

## Phospho-RB(S608) Antibody

Affinity Purified Rabbit Polyclonal Antibody (Pab) Catalog # AP3235a

# **Specification**

# Phospho-RB(S608) Antibody - Product Information

Application
Primary Accession
Reactivity
Host
Clonality
Isotype
Calculated MW

IHC-P, DB,E
P06400
Human
Rabbit
Polyclonal
Rabbit Ig
106159

Phospho-RB(S608) Antibody - Additional Information

**Gene ID 5925** 

#### **Other Names**

Retinoblastoma-associated protein, p105-Rb, pRb, Rb, pp110, RB1

## **Target/Specificity**

This RB Antibody is generated from rabbits immunized with a KLH conjugated synthetic phosphopeptide corresponding to amino acid residues surrounding S608 of human RB.

## **Dilution**

IHC-P~~1:50~100 DB~~1:500

#### **Format**

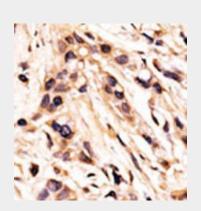
Purified polyclonal antibody supplied in PBS with 0.09% (W/V) sodium azide. This antibody is purified through a protein A column, followed by peptide affinity purification.

#### Storage

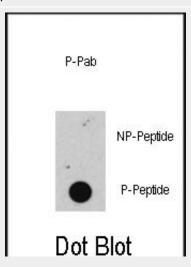
Maintain refrigerated at 2-8°C for up to 2 weeks. For long term storage store at -20°C in small aliquots to prevent freeze-thaw cycles.

#### **Precautions**

Phospho-RB(S608) Antibody is for research use only and not for use in diagnostic or



Formalin-fixed and paraffin-embedded human cancer tissue reacted with the primary antibody, which was peroxidase-conjugated to the secondary antibody, followed by AEC staining. This data demonstrates the use of this antibody for immunohistochemistry; clinical relevance has not been evaluated. BC = breast carcinoma; HC = hepatocarcinoma.



Dot blot analysis of anti-Phospho-RB-S608 Antibody (Cat.#AP3235a) on nitrocellulose membrane. 50ng of Phospho-peptide or Non Phospho-peptide per dot were adsorbed. Antibody working concentrations are 0.5ug per ml.

Phospho-RB(S608) Antibody - Background



therapeutic procedures.

#### Phospho-RB(S608) Antibody - Protein Information

#### Name RB1

#### **Function**

Tumor suppressor that is a key regulator of the G1/S transition of the cell cycle (PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/c itations/10499802" target=" blank">10499802</a>). The hypophosphorylated form binds transcription regulators of the E2F family, preventing transcription of E2F-responsive genes (PubMed:<a href="http://www.unipro t.org/citations/10499802" target="\_blank">10499802</a>). Both physically blocks E2Fs transactivating domain and recruits chromatin- modifying enzymes that actively repress transcription (PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/c itations/10499802" target=" blank">10499802</a>). Cyclin and CDK-dependent phosphorylation of RB1

target="\_blank">10499802</a>). Cyclin and CDK-dependent phosphorylation of RB1 induces its dissociation from E2Fs, thereby activating transcription of E2F responsive genes and triggering entry into S phase (PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/c itations/10499802"

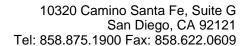
target="\_blank">10499802</a>). RB1 also promotes the G0-G1 transition upon phosphorylation and activation by CDK3/cyclin-C (PubMed:<a href="http://ww w.uniprot.org/citations/15084261" target=" blank">15084261</a>). Directly involved in heterochromatin formation by maintaining overall chromatin structure and, in particular, that of constitutive heterochromatin by stabilizing histone methylation. Recruits and targets histone methyltransferases SUV39H1, KMT5B and KMT5C, leading to epigenetic transcriptional repression. Controls histone H4 'Lys-20' trimethylation. Inhibits the intrinsic kinase activity of TAF1. Mediates transcriptional repression by SMARCA4/BRG1 by recruiting a histone deacetylase (HDAC) complex to the c-FOS promoter. In resting neurons, transcription of the c-FOS promoter is inhibited by BRG1- dependent recruitment of a phospho-RB1-HDAC1 repressor complex. Upon calcium influx, RB1 is dephosphorylated by calcineurin, which leads to release of the repressor complex (By similarity).

Retinoblastoma (RB) is an embryonic malignant neoplasm of retinal origin. It almost always presents in early childhood and is often bilateral. Spontaneous regression ('cure') occurs in some cases.

# Phospho-RB(S608) Antibody - References

Dasgupta, P., et al., Mol. Cell. Biol. 24(21):9527-9541 (2004). Cui, X., et al., Hum. Pathol. 35(10):1189-1195 (2004). Borah, S., et al., J. Virol. 78(19):10336-10347 (2004).

Dasgupta, P., et al., J. Biol. Chem. 279(37):38762-38769 (2004). Lohmann, D.R., et al., J. Biol. Chem. 129(1):23-28 (2004).





## **Cellular Location**

Nucleus. Note=During keratinocyte differentiation, acetylation by KAT2B/PCAF is required for nuclear localization.

# **Tissue Location**

Expressed in the retina. Expressed in foreskin keratinocytes (at protein level) (PubMed:20940255)

# Phospho-RB(S608) Antibody - Protocols

Provided below are standard protocols that you may find useful for product applications.

- Western Blot
- Blocking Peptides
- Dot Blot
- <u>Immunohistochemistry</u>
- <u>Immunofluorescence</u>
- <u>Immunoprecipitation</u>
- Flow Cytomety
- Cell Culture