

# MSR1 Antibody (C-term)

Affinity Purified Rabbit Polyclonal Antibody (Pab) Catalog # AP17001B

## **Specification**

#### MSR1 Antibody (C-term) - Product Information

Application WB,E
Primary Accession P21757
Other Accession P21758,

NP\_619729.1, NP\_619730.1

Reactivity Human, Mouse

Predicted Bovine
Host Rabbit
Clonality Polyclonal
Isotype Rabbit Ig
Antigen Region 336-364

MSR1 Antibody (C-term) - Additional Information

### **Gene ID 4481**

#### **Other Names**

Macrophage scavenger receptor types I and II, Macrophage acetylated LDL receptor I and II, Scavenger receptor class A member 1, CD204, MSR1, SCARA1

## **Target/Specificity**

This MSR1 antibody is generated from rabbits immunized with a KLH conjugated synthetic peptide between 336-364 amino acids from the C-terminal region of human MSR1.

# Dilution

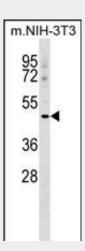
WB~~1:1000

## **Format**

Purified polyclonal antibody supplied in PBS with 0.09% (W/V) sodium azide. This antibody is purified through a protein A column, followed by peptide affinity purification.

## Storage

Maintain refrigerated at 2-8°C for up to 2 weeks. For long term storage store at -20°C in small aliquots to prevent freeze-thaw cycles.



MSR1 Antibody (C-term) (Cat. #AP17001b) western blot analysis in mouse NIH-3T3 cell line lysates (35ug/lane). This demonstrates the MSR1 antibody detected the MSR1 protein (arrow).

# MSR1 Antibody (C-term) - Background

This gene encodes the class A macrophage scavenger

receptors, which include three different types (1, 2, 3) generated

by alternative splicing of this gene. These receptors or isoforms

are macrophage-specific trimeric integral membrane glycoproteins

and have been implicated in many macrophage-associated

physiological and pathological processes including atherosclerosis,

Alzheimer's disease, and host defense. The isoforms type 1 and type

2 are functional receptors and are able to mediate the endocytosis

of modified low density lipoproteins (LDLs). The isoform type 3

does not internalize modified LDL (acetyl-LDL) despite having the

domain shown to mediate this function in the types 1 and 2

isoforms. It has an altered intracellular



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## **Precautions**

MSR1 Antibody (C-term) is for research use only and not for use in diagnostic or therapeutic procedures.

MSR1 Antibody (C-term) - Protein Information

#### Name MSR1

## Synonyms SCARA1

## **Function**

Membrane glycoproteins implicated in the pathologic deposition of cholesterol in arterial walls during atherogenesis. Two types of receptor subunits exist. These receptors mediate the endocytosis of a diverse group of macromolecules, including modified low density lipoproteins (LDL) (PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/c itations/2251254" target="\_blank">2251254</a>). Isoform III does not internalize acetylated LDL (PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/c itations/9548586" target=" blank">9548586</a>).

## **Cellular Location**

Membrane; Single-pass type II membrane protein.

#### **Tissue Location**

Isoform I, isoform II and isoform III are expressed in monocyte-derived macrophages. Isoform I and isoform II are expressed in the liver, placenta and brain.

MSR1 Antibody (C-term) - Protocols

Provided below are standard protocols that you may find useful for product applications.

- Western Blot
- Blocking Peptides
- Dot Blot
- Immunohistochemistry
- Immunofluorescence
- Immunoprecipitation
- Flow Cytomety
- Cell Culture

# MSR1 Antibody (C-term) - Citations

 AMP-activated protein kinase attenuates oxLDL uptake in macrophages through PP2A/NF-κB/LOX-1 pathway.

processing and is trapped within the endoplasmic reticulum, making it unable to perform endocytosis. The isoform type 3 can inhibit the function of isoforms type 1 and type 2 when co-expressed, indicating a dominant negative effect and suggesting a mechanism for regulation of scavenger receptor activity in macrophages.

# MSR1 Antibody (C-term) - References

Bailey, S.D., et al. Diabetes Care 33(10):2250-2253(2010) Wang, Y., et al. J. Hum. Genet. 55(8):490-494(2010) Voruganti, V.S., et al. Am. J. Clin. Nutr. 91(6):1574-1583(2010) Nonomura, N., et al. Cancer Sci. 101(6):1570-1573(2010) Seizer, P., et al. Semin. Thromb. Hemost. 36(2):157-162(2010)

