

# **AHCY Antibody (N-term)**

Purified Rabbit Polyclonal Antibody (Pab) Catalog # AP11201a

# **Specification**

#### AHCY Antibody (N-term) - Product Information

Application WB, IHC-P, FC,E

Primary Accession <u>P23526</u>

Other Accession Q710C4, Q4R596,

<u>Q3MHL4</u>, NP 000678

Reactivity Mouse

Predicted Bovine, Monkey,

Pig

Host Rabbit
Clonality Polyclonal
Isotype Rabbit Ig
Calculated MW 47716
Antigen Region 79-110

AHCY Antibody (N-term) - Additional Information

# Gene ID 191

# **Other Names**

Adenosylhomocysteinase, AdoHcyase, S-adenosyl-L-homocysteine hydrolase, AHCY, SAHH

### **Target/Specificity**

This AHCY antibody is generated from rabbits immunized with a KLH conjugated synthetic peptide between 79-110 amino acids from the N-terminal region of human AHCY.

### **Dilution**

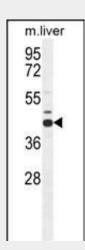
WB~~1:1000 IHC-P~~1:50~100 FC~~1:10~50

### **Format**

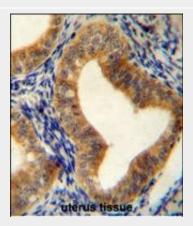
Purified polyclonal antibody supplied in PBS with 0.09% (W/V) sodium azide. This antibody is prepared by Saturated Ammonium Sulfate (SAS) precipitation followed by dialysis against PBS.

# Storage

Maintain refrigerated at 2-8°C for up to 2 weeks. For long term storage store at -20°C



AHCY Antibody (N-term) (Cat. #AP11201a) western blot analysis in mouse liver tissue lysates (35ug/lane). This demonstrates the AHCY antibody detected the AHCY protein (arrow).



AHCY Antibody (N-term) (Cat. #AP11201a)immunohistochemistry analysis in formalin fixed and paraffin embedded human uterus tissue followed by peroxidase conjugation of the secondary antibody and DAB staining. This data demonstrates the use of AHCY Antibody (N-term) for immunohistochemistry. Clinical relevance has not been evaluated.



in small aliquots to prevent freeze-thaw cycles.

#### **Precautions**

AHCY Antibody (N-term) is for research use only and not for use in diagnostic or therapeutic procedures.

**AHCY Antibody (N-term) - Protein Information** 

### **Name AHCY**

### **Synonyms** SAHH

#### **Function**

Adenosylhomocysteine is a competitive inhibitor of S-

adenosyl-L-methionine-dependent methyl transferase reactions; therefore adenosylhomocysteinase may play a key role in the control of methylations via regulation of the intracellular concentration of adenosylhomocysteine.

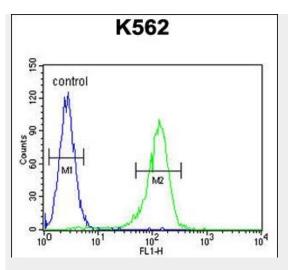
### **Cellular Location**

Cytoplasm. Melanosome. Note=Identified by mass spectrometry in melanosome fractions from stage I to stage IV

# AHCY Antibody (N-term) - Protocols

Provided below are standard protocols that you may find useful for product applications.

- Western Blot
- Blocking Peptides
- Dot Blot
- Immunohistochemistry
- Immunofluorescence
- Immunoprecipitation
- Flow Cvtometv
- Cell Culture



AHCY Antibody (N-term) (Cat. #AP11201a) flow cytometric analysis of K562 cells (right histogram) compared to a negative control cell (left histogram).FITC-conjugated goat-anti-rabbit secondary antibodies were used for the analysis.

# AHCY Antibody (N-term) - Background

S-adenosylhomocysteine hydrolase belongs to the

adenosylhomocysteinase family. It catalyzes the reversible

hydrolysis of S-adenosylhomocysteine (AdoHcy) to adenosine (Ado)

and L-homocysteine (Hcy). Thus, it regulates the intracellular

S-adenosylhomocysteine (SAH) concentration thought to be important

for transmethylation reactions. Deficiency in this protein is one

of the different causes of hypermethioninemia. Alternatively

spliced transcript variants encoding different isoforms have been found for this gene.

# **AHCY Antibody (N-term) - References**

Bailey, S.D., et al. Diabetes Care 33(10):2250-2253(2010)
Gass, N., et al. J Affect Disord 126 (1-2), 134-139 (2010):
Giusti, B., et al. Thromb. Haemost. 104(2):231-242(2010)
Levine, A.J., et al. Cancer Epidemiol.
Biomarkers Prev. 19(7):1812-1821(2010)
Jugessur, A., et al. PLoS ONE 5 (7), E11493 (2010):