

# **VDAC1** Antibody (Center)

Purified Rabbit Polyclonal Antibody (Pab)
Catalog # AP6627c

## **Specification**

#### VDAC1 Antibody (Center) - Product Information

Application WB, IHC-P, FC,E

Primary Accession <u>P21796</u>

Other Accession <u>Q9Z2L0</u>, <u>Q9TT15</u>, <u>060932</u>, <u>P45879</u>

Reactivity Human

Predicted Bovine, Mouse,

Rabbit, Rat

Host Rabbit
Clonality Polyclonal
Isotype Rabbit Ig
Calculated MW 30773
Antigen Region 95-124

#### VDAC1 Antibody (Center) - Additional Information

### **Gene ID 7416**

### **Other Names**

Voltage-dependent anion-selective channel protein 1, VDAC-1, hVDAC1, Outer mitochondrial membrane protein porin 1, Plasmalemmal porin, Porin 31HL, Porin 31HM, VDAC1, VDAC

# Target/Specificity

This VDAC1 antibody is generated from rabbits immunized with a KLH conjugated synthetic peptide between 95-124 amino acids from the Central region of human VDAC1.

#### **Dilution**

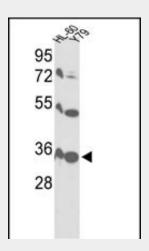
WB~~1:1000 IHC-P~~1:50~100 FC~~1:10~50

## **Format**

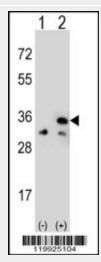
Purified polyclonal antibody supplied in PBS with 0.09% (W/V) sodium azide. This antibody is prepared by Saturated Ammonium Sulfate (SAS) precipitation followed by dialysis against PBS.

### Storage

Maintain refrigerated at 2-8°C for up to 2



Western blot analysis of VDAC1 Antibody (Center) (Cat. #AP6627c) in HL-60, Y79 cell line lysates (35ug/lane). VDAC1 (arrow) was detected using the purified Pab.



Western blot analysis of VDAC1 (arrow) using rabbit polyclonal VDAC1 Antibody (Center) (Cat. #AP6627c). 293 cell lysates (2 ug/lane) either nontransfected (Lane 1) or transiently transfected (Lane 2) with the VDAC1 gene.



weeks. For long term storage store at -20°C in small aliquots to prevent freeze-thaw cycles.

### **Precautions**

VDAC1 Antibody (Center) is for research use only and not for use in diagnostic or therapeutic procedures.

VDAC1 Antibody (Center) - Protein Information

### Name VDAC1

# **Synonyms VDAC**

## **Function**

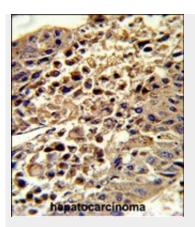
Forms a channel through the mitochondrial outer membrane and also the plasma membrane. The channel at the outer mitochondrial membrane allows diffusion of small hydrophilic molecules; in the plasma membrane it is involved in cell volume regulation and apoptosis. It adopts an open conformation at low or zero membrane potential and a closed conformation at potentials above 30-40 mV. The open state has a weak anion selectivity whereas the closed state is cation-selective (PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/1184 5315" target=" blank">11845315</a>, PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/ci tations/18755977"

target="\_blank">18755977</a>, PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/ci

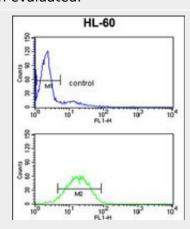
tations/20230784" target="\_blank">20230784</a>,

PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/ci tations/8420959"

target=" blank">8420959</a>). Binds various signaling molecules, including the sphingolipid ceramide, the phospholipid phosphatidylcholine, and the sterol cholesterol (PubMed: <a href="http://www.u niprot.org/citations/31015432" target=" blank">31015432</a>). In depolarized mitochondria, acts downstream of PRKN and PINK1 to promote mitophagy or prevent apoptosis; polyubiquitination by PRKN promotes mitophagy, while monoubiquitination by PRKN decreases mitochondrial calcium influx which ultimately inhibits apoptosis (PubMed:<a hr ef="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/32047 033" target=" blank">32047033</a>). May participate in the formation of the permeability transition pore complex (PTPC)



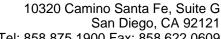
Formalin-fixed and paraffin-embedded human hepatocarcinoma reacted with VDAC1 Antibody (Center), which was peroxidase-conjugated to the secondary antibody, followed by DAB staining. This data demonstrates the use of this antibody for immunohistochemistry; clinical relevance has not been evaluated.

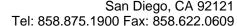


VDAC1 Antibody (Center) (Cat. #AP6627c) flow cytometry analysis of HL-60 cells (bottom histogram) compared to a negative control cell (top histogram).FITC-conjugated goat-anti-rabbit secondary antibodies were used for the analysis.

## **VDAC1** Antibody (Center) - Background

VDAC1 forms a channel through the mitochondrial outer membrane and also the plasma membrane. The channel at the outer mitochondrial membrane allows diffusion of small hydrophilic molecules; in the plasma membrane it is involved in cell volume regulation and apoptosis. It adopts an open conformation at low or zero membrane potential and a closed conformation at potentials above 30-40 mV. The open state has







responsible for the release of mitochondrial products that triggers apoptosis

(PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/c itations/15033708"

target=" blank">15033708</a>,

PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/ci tations/25296756"

target=" blank">25296756</a>). May mediate ATP export from cells (PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/3006 1676" target=" blank">30061676</a>).

### **Cellular Location**

Mitochondrion outer membrane: Multi-pass membrane protein. Cell membrane; Multi-pass membrane protein. Membrane raft; Multi-pass membrane protein

#### **Tissue Location**

Expressed in erythrocytes (at protein level) (PubMed:27641616). Expressed in heart, liver and skeletal muscle (PubMed:8420959).

## **VDAC1** Antibody (Center) - Protocols

Provided below are standard protocols that you may find useful for product applications.

- Western Blot
- Blocking Peptides
- Dot Blot
- Immunohistochemistry
- Immunofluorescence
- Immunoprecipitation
- Flow Cytomety
- Cell Culture

a weak anion selectivity whereas the closed state is cation-selective. The protein may participate in the formation of the permeability transition pore complex (PTPC) responsible for the release of mitochondrial products that triggers apoptosis.

# **VDAC1** Antibody (Center) - References

Shoshan-Barmatz, V., Biochim. Biophys. Acta 1787 (5), 421-430 (2009) Hiller, S., Science 321 (5893), 1206-1210 (2008)