 2010 Aug. PMID 20395867. NOD2/CARD15, ATG16L1 and IL23R gene polymorphisms and childhood-onset of Crohn's disease. Gazouli M, et al. World J Gastroenterol, 2010 Apr 14. PMID 20380008.



membrane targeting of ATG5 Localizes also to discrete punctae along the ciliary axoneme

{ECO:0000250|UniProtKB:Q8C0J2}

ATG16L1 Antibody - Protocols

Provided below are standard protocols that you may find useful for product applications.

- Western Blot
- Blocking Peptides
- Dot Blot
- Immunohistochemistry
- Immunofluorescence
- <u>Immunoprecipitation</u>
- Flow Cytomety
- Cell Culture

ATG16L1 Antibody - Citations

• Autophagy in cancer associated fibroblasts promotes tumor cell survival: Role of hypoxia, HIF1 induction and NFkB activation in the tumor stromal microenvironment.