

### **RYK Antibody**

Purified Mouse Monoclonal Antibody (Mab) Catalog # AM8543b

# Specification

#### **RYK Antibody - Product Information**

Application	WB, FC,E
Primary Accession	<u>P34925</u>
Reactivity	Human
Host	Mouse
Clonality	monoclonal
Isotype	lgG1,k
Calculated MW	67815

#### RYK Antibody - Additional Information

Gene ID 6259

Other Names Tyrosine-protein kinase RYK, 2.7.10.1, RYK, JTK5A

### Target/Specificity

This RYK antibody is generated from a mouse immunized with a KLH conjugated synthetic peptide between 260-565 amino acids from human RYK.

# Dilution

WB~~1:1000 FC~~1:25

### Format

Purified monoclonal antibody supplied in PBS with 0.09% (W/V) sodium azide. This antibody is purified through a protein G column, followed by dialysis against PBS.

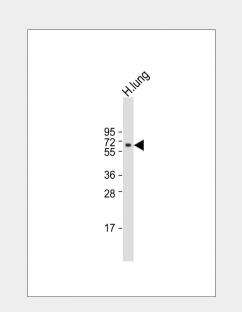
### Storage

Maintain refrigerated at 2-8°C for up to 2 weeks. For long term storage store at -20°C in small aliquots to prevent freeze-thaw cycles.

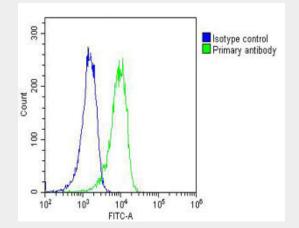
### **Precautions**

RYK Antibody is for research use only and not for use in diagnostic or therapeutic procedures.

**RYK Antibody - Protein Information** 



Anti-RYK Antibody at 1:1000 dilution + human lung lysate Lysates/proteins at 20 µg per lane. Secondary Goat Anti-mouse IgG, (H+L), Peroxidase conjugated at 1/10000 dilution. Predicted band size : 68 kDa Blocking/Dilution buffer: 5% NFDM/TBST.



Overlay histogram showing A431 cells stained with AM8543b(green line). The cells were fixed with 2% paraformaldehyde (10 min) and then permeabilized with 90% methanol for 10 min. The cells were then icubated in 2% bovine serum albumin to block non-specific protein-protein interactions followed by the antibody (AM8543b, 1:25



# Name RYK (<u>HGNC:10481</u>)

Synonyms JTK5A

### Function

May be a coreceptor along with FZD8 of Wnt proteins, such as WNT1, WNT3, WNT3A and WNT5A. Involved in neuron differentiation, axon guidance, corpus callosum establishment and neurite outgrowth. In response to WNT3 stimulation, receptor C-terminal cleavage occurs in its transmembrane region and allows the C-terminal intracellular product to translocate from the cytoplasm to the nucleus where it plays a crucial role in neuronal development.

#### **Cellular Location**

Membrane; Single-pass type I membrane protein. Nucleus. Cytoplasm. Note=In cells that have undergone neuronal differentiation, the C-terminal cleaved part is translocated from the cytoplasm to the nucleus.

**Tissue Location** Observed in all the tissues examined.

# **RYK Antibody - Protocols**

Provided below are standard protocols that you may find useful for product applications.

- <u>Western Blot</u>
- <u>Blocking Peptides</u>
- Dot Blot
- Immunohistochemistry
- Immunofluorescence
- Immunoprecipitation
- Flow Cytomety
- <u>Cell Culture</u>

dilution) for 60 min at  $37^{\circ}$ C. The secondary antibody used was Goat-Anti-Mouse IgG, DyLight® 488 Conjugated Highly Cross-Adsorbed(OJ192088) at 1/200 dilution for 40 min at  $37^{\circ}$ C. Isotype control antibody (blue line) was mouse IgG1 (1µg/1x10^6 cells) used under the same conditions. Acquisition of >10, 000 events was performed.

# **RYK Antibody - Background**

May be a coreceptor along with FZD8 of Wnt proteins, such as WNT1, WNT3, WNT3A and WNT5A. Involved in neuron differentiation, axon guidance, corpus callosum establishment and neurite outgrowth. In response to WNT3 stimulation, receptor C- terminal cleavage occurs in its transmembrane region and allows the C-terminal intracellular product to translocate from the cytoplasm to the nucleus where it plays a crucial role in neuronal development.

# **RYK Antibody - References**

Stacker S.A., et al.Oncogene 8:1347-1356(1993). Tamagnone L., et al.Oncogene 8:2009-2014(1993). Wang X.C., et al.Mol. Med. 2:189-203(1996). Katso R.M., et al.Mol. Cell. Biol. 19:6427-6440(1999). Lu W., et al.Cell 119:97-108(2004).