

AKT3 Antibody (S472)

Affinity Purified Rabbit Polyclonal Antibody (Pab) Catalog # AP7030d

Specification

AKT3 Antibody (S472) - Product Information

Application WB,E
Primary Accession O9Y243

Other Accession <u>Q63484</u>, <u>Q9WUA6</u>

Reactivity
Predicted
Host
Clonality
Isotype
Calculated MW
Antigen Region

Human
Mouse, Rat
Rabbit
Polyclonal
Rabbit Ig
55775
450-479

AKT3 Antibody (S472) - Additional Information

Gene ID 10000

Other Names

RAC-gamma serine/threonine-protein kinase, Protein kinase Akt-3, Protein kinase B gamma, PKB gamma, RAC-PK-gamma, STK-2, AKT3, PKBG

Target/Specificity

This AKT3 antibody is generated from rabbits immunized with a KLH conjugated synthetic peptide between 450-479 amino acids from human AKT3.

Dilution

WB~~1:1000

Format

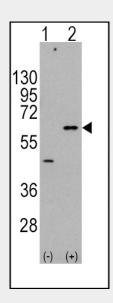
Purified polyclonal antibody supplied in PBS with 0.09% (W/V) sodium azide. This antibody is purified through a protein A column, followed by peptide affinity purification.

Storage

Maintain refrigerated at 2-8°C for up to 2 weeks. For long term storage store at -20°C in small aliquots to prevent freeze-thaw cycles.

Precautions

AKT3 Antibody (S472) is for research use



Western blot analysis of AKT3 (arrow) using rabbit polyclonal AKT3 Antibody (S472) (Cat.#AP7030d). 293 cell lysates (2 ug/lane) either nontransfected (Lane 1) or transiently transfected with the AKT3 gene (Lane 2) (Origene Technologies).

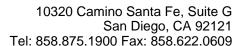
AKT3 Antibody (S472) - Background

AKT3 is a member of the AKT, also called PKB, serine/threonine protein kinase family. AKT kinases are known to be regulators of cell signaling in response to insulin and growth factors. They are involved in a wide variety of biological processes including cell proliferation, differentiation, apoptosis, tumorigenesis, as well as glycogen synthesis and glucose uptake. This kinase has been shown to be stimulated by platelet-derived growth factor (PDGF), insulin, and insulin-like growth factor 1 (IGF1).

AKT3 Antibody (S472) - References

Xu, Z., et al., Biochem. Biophys. Res. Commun. 312(2):388-396 (2003). Tiwari, G., et al., Mol. Cancer Res. 1(6):475-484 (2003).

Brozinick, J.T. Jr., et al., Diabetes 52(4):935-941





only and not for use in diagnostic or therapeutic procedures.

AKT3 Antibody (S472) - Protein Information

Name AKT3

Synonyms PKBG

Function

AKT3 is one of 3 closely related serine/threonine-protein kinases (AKT1, AKT2 and AKT3) called the AKT kinase, and which regulate many processes including metabolism, proliferation, cell survival, growth and angiogenesis. This is mediated through serine and/or threonine phosphorylation of a range of downstream substrates. Over 100 substrate candidates have been reported so far, but for most of them, no isoform specificity has been reported. AKT3 is the least studied AKT isoform. It plays an important role in brain development and is crucial for the viability of malignant glioma cells. AKT3 isoform may also be the key molecule in up-regulation and down-regulation of MMP13 via IL13. Required for the coordination of mitochondrial biogenesis with growth factor-induced increases in cellular energy demands. Down- regulation by RNA interference reduces the expression of the phosphorylated form of BAD, resulting in the induction of caspasedependent apoptosis.

Cellular Location

Nucleus. Cytoplasm. Membrane; Peripheral membrane protein
Note=Membrane-associated after cell stimulation leading to its translocation

Tissue Location

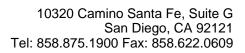
In adult tissues, it is highly expressed in brain, lung and kidney, but weakly in heart, testis and liver. In fetal tissues, it is highly expressed in heart, liver and brain and not at all in kidney

AKT3 Antibody (S472) - Protocols

Provided below are standard protocols that you may find useful for product applications.

(2003).

Deregibus, M.C., et al., J. Biol. Chem. 277(28):25195-25202 (2002). Brodbeck, D., et al., J. Biol. Chem. 276(31):29550-29558 (2001).





• Western Blot

- Blocking Peptides
- Dot Blot
- <u>Immunohistochemistry</u>
- <u>Immunofluorescence</u>
- <u>Immunoprecipitation</u>
- Flow Cytomety
- Cell Culture