

# **B-RAF Antibody (Center)**

Purified Rabbit Polyclonal Antibody (Pab) Catalog # AP7810C

## **Specification**

#### **B-RAF Antibody (Center) - Product Information**

Application IF, WB, IHC-P,

FC,E

Primary Accession P15056

Other Accession P28028, Q04982

Reactivity Human

Predicted Chicken, Mouse

Host Rabbit
Clonality Polyclonal
Isotype Rabbit Ig
Calculated MW 84437
Antigen Region 424-453

**B-RAF Antibody (Center) - Additional Information** 

#### Gene ID 673

#### **Other Names**

Serine/threonine-protein kinase B-raf, Proto-oncogene B-Raf, p94, v-Raf murine sarcoma viral oncogene homolog B1, BRAF, BRAF1, RAFB1

## Target/Specificity

This B-RAF antibody is generated from rabbits immunized with a KLH conjugated synthetic peptide between 424-453 amino acids from the Central region of human B-RAF.

#### **Dilution**

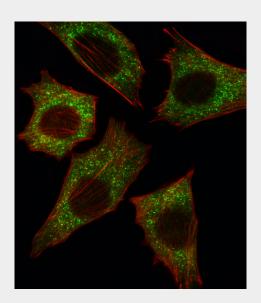
IF~~1:10~50 WB~~1:1000 IHC-P~~1:10~50 FC~~1:10~50

### **Format**

Purified polyclonal antibody supplied in PBS with 0.09% (W/V) sodium azide. This antibody is prepared by Saturated Ammonium Sulfate (SAS) precipitation followed by dialysis against PBS.

## Storage

Maintain refrigerated at 2-8°C for up to 2 weeks. For long term storage store at -20°C



Fluorescent image of C2C12 cell stained with BRAF Antibody

(Center)(Cat#AP7810c).C2C12 cells were fixed with 4% PFA (20 min), permeabilized with Triton X-100 (0.1%, 10 min), then incubated with BRAF primary antibody (1:25, 1 h at 37°C). For secondary antibody, Alexa Fluor® 488 conjugated donkey anti-rabbit antibody (green) was used (1:400, 50 min at 37°C).Cytoplasmic actin was counterstained with Alexa Fluor® 555 (red) conjugated Phalloidin (7units/ml, 1 h at 37°C).BRAF immunoreactivity is localized to Cytoplasm significantly.



in small aliquots to prevent freeze-thaw cycles.

#### **Precautions**

B-RAF Antibody (Center) is for research use only and not for use in diagnostic or therapeutic procedures.

**B-RAF Antibody (Center) - Protein Information** 

Name BRAF (HGNC:1097)

Synonyms BRAF1, RAFB1

#### **Function**

Protein kinase involved in the transduction of mitogenic signals from the cell membrane to the nucleus (Probable). Phosphorylates MAP2K1, and thereby activates the MAP kinase signal transduction pathway (PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/21441910" target="\_blank">21441910</a>/a>, PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/29433126" target="\_blank">29433126</a>/a>). May play a role in the postsynaptic responses of hippocampal neurons (PubMed:<a href="htt

target="\_blank">29433126</a>). May play a role in the postsynaptic responses of hippocampal neurons (PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/1508179" target="\_blank">1508179</a>).

### **Cellular Location**

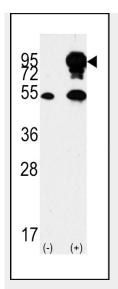
Nucleus. Cytoplasm. Cell membrane. Note=Colocalizes with RGS14 and RAF1 in both the cytoplasm and membranes.

**Tissue Location**Brain and testis.

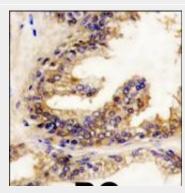
### **B-RAF Antibody (Center) - Protocols**

Provided below are standard protocols that you may find useful for product applications.

- Western Blot
- Blocking Peptides
- Dot Blot
- <u>Immunohistochemistry</u>
- Immunofluorescence
- Immunoprecipitation
- Flow Cytomety
- Cell Culture

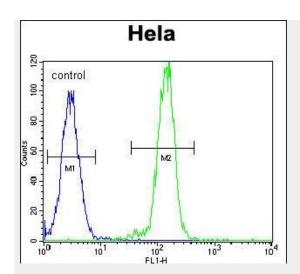


Western blot analysis of BRAF Antibody (Center) polyclonal antibody(Cat.#AP7810c)(arrow). 293 cell lysates (2 ug/lane) either nontransfected (Lane 1) or transiently transfected with the BRAF gene (Lane 2) (Origene Technologies).



Formalin-fixed and paraffin-embedded human prostata carcinoma reacted with BRAF Antibody (Center)(Cat.#AP7810c), which was peroxidase-conjugated to the secondary antibody, followed by DAB staining. This data demonstrates the use of this antibody for immunohistochemistry; clinical relevance has not been evaluated.





B-RAF Antibody (Center) (Cat. #AP7810c) flow cytometric analysis of Hela cells (right histogram) compared to a negative control cell (left histogram).FITC-conjugated goat-anti-rabbit secondary antibodies were used for the analysis.

# **B-RAF Antibody (Center) - Background**

BRAF, a mebmer of the RAF subfamily of Ser/Thr protein kinases, is involved in the transduction of mitogenic signals from the cell membrane to the nucleus. It may play a role in the postsynaptic responses of hippocampal neuron. This cytoplasmic protein is expressed in brain and testis. Defects in BRAF are involved in a wide range of cancers including lung cancer and non-Hodgkin lymphoma (NHL). This protein contains 1 zinc-dependent phorbol-ester and DAG binding domain.

## **B-RAF Antibody (Center) - References**

Loewe, R., et al., J. Invest. Dermatol. 123(4):733-736 (2004). Yamaguchi, T., et al., J. Biol. Chem. 279(39):40419-40430 (2004). Frattini, M., et al., Oncogene 23(44):7436-7440 (2004). Tsavachidou, D., et al., Cancer Res. 64(16):5556-5559 (2004).

Gear, H., et al., Invest. Ophthalmol. Vis. Sci.

45(8):2484-2488 (2004).