

**PIM1 Antibody**  
**Purified Rabbit Polyclonal Antibody (Pab)**  
**Catalog # AP7932d**

**Specification**

**PIM1 Antibody - Product Information**

Application	<b>WB, IHC-P,E</b>
Primary Accession	<a href="#">P11309</a>
Reactivity	<b>Human</b>
Host	<b>Rabbit</b>
Clonality	<b>Polyclonal</b>
Isotype	<b>Rabbit Ig</b>

**PIM1 Antibody - Additional Information**

**Gene ID** 5292

**Other Names**

Serine/threonine-protein kinase pim-1, PIM1

**Target/Specificity**

This PIM1 antibody is generated from rabbits immunized with PIM1 recombinant protein.

**Dilution**

WB~~1:1000

IHC-P~~1:10~50

**Format**

Purified polyclonal antibody supplied in PBS with 0.09% (W/V) sodium azide. This antibody is prepared by Saturated Ammonium Sulfate (SAS) precipitation followed by dialysis against PBS.

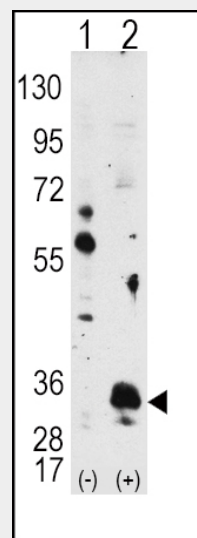
**Storage**

Maintain refrigerated at 2-8°C for up to 2 weeks. For long term storage store at -20°C in small aliquots to prevent freeze-thaw cycles.

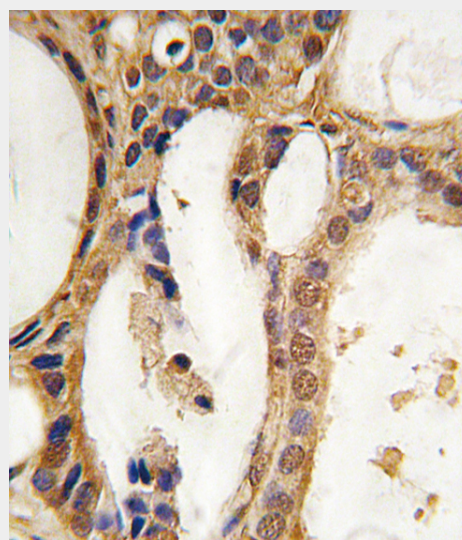
**Precautions**

PIM1 Antibody is for research use only and not for use in diagnostic or therapeutic procedures.

**PIM1 Antibody - Protein Information**



Western blot analysis of PIM1 (arrow) using PIM1 Antibody (Cat.#AP7932d). 293 cell lysates (2 ug/lane) either nontransfected (Lane 1) or transiently transfected with the PIM1 gene (Lane 2) (Origene Technologies).



Formalin-fixed and paraffin-embedded human prostate carcinoma tissue reacted with PIM1 antibody, which was peroxidase-conjugated to the secondary antibody, followed by DAB staining. This data demonstrates the use of this antibody for

## Name PIM1

### Function

Proto-oncogene with serine/threonine kinase activity involved in cell survival and cell proliferation and thus providing a selective advantage in tumorigenesis. Exerts its oncogenic activity through: the regulation of MYC transcriptional activity, the regulation of cell cycle progression and by phosphorylation and inhibition of proapoptotic proteins (BAD, MAP3K5, FOXO3). Phosphorylation of MYC leads to an increase of MYC protein stability and thereby an increase of transcriptional activity. The stabilization of MYC exerted by PIM1 might explain partly the strong synergism between these two oncogenes in tumorigenesis. Mediates survival signaling through phosphorylation of BAD, which induces release of the anti-apoptotic protein Bcl- X(L)/BCL2L1. Phosphorylation of MAP3K5, another proapoptotic protein, by PIM1, significantly decreases MAP3K5 kinase activity and inhibits MAP3K5-mediated phosphorylation of JNK and JNK/p38MAPK subsequently reducing caspase-3 activation and cell apoptosis. Stimulates cell cycle progression at the G1-S and G2-M transitions by phosphorylation of CDC25A and CDC25C. Phosphorylation of CDKN1A, a regulator of cell cycle progression at G1, results in the relocation of CDKN1A to the cytoplasm and enhanced CDKN1A protein stability. Promotes cell cycle progression and tumorigenesis by down-regulating expression of a regulator of cell cycle progression, CDKN1B, at both transcriptional and post- translational levels. Phosphorylation of CDKN1B, induces 14-3-3 proteins binding, nuclear export and proteasome-dependent degradation. May affect the structure or silencing of chromatin by phosphorylating HP1 gamma/CBX3. Acts also as a regulator of homing and migration of bone marrow cells involving functional interaction with the CXCL12- CXCR4 signaling axis. Also phosphorylates and activates the ATP-binding cassette transporter ABCG2, allowing resistance to drugs through their excretion from cells (PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/18056989" target="\_blank">18056989</a>). Promotes brown adipocyte differentiation (By similarity).

immunohistochemistry; clinical relevance has not been evaluated.

### PIM1 Antibody - Background

PIM1, which belongs to the Serine/Threonine protein kinase family, is thought to play a role in signal transduction in blood cells. The protooncogene PIM1 encodes a protein kinase upregulated in prostate cancer. It may affect the structure or silencing of chromatin by phosphorylating HP1 gamma/CBX3. PIM1 is expressed primarily in cells of the hematopoietic and germ line lineages.

### PIM1 Antibody - References

Strausberg, R.L., et al., Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. U.S.A. 99(26):16899-16903 (2002).  
Pasqualucci, L., et al., Nature 412(6844):341-346 (2001). Koike, N., et al., FEBS Lett. 467(1):17-21 (2000). Reeves, R., et al., Gene 90(2):303-307 (1990). Telerman, A., et al., Mol. Cell. Biol. 8(4):1498-1503 (1988).

**Cellular Location**

[Isoform 1]: Cytoplasm. Nucleus.

**Tissue Location**

Expressed primarily in cells of the hematopoietic and germline lineages.

Isoform 1 and isoform 2 are both expressed in prostate cancer cell lines.

**PIM1 Antibody - Protocols**

Provided below are standard protocols that you may find useful for product applications.

- [Western Blot](#)
- [Blocking Peptides](#)
- [Dot Blot](#)
- [Immunohistochemistry](#)
- [Immunofluorescence](#)
- [Immunoprecipitation](#)
- [Flow Cytometry](#)
- [Cell Culture](#)

**PIM1 Antibody - Citations**

- [PIM-1 contributes to the malignancy of pancreatic cancer and displays diagnostic and prognostic value.](#)
- [PIM1 gene cooperates with human BCL6 gene to promote the development of lymphomas.](#)