

HSPA5 Antibody (C-term)

Affinity Purified Rabbit Polyclonal Antibody (Pab)

Catalog # AP5041b

Specification

HSPA5 Antibody (C-term) - Product Information

Application	WB, IHC-P, FC,E
Primary Accession	P11021
Other Accession	Q91883 , P06761 , P34935 , P20029 , Q0VCX2 , NP_005338 , G3I8R9
Reactivity Predicted	Human Bovine, Hamster, Mouse, Pig, Rat, Xenopus
Host	Rabbit
Clonality	Polyclonal
Isotype	Rabbit Ig
Calculated MW	72333
Antigen Region	541-568

HSPA5 Antibody (C-term) - Additional Information

Gene ID 3309

Other Names

78 kDa glucose-regulated protein, GRP-78, Endoplasmic reticulum luminal Ca(2+)-binding protein grp78, Heat shock 70 kDa protein 5, Immunoglobulin heavy chain-binding protein, BiP, HSPA5, GRP78

Target/Specificity

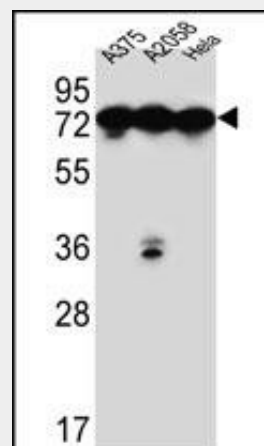
This HSPA5 antibody is generated from rabbits immunized with a KLH conjugated synthetic peptide between 541-568 amino acids from the C-terminal region of human HSPA5.

Dilution

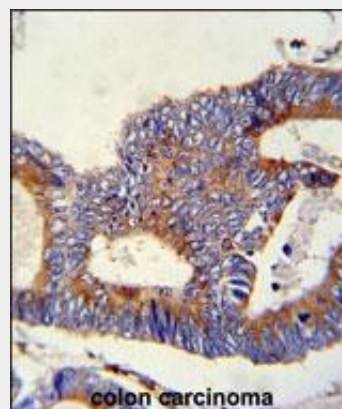
WB~~1:1000
IHC-P~~1:50~100
FC~~1:10~50

Format

Purified polyclonal antibody supplied in PBS with 0.09% (W/V) sodium azide. This antibody is purified through a protein A column, followed by peptide affinity purification.



HSPA5 Antibody (C-term) (Cat. #AP5041b) western blot analysis in A375, A2058, Hela cell line lysates (35ug/lane). This demonstrates the HSPA5 antibody detected the HSPA5 protein (arrow).



HSPA5 Antibody (C-term) (Cat. #AP5041b) immunohistochemistry analysis in formalin fixed and paraffin embedded human colon carcinoma followed by peroxidase conjugation of the secondary antibody and DAB staining. This data demonstrates the use of the HSPA5 Antibody (C-term) for immunohistochemistry. Clinical relevance has not been evaluated.

Storage

Maintain refrigerated at 2-8°C for up to 2 weeks. For long term storage store at -20°C in small aliquots to prevent freeze-thaw cycles.

Precautions

HSPA5 Antibody (C-term) is for research use only and not for use in diagnostic or therapeutic procedures.

HSPA5 Antibody (C-term) - Protein Information

Name HSPA5 ([HGNC:5238](#))

Function

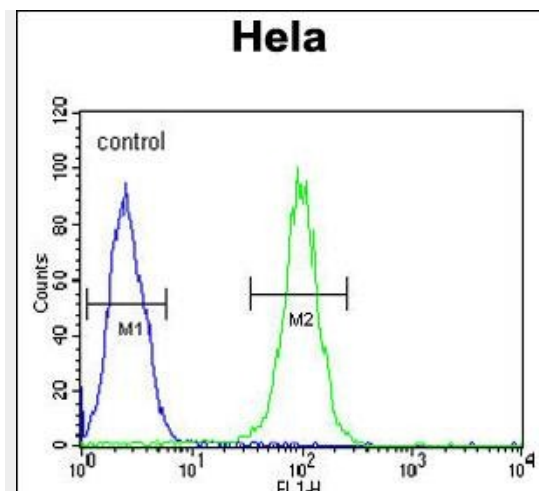
Endoplasmic reticulum chaperone that plays a key role in protein folding and quality control in the endoplasmic reticulum lumen (PubMed:2294010,

PubMed:23769672,

PubMed:23990668,

PubMed:28332555). Involved in the correct folding of proteins and degradation of misfolded proteins via its interaction with DNAJC10/ERdj5, probably to facilitate the release of DNAJC10/ERdj5 from its substrate (By similarity). Acts as a key repressor of the ERN1/IRE1-mediated unfolded protein response (UPR) (PubMed:1550958,

PubMed:19538957). In the unstressed endoplasmic reticulum, recruited by DNAJB9/ERdj4 to the luminal region of ERN1/IRE1, leading to disrupt the dimerization of ERN1/IRE1, thereby inactivating ERN1/IRE1 (By similarity). Accumulation of misfolded protein in the endoplasmic reticulum causes release of HSPA5/BiP from ERN1/IRE1, allowing homodimerization and subsequent activation of ERN1/IRE1 (By similarity). Plays an auxiliary role in post-translational transport of small presecretory proteins



HSPA5 Antibody (C-term) (Cat. #AP5041b) flow cytometric analysis of Hela cells (right histogram) compared to a negative control cell (left histogram). FITC-conjugated goat-anti-rabbit secondary antibodies were used for the analysis.

HSPA5 Antibody (C-term) - Background

When Chinese hamster K12 cells are starved of glucose, the synthesis of several proteins, called glucose-regulated proteins (GRPs), is markedly increased. Hendershot et al. (1994) [PubMed 8020977] pointed out that one of these, GRP78 (HSPA5), also referred to as 'immunoglobulin heavy chain-binding protein' (BiP), is a member of the heat-shock protein-70 (HSP70) family and is involved in the folding and assembly of proteins in the endoplasmic reticulum (ER). Because so many ER proteins interact transiently with GRP78, it may play a key role in monitoring protein transport through the cell.

HSPA5 Antibody (C-term) - References

Zhao, C., et al. J. Med. Virol. 82(1):14-22(2010)
Zhuang, L., et al. Mod. Pathol. 23(1):45-53(2010)
Arnaudeau, S., et al. Proteomics 9(23):5316-5327(2009)

across endoplasmic reticulum (ER). May function as an allosteric modulator for SEC61 channel-forming translocon complex, likely cooperating with SEC62 to enable the productive insertion of these precursors into SEC61 channel. Appears to specifically regulate translocation of precursors having inhibitory residues in their mature region that weaken channel gating. May also play a role in apoptosis and cell proliferation (PubMed:26045166).

Cellular Location

Endoplasmic reticulum lumen. Melanosome. Cytoplasm {ECO:0000250|UniProtKB:P20029}. Cell surface. Note=Identified by mass spectrometry in melanosome fractions from stage I to stage IV

HSPA5 Antibody (C-term) - Protocols

Provided below are standard protocols that you may find useful for product applications.

- [Western Blot](#)
- [Blocking Peptides](#)
- [Dot Blot](#)
- [Immunohistochemistry](#)
- [Immunofluorescence](#)
- [Immunoprecipitation](#)
- [Flow Cytometry](#)
- [Cell Culture](#)