

# **APOD Antibody (N-term)**

Purified Rabbit Polyclonal Antibody (Pab) Catalog # AP7423a

### **Specification**

#### APOD Antibody (N-term) - Product Information

Application WB,E
Primary Accession P05090

Other Accession P23593, P37153,

P51910

Reactivity
Predicted
Rabbit, Rat
Host
Clonality
Isotype
Calculated MW
Antigen Region

Human, Mouse
Rabbit, Rat
Rabbit
Rabbit
Polyclonal
Rabbit Ig
21276
26-53

APOD Antibody (N-term) - Additional Information

#### Gene ID 347

#### **Other Names**

Apolipoprotein D, Apo-D, ApoD, APOD

# **Target/Specificity**

This APOD antibody is generated from rabbits immunized with a KLH conjugated synthetic peptide between 26-53 amino acids from the N-terminal region of human APOD.

## Dilution

WB~~1:1000

#### **Format**

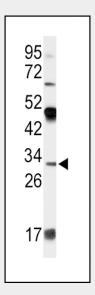
Purified polyclonal antibody supplied in PBS with 0.09% (W/V) sodium azide. This antibody is prepared by Saturated Ammonium Sulfate (SAS) precipitation followed by dialysis against PBS.

#### Storage

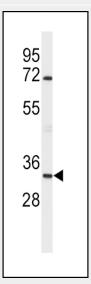
Maintain refrigerated at 2-8°C for up to 2 weeks. For long term storage store at -20°C in small aliquots to prevent freeze-thaw cycles.

#### **Precautions**

APOD Antibody (N-term) is for research use only and not for use in diagnostic or



Western blot analysis of APOD Antibody (N-term) (Cat. #AP7423a) in 293 cell line lysates (35ug/lane).APOD (arrow) was detected using the purified Pab.



Western blot analysis of APOD Antibody (N-term) (Cat. #AP7423a)in mouse brain tissue lysates (35ug/lane).APOD (arrow) was detected using the purified Pab.



therapeutic procedures.

#### APOD Antibody (N-term) - Protein Information

#### Name APOD

#### **Function**

APOD occurs in the macromolecular complex with lecithin- cholesterol acyltransferase. It is probably involved in the transport and binding of bilin. Appears to be able to transport a variety of ligands in a number of different contexts.

# **Cellular Location** Secreted.

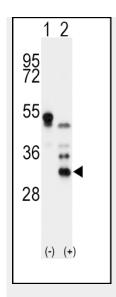
#### **Tissue Location**

Expressed in liver, intestine, pancreas, kidney, placenta, adrenal, spleen, fetal brain tissue and tears

## **APOD Antibody (N-term) - Protocols**

Provided below are standard protocols that you may find useful for product applications.

- Western Blot
- Blocking Peptides
- Dot Blot
- Immunohistochemistry
- Immunofluorescence
- Immunoprecipitation
- Flow Cytomety
- Cell Culture



Western blot analysis of APOD (arrow) using rabbit polyclonal APOD Antibody (N-term) (Cat. #AP7423a) 293 cell lysates (2 ug/lane) either nontransfected (Lane 1) or transiently transfected with the APOD gene (Lane 2).

## APOD Antibody (N-term) - Background

APOD is a component of high density lipoprotein that has no marked similarity to other apolipoprotein sequences. It has a high degree of homology to plasma retinol-binding protein and other members of the alpha 2 microglobulin protein superfamily of carrier proteins, also known as lipocalins. This glycoprotein is closely associated with the enzyme lecithin:cholesterol acyltransferase - an enzyme involved in lipoprotein metabolism.

## APOD Antibody (N-term) - References

Do Carmo,S., J. Neurosci. 28 (41), 10330-10338 (2008) Chen,Y., Brain Res. 1233, 196-202 (2008) Wei,Y.J., Biomarkers 13 (5), 535-548 (2008)