

# AIMP2 Antibody Catalog # ASC11715

# **Specification**

### **AIMP2 Antibody - Product Information**

Application WB, IHC, IF
Primary Accession
Other Accession

NP\_006294,
11125770

Reactivity Human
Host Rabbit
Clonality Polyclonal

Isotype IgG

Calculated MW Predicted: 35 kDa

Observed: 36 kDa

**KDa** 

Application Notes AIMP2 antibody

can be used for detection of AIMP2 by

Western blot at 1

- 2 μg/ml.

#### **AIMP2 Antibody - Additional Information**

Gene ID 7965 Target/Specificity

AIMP2; AIMP2 antibody is human specific. AIMP2 antibody is predicted to not cross-react with AIMP1.

# **Reconstitution & Storage**

AIMP2 antibody can be stored at 4°C for three months and -20°C, stable for up to one year.

#### **Precautions**

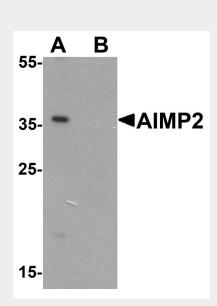
AIMP2 Antibody is for research use only and not for use in diagnostic or therapeutic procedures.

#### **AIMP2 Antibody - Protein Information**

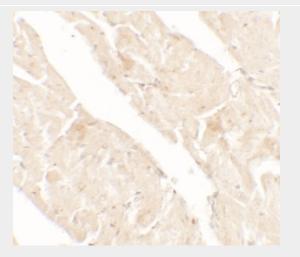
Name AIMP2

Synonyms JTV1

**Function** 



Western blot analysis of AIMP2 in HeLa cell lysate with AIMP2 antibody at 1  $\mu$ g/ml in (A) the absence and (B) the presence of blocking peptide.



Immunohistochemistry of AIMP2 in rat small intestine tissue with AIMP2 antibody at 5  $\mu$ g/mL.



Required for assembly and stability of the aminoacyl-tRNA synthase complex (PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/c itations/19131329"

target="\_blank">19131329</a>). Mediates ubiquitination and degradation of FUBP1, a transcriptional activator of MYC, leading to MYC down-regulation which is required for aveolar type II cell differentiation. Blocks MDM2-mediated ubiquitination and degradation of p53/TP53. Functions as a proapoptotic factor.

#### **Cellular Location**

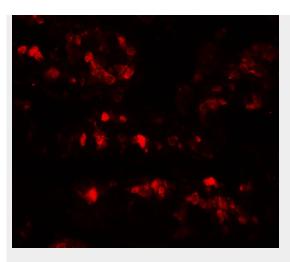
Cytoplasm, cytosol. Nucleus {ECO:0000250|UniProtKB:Q8R010}. Note=Following DNA damage, dissociates from the aminoacyl-tRNA synthase complex and translocates from the cytoplasm to the nucleus.

{ECO:0000250|UniProtKB:Q8R010}

# **AIMP2 Antibody - Protocols**

Provided below are standard protocols that you may find useful for product applications.

- Western Blot
- Blocking Peptides
- Dot Blot
- <u>Immunohistochemistry</u>
- Immunofluorescence
- Immunoprecipitation
- Flow Cytomety
- Cell Culture



Immunofluorescence of AIMP2 in rat small intestine tissue with AIMP2 antibody at 20  $\mu$ g/mL.

## AIMP2 Antibody - Background

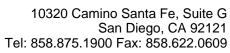
AIMP2 was initially identified as a part of an aminoacyl-tRNA synthesase complex (1). It was later discovered to be a cofactor and substrate of Parkin, a Ring-type E3 ubiquitin ligase that is important for the survival of dopamine neurons in Parkinson's disease; accumulation of AIMP2 in these cells lead to catecholaminergic cell death (2). AIMP2 can also bind to TRAF2, a key player in the TNF-alpha signaling pathway, causing the ubiquitination of TRAF2 by cIAP1, leading to TNF-alpha-dependent apoptosis (3). Finally, AIMP2 has been suggested to function as a tumor suppressor (4).

## **AIMP2 Antibody - References**

Quevillon S, Robinson JC, Berthonneau E, et al. Macromolecular assemblage of aminoacyl-tRNA synthetases: identification of protein-protein interactions and characterization of a core protein. J. Mol. Biol. 1999; 285:183-95.

Ko HS, von Coelln R, Sriram SR, et al. Accumulation of the authentic parkin substrate aminoacyl-tRNA synthetase cofactor, p38/JTV-1, leads to catecholaminergic cell death. J. Neruosci. 2005; 25:7968-78. Choi JW, Kim DG, Park MC, et al. AIMP2 promotes TNFalpha-dependent apoptosis via ubiquitin-mediated degradation of TRAF2. J. Cell Sci. 2009; 122:2710-5.

Choi JW, UM JY, Kundu JK, et al. Multidirectional tumor-suppressive activity of AIMP2/p38 and





the enhanced susceptibility of AIMP2 heterozygous mice to carcinogenesis. Carcinogenesis 2009; 30:1638-44.