

Stat3 Antibody (C-term Tyr705)

Affinity Purified Rabbit Polyclonal Antibody (Pab) Catalog # AP20324b

Specification

Stat3 Antibody (C-term Tyr705) - Product Information

Application WB,E **Primary Accession** P40763

Other Accession P52631, Q19S50,

P42227, P61635

Human Reactivity

Predicted Bovine, Mouse,

Pig, Rat **Rabbit Polyclonal** Rabbit Iq Calculated MW 88068 **Antigen Region** 683-709

Stat3 Antibody (C-term Tyr705) - Additional Information

Gene ID 6774

Host

Clonality

Isotype

Other Names

Signal transducer and activator of transcription 3, Acute-phase response factor, STAT3, APRF

Target/Specificity

This Stat3 antibody is generated from rabbits immunized with a KLH conjugated synthetic peptide between 683-709 amino acids from the C-terminal region of human Stat3.

Dilution

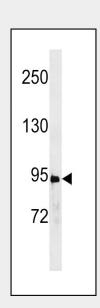
WB~~1:1000

Format

Purified polyclonal antibody supplied in PBS with 0.09% (W/V) sodium azide. This antibody is purified through a protein A column, followed by peptide affinity purification.

Storage

Maintain refrigerated at 2-8°C for up to 2 weeks. For long term storage store at -20°C in small aliquots to prevent freeze-thaw



Stat3 (C-term Tyr705) Antibody (Cat. #AP20324b) western blot analysis in A431 cell line lysates (35ug/lane). This demonstrates the Stat3 (Tyr705) antibody detected the Stat3 (Tyr705) protein (arrow).

Stat3 Antibody (C-term Tyr705) -**Background**

Signal transducer and transcription activator that mediates cellular responses to interleukins, KITLG/SCF and other growth factors. May mediate cellular responses to activated FGFR1, FGFR2, FGFR3 and FGFR4. Binds to the interleukin-6 (IL-6)-responsive elements identified in the promoters of various acute-phase protein genes. Activated by IL31 through IL31RA.



cycles.

Precautions

Stat3 Antibody (C-term Tyr705) is for research use only and not for use in diagnostic or therapeutic procedures.

Stat3 Antibody (C-term Tyr705) - Protein Information

Name STAT3 (HGNC:11364)

Function

Signal transducer and transcription activator that mediates cellular responses to interleukins, KITLG/SCF, LEP and other growth factors (PubMed:10688651, PubMed:12359225, PubMed:12873986, PubMed:15194700, PubMed:17344214, PubMed:18242580, PubMed: 23084476). Once activated, recruits coactivators, such as NCOA1 or MED1, to the promoter region of the target gene (PubMed:17344214). May mediate cellular responses to activated FGFR1, FGFR2, FGFR3 and FGFR4 (PubMed:12873986). Upon activation of IL6ST/gp130 signaling by interleukin-6 (IL6), binds to the IL6-responsive elements identified in the promoters of various acute-phase protein genes (PubMed:12359225). Activated by IL31 through IL31RA

(PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/c



itations/15194700" target=" blank">15194700). Acts as a regulator of inflammatory response by regulating differentiation of naive CD4(+) T-cells into T-helper Th17 or regulatory T-cells (Treg): deacetylation and oxidation of lysine residues by LOXL3, leads to disrupt STAT3 dimerization and inhibit its transcription activity (PubMed:28065600). Involved in cell cycle regulation by inducing the expression of key genes for the progression from G1 to S phase, such as CCND1 (PubMed:17344214). Mediates the effects of LEP on melanocortin production, body energy homeostasis and lactation (By similarity). May play an apoptotic role by transctivating BIRC5 expression under LEP activation (PubMed:18242580). Cytoplasmic STAT3 represses macroautophagy by inhibiting EIF2AK2/PKR activity (PubMed: 23084476). Plays a crucial role in basal beta cell functions, such as regulation of insulin secretion (By similarity).

Cellular Location

Cytoplasm. Nucleus. Note=Shuttles between the nucleus and the cytoplasm. Translocated into the nucleus upon tyrosine phosphorylation and dimerization, in response to signaling by activated FGFR1, FGFR2, FGFR3 or FGFR4. Constitutive nuclear presence is independent of tyrosine phosphorylation. Predominantly present in the cytoplasm without stimuli. Upon leukemia inhibitory factor (LIF) stimulation, accumulates in the nucleus. The complex composed of BART and ARL2 plays an important role in the nuclear translocation and retention of STAT3 Identified in a complex with LYN and PAG1

Tissue Location

Heart, brain, placenta, lung, liver, skeletal muscle, kidney and pancreas. Expressed in naive CD4(+) T cells as well as T-helper Th17, Th1 and Th2 cells (PubMed:31899195)





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Stat3 Antibody (C-term Tyr705) - Protocols

Provided below are standard protocols that you may find useful for product applications.

- Western Blot
- Blocking Peptides
- Dot Blot
- Immunohistochemistry
- <u>Immunofluorescence</u>
- Immunoprecipitation
- Flow Cytomety
- Cell Culture