

# **ACTN4 Antibody (C-term)**

Purified Rabbit Polyclonal Antibody (Pab) Catalog # AP7790b

# **Specification**

#### **ACTN4 Antibody (C-term) - Product Information**

Application
Primary Accession
Reactivity
Host
Clonality
Isotype
Calculated MW

WB, IHC-P, FC,E
043707
Human
Rabbit
Polyclonal
Rabbit Ig
104854

**ACTN4 Antibody (C-term) - Additional Information** 

785-813

#### Gene ID 81

#### **Other Names**

Antigen Region

Alpha-actinin-4, F-actin cross-linking protein, Non-muscle alpha-actinin 4, ACTN4

#### Target/Specificity

This ACTN4 antibody is generated from rabbits immunized with a KLH conjugated synthetic peptide between 785-813 amino acids from the C-terminal region of human ACTN4.

# **Dilution**

WB~~1:1000 IHC-P~~1:10~50 FC~~1:10~50

# Format

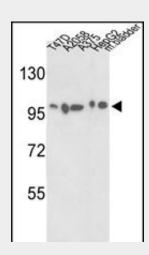
Purified polyclonal antibody supplied in PBS with 0.09% (W/V) sodium azide. This antibody is prepared by Saturated Ammonium Sulfate (SAS) precipitation followed by dialysis against PBS.

#### Storage

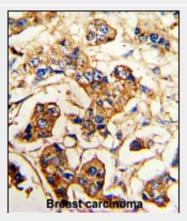
Maintain refrigerated at 2-8°C for up to 2 weeks. For long term storage store at -20°C in small aliquots to prevent freeze-thaw cycles.

#### **Precautions**

ACTN4 Antibody (C-term) is for research use only and not for use in diagnostic or



Western blot analysis of ACTN4 Antibody (C-term) (Cat.#AP7790b) in T47D, A2058, A375, HepG2 cell line and mouse bladder tissue lysates (35ug/lane). ACTN4 (arrow) was detected using the purified Pab.



Formalin-fixed and paraffin-embedded human breast carcinoma reacted with ACTN4 Antibody (C-term), which was peroxidase-conjugated to the secondary antibody, followed by DAB staining. This data demonstrates the use of this antibody for immunohistochemistry; clinical relevance has not been evaluated.



therapeutic procedures.

#### **ACTN4 Antibody (C-term) - Protein Information**

#### Name ACTN4 (HGNC:166)

#### **Function**

F-actin cross-linking protein which is thought to anchor actin to a variety of intracellular structures. This is a bundling protein (Probable). Probably involved in vesicular trafficking via its association with the CART complex. The CART complex is necessary for efficient transferrin receptor recycling but not for EGFR degradation (PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/15772161"

target="\_blank">15772161</a>). Involved in tight junction assembly in epithelial cells probably through interaction with MICALL2. Links MICALL2 to the actin cytoskeleton and recruits it to the tight junctions (By similarity). May also function as a transcriptional coactivator, stimulating transcription mediated by the nuclear hormone receptors PPARG and RARA (PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/22351778" target="\_blank">22351778</a>).

# **Cellular Location**

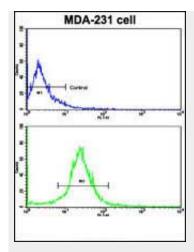
Nucleus. Cytoplasm. Cell junction {ECO:0000250|UniProtKB:P57780}. Cytoplasm, cytoskeleton, stress fiber. Note=Localized in cytoplasmic mRNP granules containing untranslated mRNAs. Nuclear translocation can be induced by the PI3 kinase inhibitor wortmannin or by cytochalasin D Exclusively localized in the nucleus in a limited number of cell lines (breast cancer cell line MCF-7, oral floor cancer IMC-2, and bladder cancer KU-7).

# **Tissue Location** Widely expressed...

# **ACTN4 Antibody (C-term) - Protocols**

Provided below are standard protocols that you may find useful for product applications.

- Western Blot
- Blocking Peptides
- Dot Blot



Flow cytometric analysis of MDA-231 cells using ACTN4 Antibody (C-term)(bottom histogram) compared to a negative control cell (top histogram). FITC-conjugated goat-anti-rabbit secondary antibodies were used for the analysis.

# **ACTN4** Antibody (C-term) - Background

Alpha actinins belong to the spectrin superfamily which represents a diverse group of cytoskeletal proteins, including the alpha and beta spectrins and dystrophins. Alpha actinin is an actin-binding protein with multiple roles in different cell types. In nonmuscle cells, the cytoskeletal isoform is found along microfilament bundles and adherens-type junctions, where it is involved in binding actin to the membrane. In contrast, skeletal, cardiac, and smooth muscle isoforms are localized to the Z-disc and analogous dense bodies, where they help anchor the myofibrillar actin filaments. This protein is a nonmuscle, alpha actinin isoform which is concentrated in the cytoplasm, and is thought to be involved in metastatic processes. Mutations in the gene encoding this protein have been associated with focal and segmental glomerulosclerosis.

# **ACTN4 Antibody (C-term) - References**

Kikuchi,S., Clin. Cancer Res. 14 (17), 5348-5356 (2008) Barbolina,M.V., Lab. Invest. 88 (6), 602-614 (2008) Kimura,M., Intern. Med. 47 (12), 1099-1106 (2008)



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- <u>Immunohistochemistry</u>
- Immunofluorescence
- <u>Immunoprecipitation</u>
- Flow Cytomety
- Cell Culture

# **ACTN4 Antibody (C-term) - Citations**

• Alpha-Actinin-4 is a Possible Target Protein for Aristolochic Acid I in Human Kidney Cells In