

CRMP1 Antibody (N-term)

Affinity Purified Rabbit Polyclonal Antibody (Pab) Catalog # AP13760a

Specification

CRMP1 Antibody (N-term) - Product Information

Application	WB, IHC-P,E
Primary Accession	<u>Q14194</u>
Other Accession	<u>NP_001304.1</u>
Reactivity	Human
Host	Rabbit
Clonality	Polyclonal
Isotype	Rabbit Ig
Calculated MW	62184
Antigen Region	82-110

CRMP1 Antibody (N-term) - Additional Information

Gene ID 1400

Other Names

Dihydropyrimidinase-related protein 1, DRP-1, Collapsin response mediator protein 1, CRMP-1, Unc-33-like phosphoprotein 3, ULIP-3, CRMP1, DPYSL1, ULIP3

Target/Specificity

This CRMP1 antibody is generated from rabbits immunized with a KLH conjugated synthetic peptide between 82-110 amino acids from the N-terminal region of human CRMP1.

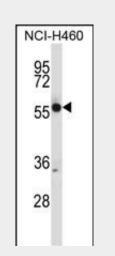
Dilution WB~~1:1000 IHC-P~~1:10~50

Format

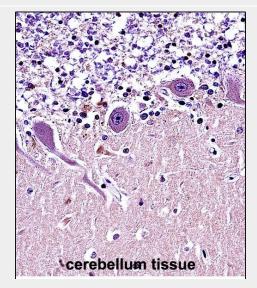
Purified polyclonal antibody supplied in PBS with 0.09% (W/V) sodium azide. This antibody is purified through a protein A column, followed by peptide affinity purification.

Storage

Maintain refrigerated at 2-8°C for up to 2 weeks. For long term storage store at -20°C in small aliquots to prevent freeze-thaw cycles.



CRMP1 Antibody (N-term) (Cat. #AP13760a) western blot analysis in NCI-H460 cell line lysates (35ug/lane).This demonstrates the CRMP1 antibody detected the CRMP1 protein (arrow).



CRMP1 Antibody (N-term) (Cat. #AP13760a)immunohistochemistry analysis in formalin fixed and paraffin embedded human cerebellum tissue followed by peroxidase conjugation of the secondary antibody and DAB staining.This data demonstrates the use of CRMP1 Antibody (N-term) for immunohistochemistry. Clinical relevance has not been evaluated.



Precautions

CRMP1 Antibody (N-term) is for research use only and not for use in diagnostic or therapeutic procedures.

CRMP1 Antibody (N-term) - Protein Information

Name CRMP1

Synonyms DPYSL1, ULIP3

Function

Necessary for signaling by class 3 semaphorins and subsequent remodeling of the cytoskeleton (PubMed: 25358863). Plays a role in axon guidance (PubMed: 25358863). During the axon guidance process, acts downstream of SEMA3A to promote FLNA dissociation from F-actin which results in the rearrangement of the actin cytoskeleton and the collapse of the growth cone (PubMed:25358863). Involved in invasive growth and cell migration

(PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/c itations/11562390"

target="_blank">11562390). May
participate in cytokinesis (PubMed:<a href=
"http://www.uniprot.org/citations/19799413"
target="_blank">19799413).

Cellular Location

Cytoplasm. Cytoplasm, cytoskeleton, microtubule organizing center, centrosome. Cytoplasm, cytoskeleton, spindle. Cell projection, growth cone {ECO:0000250|UniProtKB:P97427}. Cytoplasm, cytoskeleton {ECO:0000250|UniProtKB:P97427}. Perikarvon {ECO:0000250|UniProtKB:P97427}. Note=Associated with centrosomes and the mitotic spindle during metaphase (PubMed:11562390). Colocalizes with FLNA and tubulin in the central region of DRG neuron growth cone (By similarity). Following SEMA3A stimulation of DRG neurons, colocalizes with F-actin (By similarity) {ECO:0000250|UniProtKB:P97427, ECO:0000269|PubMed:11562390}

CRMP1 Antibody (N-term) - Background

This gene encodes a member of a family of cytosolic phosphoproteins expressed exclusively in the nervous system. The encoded protein is thought to be a part of the semaphorin signal transduction pathway implicated in semaphorin-induced growth cone collapse during neural development. Alternative splicing results in multiple transcript variants.

CRMP1 Antibody (N-term) - References

Rose, J.E., et al. Mol. Med. 16 (7-8), 247-253 (2010) : Ingersoll, R.G., et al. Eur. J. Hum. Genet. 18(6):726-732(2010) Mukherjee, J., et al. Cancer Res. 69(22):8545-8554(2009) Mopert, K., et al. Exp. Cell Res. 315(13):2165-2180(2009) Sandebring, A., et al. PLoS ONE 4 (5), E5701 (2009) :



Tissue Location Brain.

CRMP1 Antibody (N-term) - Protocols

Provided below are standard protocols that you may find useful for product applications.

- <u>Western Blot</u>
- Blocking Peptides
- Dot Blot
- Immunohistochemistry
- Immunofluorescence
- Immunoprecipitation
- Flow Cytomety
- <u>Cell Culture</u>