

THY1 Antibody (N-term)

Purified Rabbit Polyclonal Antibody (Pab) Catalog # AP2050a

Specification

THY1 Antibody (N-term) - Product Information

Application
Primary Accession
Reactivity
Host
Clonality
Isotype
Antigen Region

WB, IHC-P,E
P04216
Human
Rabbit
Polyclonal
Rabbit Ig
36-65

THY1 Antibody (N-term) - Additional Information

Gene ID 7070

Other Names

Thy-1 membrane glycoprotein, CDw90, Thy-1 antigen, CD90, THY1

Target/Specificity

This THY1 antibody is generated from rabbits immunized with a KLH conjugated synthetic peptide between 36-65 amino acids from the N-terminal region of human THY1.

Dilution

WB~~1:1000 IHC-P~~1:50~100

Format

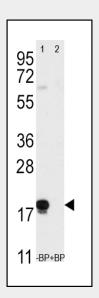
Purified polyclonal antibody supplied in PBS with 0.09% (W/V) sodium azide. This antibody is prepared by Saturated Ammonium Sulfate (SAS) precipitation followed by dialysis against PBS.

Storage

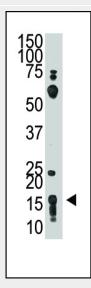
Maintain refrigerated at 2-8°C for up to 2 weeks. For long term storage store at -20°C in small aliquots to prevent freeze-thaw cycles.

Precautions

THY1 Antibody (N-term) is for research use only and not for use in diagnostic or therapeutic procedures.



Western blot analysis of anti-THY1 (N-term) Pab (Cat.#AP2050a) pre-incubated without(lane 1) and with(lane 2) blocking peptide (BP2050a) in T47D cell line lysate. THY1 (N-term)(arrow) was detected using the purified Pab.



The anti-THY1 (N-term) Pab (Cat. #AP2050a) is used in Western blot to detect THY1 in HL60 cell lysate.





THY1 Antibody (N-term) - Protein Information

Name THY1

Function

May play a role in cell-cell or cell-ligand interactions during synaptogenesis and other events in the brain.

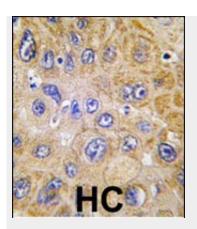
Cellular Location

Cell membrane; Lipid-anchor, GPI- anchor

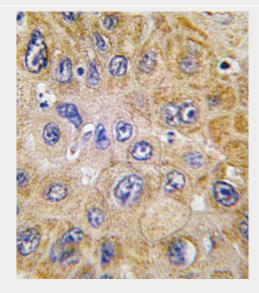
THY1 Antibody (N-term) - Protocols

Provided below are standard protocols that you may find useful for product applications.

- Western Blot
- Blocking Peptides
- Dot Blot
- Immunohistochemistry
- Immunofluorescence
- <u>Immunoprecipitation</u>
- Flow Cytomety
- Cell Culture

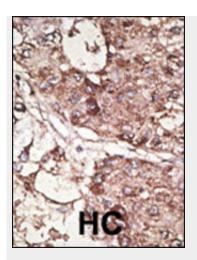


Formalin-fixed and paraffin-embedded human hepatocarcinoma tissue reacted with THY1 antibody (N-term) (Cat.#AP2050a), which was peroxidase-conjugated to the secondary antibody, followed by DAB staining. This data demonstrates the use of this antibody for immunohistochemistry; clinical relevance has not been evaluated.



Formalin-fixed and paraffin-embedded human hepatocarcinoma tissue reacted with THY1 antibody (N-term) (Cat.#AP2050a), which was peroxidase-conjugated to the secondary antibody, followed by DAB staining. This data demonstrates the use of this antibody for immunohistochemistry; clinical relevance has not been evaluated.





Formalin-fixed and paraffin-embedded human cancer tissue reacted with the primary antibody, which was peroxidase-conjugated to the secondary antibody, followed by DAB staining. This data demonstrates the use of this antibody for immunohistochemistry; clinical relevance has not been evaluated. BC = breast carcinoma; HC = hepatocarcinoma.

THY1 Antibody (N-term) - Background

THY1 (CD90) antigen is a GPI linked glycoprotein member of the Immunoglobulin superfamily. It is expressed on murine T cells, thymocytes, neural cells, cells of granulocytic lineage, early hematopoietic progenitors, fibroblasts, neurons and Kupffer's cells. Thy1 may play a role in cell to cell or cell to ligand interactions during synaptogenesis and other events in the brain.

THY1 Antibody (N-term) - References

Koumas, L., et al., Am. J. Pathol. 163(4):1291-1300 (2003). Abeysinghe, H.R., et al., Cancer Genet. Cytogenet. 143(2):125-132 (2003). Saalbach, A., et al., Microvasc. Res. 64(1):86-93 (2002). Henniker, A.J., J. Biol. Regul. Homeost. Agents 15(4):392-393 (2001). Ye, Z., et al., Biochem. Biophys. Res. Commun. 275(1):223-227 (2000).

THY1 Antibody (N-term) - Citations

- The clinical pathological significance of Thy1 and CD49f expression in chondrosarcomas.
- Quantitative Analysis of Differential Proteome Expression in Bladder Cancer vs. Normal Bladder Cells Using SILAC Method.
- Analogy between sphere forming ability and stemness of human hepatoma cells.
- High expression levels of putative hepatic stem/progenitor cell biomarkers related to tumour angiogenesis and poor prognosis of hepatocellular carcinoma.

