

RAB39B Antibody (N-term)

Affinity Purified Rabbit Polyclonal Antibody (Pab) Catalog # AP17799A

Specification

RAB39B Antibody (N-term) - Product Information

Application WB,E
Primary Accession O96DA2

Other Accession <u>Q8BHC1</u>, <u>Q17QU4</u>,

NP_741995.1

Reactivity Human, Mouse

Predicted Bovine
Host Rabbit
Clonality Polyclonal
Isotype Rabbit Ig
Calculated MW 24622
Antigen Region 12-40

RAB39B Antibody (N-term) - Additional Information

Gene ID 116442

Other Names

Ras-related protein Rab-39B, RAB39B

Target/Specificity

This RAB39B antibody is generated from rabbits immunized with a KLH conjugated synthetic peptide between 12-40 amino acids from the N-terminal region of human RAB39B.

Dilution

WB~~1:1000

Format

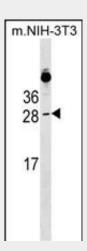
Purified polyclonal antibody supplied in PBS with 0.09% (W/V) sodium azide. This antibody is purified through a protein A column, followed by peptide affinity purification.

Storage

Maintain refrigerated at 2-8°C for up to 2 weeks. For long term storage store at -20°C in small aliquots to prevent freeze-thaw cycles.

Precautions

RAB39B Antibody (N-term) is for research



RAB39B Antibody (N-term) (Cat. #AP17799a) western blot analysis in mouse NIH-3T3 cell line lysates (35ug/lane). This demonstrates the RAB39B antibody detected the RAB39B protein (arrow).

RAB39B Antibody (N-term) - Background

This gene encodes a member of the Rab family of proteins.

Rab proteins are small GTPases that are involved in vesicular trafficking.

RAB39B Antibody (N-term) - References

Giannandrea, M., et al. Am. J. Hum. Genet.

86(2):185-195(2010) Ross, M.T., et al. Nature 434(7031):325-337(2005)

Cheng, H., et al. Cytogenet. Genome Res. 97

(1-2), 72-75 (2002):

Simpson, J.C., et al. EMBO Rep.

1(3):287-292(2000)



use only and not for use in diagnostic or therapeutic procedures.

RAB39B Antibody (N-term) - Protein Information

Name RAB39B

Function

Small GTPases Rab involved in autophagy (PubMed:27103069). The small GTPases Rab are key regulators of intracellular membrane trafficking, from the formation of transport vesicles to their fusion with membranes. Rabs cycle between an inactive GDP-bound form and an active GTP-bound form that is able to recruit to membranes different sets of downstream effectors directly responsible for vesicle formation, movement, tethering and fusion (PubMed:27103069). May regulate the homeostasis of SNCA/alpha-synuclein. Together with PICK1 proposed to ensure selectively GRIA2 exit from the endoplasmic reticulum to the Golgi and to regulate AMPAR compostion at the post- synapses and thus synaptic transmission (By similarity).

Cellular Location

Cell membrane; Lipid-anchor; Cytoplasmic side. Cytoplasmic vesicle membrane; Lipid-anchor; Cytoplasmic side. Golgi apparatus Note=Partial colocalization with markers that cycle from the cell surface to the trans-Golgi network. {ECO:0000250|UniProtKB:Q8BHC1}

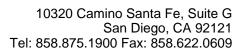
Tissue Location

Highly expressed in the brain.

RAB39B Antibody (N-term) - Protocols

Provided below are standard protocols that you may find useful for product applications.

- Western Blot
- Blocking Peptides
- Dot Blot
- Immunohistochemistry
- Immunofluorescence





ImmunoprecipitationFlow CytometyCell Culture