

ATP5G3 Antibody (N-Term)

Purified Rabbit Polyclonal Antibody (Pab) Catalog # AP21843a

Specification

ATP5G3 Antibody (N-Term) - Product Information

Application
Primary Accession
Reactivity
Host
Clonality
Isotype
Calculated MW

WB,E
P48201
Rat
Rabbit
Polyclonal
Rabbit Ig
14693

ATP5G3 Antibody (N-Term) - Additional Information

Gene ID 518

Other Names

ATP synthase F(0) complex subunit C3, mitochondrial, ATP synthase lipid-binding protein, ATP synthase proteolipid P3, ATP synthase proton-transporting mitochondrial F(0) complex subunit C3, ATPase protein 9, ATPase subunit c, ATP5G3

Target/Specificity

This ATP5G3 antibody is generated from a rabbit immunized with a KLH conjugated synthetic peptide between 12-42 amino acids from human ATP5G3.

Dilution

WB~~1:2000

Format

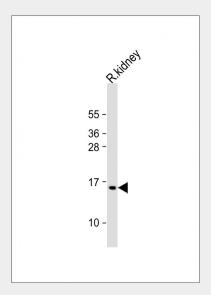
Purified polyclonal antibody supplied in PBS with 0.09% (W/V) sodium azide. This antibody is purified through a protein A column, followed by peptide affinity purification.

Storage

Maintain refrigerated at 2-8°C for up to 2 weeks. For long term storage store at -20°C in small aliquots to prevent freeze-thaw cycles.

Precautions

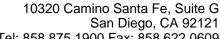
ATP5G3 Antibody (N-Term) is for research



Anti-ATP5G3 Antibody (N-Term) at 1:2000 dilution + rat kidney lysate Lysates/proteins at 20 µg per lane. Secondary Goat Anti-Rabbit IgG, (H+L), Peroxidase conjugated at 1/10000 dilution. Predicted band size: 15 kDa Blocking/Dilution buffer: 5% NFDM/TBST.

ATP5G3 Antibody (N-Term) - Background

Mitochondrial membrane ATP synthase (F(1)F(0) ATP synthase or Complex V) produces ATP from ADP in the presence of a proton gradient across the membrane which is generated by electron transport complexes of the respiratory chain. F-type ATPases consist of two structural domains, F(1) - containing the extramembraneous catalytic core and F(0) containing the membrane proton channel, linked together by a central stalk and a peripheral stalk. During catalysis, ATP synthesis in the catalytic domain of F(1) is coupled via a rotary mechanism of the central stalk subunits to proton translocation. Part of the complex F(0) domain. A homomeric c-ring of probably 10 subunits is part of the complex rotary element.





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use only and not for use in diagnostic or therapeutic procedures.

ATP5G3 Antibody (N-Term) - Protein Information

Name ATP5MC3 (HGNC:843)

Function

Mitochondrial membrane ATP synthase (F(1)F(0) ATP synthase or Complex V)produces ATP from ADP in the presence of a proton gradient across the membrane which is generated by electron transport complexes of the respiratory chain. F-type ATPases consist of two structural domains, F(1) - containing the extramembraneous catalytic core and F(0) - containing the membrane proton channel, linked together by a central stalk and a peripheral stalk. During catalysis, ATP synthesis in the catalytic domain of F(1) is coupled via a rotary mechanism of the central stalk subunits to proton translocation. Part of the complex F(0) domain. A homomeric c-ring of probably 10 subunits is part of the complex rotary element.

Cellular Location

Mitochondrion membrane; Multi-pass membrane protein

ATP5G3 Antibody (N-Term) - Protocols

Provided below are standard protocols that you may find useful for product applications.

- Western Blot
- Blocking Peptides
- Dot Blot
- Immunohistochemistry
- Immunofluorescence
- <u>Immunoprecipitation</u>
- Flow Cvtometv
- Cell Culture

ATP5G3 Antibody (N-Term) - References

Yan W.L., et al. Genomics 24:375-377(1994). Ota T., et al. Nat. Genet. 36:40-45(2004). Hillier L.W., et al. Nature 434:724-731(2005). Mural R.J., et al. Submitted (SEP-2005) to the EMBL/GenBank/DDBJ databases.