

**PIP5KI gamma (PIP5K1G) Antibody (C-term)**  
**Purified Rabbit Polyclonal Antibody (Pab)**  
**Catalog # AP8039b**

**Specification**

**PIP5KI gamma (PIP5K1G) Antibody (C-term) -  
Product Information**

Application	<b>WB, IHC-P,E</b>
Primary Accession	<a href="#">O60331</a>
Reactivity	<b>Human</b>
Host	<b>Rabbit</b>
Clonality	<b>Polyclonal</b>
Isotype	<b>Rabbit Ig</b>
Antigen Region	<b>637-668</b>

**PIP5KI gamma (PIP5K1G) Antibody (C-term) -  
Additional Information**

**Gene ID** 23396

**Other Names**

Phosphatidylinositol 4-phosphate 5-kinase  
type-1 gamma, PIP5K1-gamma,  
PtdIns(4)P-5-kinase 1 gamma,  
Phosphatidylinositol 4-phosphate 5-kinase  
type I gamma, PIP5K1gamma, PIP5K1C,  
KIAA0589

**Target/Specificity**

This PIP5KI gamma (PIP5K1G) antibody is  
generated from rabbits immunized with a  
KLH conjugated synthetic peptide between  
637-668 amino acids from the C-terminal  
region of human PIP5KI gamma (PIP5K1G).

**Dilution**

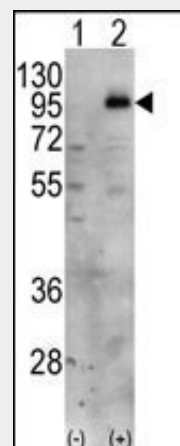
WB~~1:1000  
IHC-P~~1:50~100

**Format**

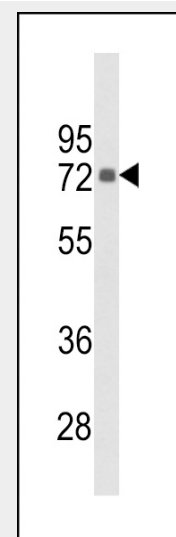
Purified polyclonal antibody supplied in PBS  
with 0.09% (W/V) sodium azide. This  
antibody is prepared by Saturated  
Ammonium Sulfate (SAS) precipitation  
followed by dialysis against PBS.

**Storage**

Maintain refrigerated at 2-8°C for up to 2  
weeks. For long term storage store at -20°C  
in small aliquots to prevent freeze-thaw  
cycles.



Western blot analysis of PIP5K1C (arrow)  
using PIP5K1G Antibody (C-term)  
(Cat.#AP8039b).293 cell lysates (2 ug/lane)  
either nontransfected (Lane 1) or transiently  
transfected with the PIP5K1C gene (Lane 2)  
(Origene Technologies).



Western blot analysis of hPIP5K1G-L652 (Cat.  
#AP8039b) in Hela cell line lysates  
(35ug/lane).PIP5K1G (arrow) was detected  
using the purified Pab.

### Precautions

PIP5KI gamma (PIP5K1G) Antibody (C-term) is for research use only and not for use in diagnostic or therapeutic procedures.

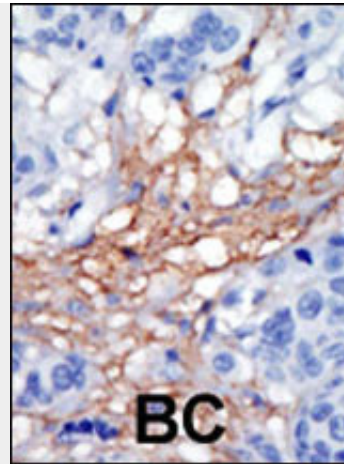
### PIP5KI gamma (PIP5K1G) Antibody (C-term) - Protein Information

**Name** PIP5K1C ([HGNC:8996](#))

**Synonyms** KIAA0589

### Function

Catalyzes the phosphorylation of phosphatidylinositol 4- phosphate (PtdIns(4)P/PI4P) to form phosphatidylinositol 4,5- bisphosphate (PtdIns(4,5)P2/PIP2), a lipid second messenger that regulates several cellular processes such as signal transduction, vesicle trafficking, actin cytoskeleton dynamics, cell adhesion, and cell motility (PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/12422219" target="\_blank">12422219</a>, PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/22942276" target="\_blank">22942276</a>). PtdIns(4,5)P2 can directly act as a second messenger or can be utilized as a precursor to generate other second messengers: inositol 1,4,5-trisphosphate (IP3), diacylglycerol (DAG) or phosphatidylinositol-3,4,5-trisphosphate (PtdIns(3,4,5)P3/PIP3) (Probable). PIP5K1A-mediated phosphorylation of PtdIns(4)P is the predominant pathway for PtdIns(4,5)P2 synthesis (By similarity). Together with PIP5K1A, is required for phagocytosis, both enzymes regulating different types of actin remodeling at sequential steps (By similarity). Promotes particle attachment by generating the pool of PtdIns(4,5)P2 that induces controlled actin depolymerization to facilitate Fc-gamma-R clustering. Mediates RAC1-dependent reorganization of actin filaments. Required for synaptic vesicle transport (By similarity). Controls the plasma membrane pool of PtdIns(4,5)P2 implicated in synaptic vesicle endocytosis and exocytosis (PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/12847086" target="\_blank">12847086</a>). Plays a role in endocytosis mediated by clathrin and AP-2 (adaptor protein complex 2)



Formalin-fixed and paraffin-embedded human cancer tissue reacted with the primary antibody, which was peroxidase-conjugated to the secondary antibody, followed by AEC staining. This data demonstrates the use of this antibody for immunohistochemistry; clinical relevance has not been evaluated. BC = breast carcinoma; HC = hepatocarcinoma.

### PIP5KI gamma (PIP5K1G) Antibody (C-term) - Background

PIP5K1G is a member of the type I phosphatidylinositol-4-phosphate 5-kinase family of enzymes. A similar protein in mice is found in synapses and focal adhesion plaques, and binds the FERM domain of talin through its C-terminus.

### PIP5KI gamma (PIP5K1G) Antibody (C-term) - References

Ling, K., et al., Nature 420(6911):89-93 (2002).  
Di Paolo, G., et al., Nature 420(6911):85-89 (2002).  
Ishihara, H., et al., J. Biol. Chem. 273(15):8741-8748 (1998).

(PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/12847086" target="\_blank">12847086</a>). Required for clathrin-coated pits assembly at the synapse (PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/17261850" target="\_blank">17261850</a>). Participates in cell junction assembly (PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/17261850" target="\_blank">17261850</a>). Modulates adherens junctions formation by facilitating CDH1/cadherin trafficking (PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/17261850" target="\_blank">17261850</a>). Required for focal adhesion dynamics. Modulates the targeting of talins (TLN1 and TLN2) to the plasma membrane and their efficient assembly into focal adhesions (PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/12422219" target="\_blank">12422219</a>). Regulates the interaction between talins (TLN1 and TLN2) and beta-integrins (PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/12422219" target="\_blank">12422219</a>). Required for uropodium formation and retraction of the cell rear during directed migration (By similarity). Has a role in growth factor-stimulated directional cell migration and adhesion (By similarity). Required for talin assembly into nascent adhesions forming at the leading edge toward the direction of the growth factor (PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/17635937" target="\_blank">17635937</a>). Negative regulator of T-cell activation and adhesion (By similarity). Negatively regulates integrin alpha-L/beta-2 (LFA-1) polarization and adhesion induced by T-cell receptor (By similarity). Together with PIP5K1A has a role during embryogenesis and together with PIP5K1B may have a role immediately after birth (By similarity).

### Cellular Location

Cell membrane; Peripheral membrane protein; Cytoplasmic side {ECO:0000250|UniProtKB:Q5I6B8}. Endomembrane system {ECO:0000250|UniProtKB:Q5I6B8}. Cytoplasm {ECO:0000250|UniProtKB:O70161}. Cell junction, focal adhesion. Cell junction, adherens junction. Cell projection, ruffle membrane

{ECO:0000250|UniProtKB:Q5I6B8}. Cell projection, phagocytic cup  
{ECO:0000250|UniProtKB:O70161}. Cell projection, uropodium  
{ECO:0000250|UniProtKB:O70161}.  
Note=Detected in plasma membrane invaginations. Isoform 3 is detected in intracellular vesicle-like structures

**Tissue Location**

[Isoform 1]: Isoform 1 is strongly expressed in brain and also detected in heart and lung  
[Isoform 3]: Isoform 3 is detected in large amounts in heart and large intestine, is also present in lung, pancreas and thyroid, and to a lesser extent in brain, stomach and kidney

**PIP5KI gamma (PIP5K1G) Antibody (C-term) - Protocols**

Provided below are standard protocols that you may find useful for product applications.

- [Western Blot](#)
- [Blocking Peptides](#)
- [Dot Blot](#)
- [Immunohistochemistry](#)
- [Immunofluorescence](#)
- [Immunoprecipitation](#)
- [Flow Cytometry](#)
- [Cell Culture](#)

**PIP5KI gamma (PIP5K1G) Antibody (C-term) - Citations**

- [Comparative analysis of normal versus CLL B-lymphocytes reveals patient-specific variability in signaling mechanisms controlling LFA-1 activation by chemokines.](#)