

NUP153 Antibody (N-term)

Purified Rabbit Polyclonal Antibody (Pab) Catalog # AP9116a

Specification

NUP153 Antibody (N-term) - Product Information

Application WB, FC,E Primary Accession P49790 Reactivity Human Host Rabbit Clonality **Polvclonal** Isotype Rabbit Ig Calculated MW 153938 Antigen Region 58-86

NUP153 Antibody (N-term) - Additional Information

Gene ID 9972

Other Names

Nuclear pore complex protein Nup153, 153 kDa nucleoporin, Nucleoporin Nup153, NUP153

Target/Specificity

This NUP153 antibody is generated from rabbits immunized with a KLH conjugated synthetic peptide between 58-86 amino acids from the N-terminal region of human NUP153.

Dilution

WB~~1:1000 FC~~1:10~50

Format

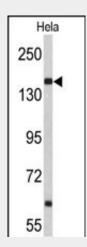
Purified polyclonal antibody supplied in PBS with 0.09% (W/V) sodium azide. This antibody is prepared by Saturated Ammonium Sulfate (SAS) precipitation followed by dialysis against PBS.

Storage

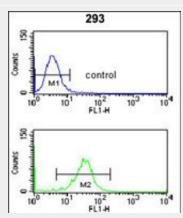
Maintain refrigerated at 2-8°C for up to 2 weeks. For long term storage store at -20°C in small aliquots to prevent freeze-thaw cycles.

Precautions

NUP153 Antibody (N-term) is for research



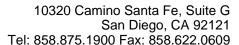
Western blot analysis of NUP153 Antibody (N-term) (Cat. #AP9116a) in Hela cell line lysates (35ug/lane). NUP153 (arrow) was detected using the purified Pab.



NUP153 Antibody (N-term)(Cat. #AP9116a) flow cytometry analysis of 293 cells (bottom histogram) compared to a negative control cell (top histogram).FITC-conjugated goat-anti-rabbit secondary antibodies were used for the analysis.

NUP153 Antibody (N-term) - Background

Nuclear pore complexes are extremely elaborate structures that mediate the regulated movement of macromolecules between the nucleus and cytoplasm. These





use only and not for use in diagnostic or therapeutic procedures.

NUP153 Antibody (N-term) - Protein Information

Name NUP153

Function

Component of the nuclear pore complex (NPC), a complex required for the trafficking across the nuclear envelope. Functions as a scaffolding element in the nuclear phase of the NPC essential for normal nucleocytoplasmic transport of proteins and mRNAs. Involved in the quality control and retention of unspliced mRNAs in the nucleus; in association with TPR, regulates the nuclear export of unspliced mRNA species bearing constitutive transport element (CTE) in a NXF1- and KHDRBS1-independent manner. Mediates TPR anchoring to the nuclear membrane at NPC. The repeat-containing domain may be involved in anchoring other components of the NPC to the pore membrane. Possible DNA-binding subunit of the nuclear pore complex (NPC).

Cellular Location

Nucleus. Nucleus membrane. Nucleus, nuclear pore complex. Note=Tightly associated with the nuclear membrane and lamina (By similarity). Localized to the nucleoplasmic side of the nuclear pore complex (NPC) core structure, forming a fibrous structure called the nuclear basket. Dissociates from the NPC structure early during prophase of mitosis. Integrated in the newly assembled nuclear envelope of postmitotic cells early in G1. Colocalized with NUP98 and TPR to the nuclear basket at the nucleoplasmic side of the NPC. Detected in diffuse and discrete intranuclear foci. Remained localized to the nuclear membrane after poliovirus (PV) infection.

NUP153 Antibody (N-term) - Protocols

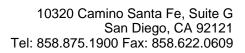
Provided below are standard protocols that you may find useful for product applications.

- Western Blot
- Blocking Peptides

complexes are composed of at least 100 different polypeptide subunits, many of which belong to the nucleoporin family. Nucleoporins are pore complex-specific glycoproteins characterized by cytoplasmically oriented O-linked N-acetylglucosamine residues and numerous repeats of the pentapeptide sequence XFXFG. This protein has three distinct domains: a N-terminal region within which a pore targeting domain has been identified, a central region containing multiple zinc finger motifs, and a C-terminal region containing multiple XFXFG repeats.

NUP153 Antibody (N-term) - References

Olsen, J.V., et.al., Cell 127 (3), 635-648 (2006) Ullman, K.S., et.al., Mol. Biol. Cell 10 (3), 649-664 (1999)





- Dot Blot
- Immunohistochemistry
- <u>Immunofluorescence</u>
- <u>Immunoprecipitation</u>
- Flow Cytomety
- Cell Culture