

# **Choline Acetyltransferase Antibody**

Catalog # ASM10560

### **Specification**

# Choline Acetyltransferase Antibody - Product Information

Application ICC/IF, WB Primary Accession P28329

Other Accession NP\_001136401.1

Host Rabbit
Reactivity Human
Clonality Polyclonal

Description

Rabbit Anti-Human Choline Acetyltransferase Polyclonal

#### Target/Specificity

Predicted molecular weight at ~82.5kDa. Observed molecular weights between 68-70kDa.

#### **Other Names**

CHAT\_Human Antibody, Acetyl CoA choline O Acetyltransferase Antibody, Choline Acetylase Antibody, CLAT\_Human Antibody, CMS1A Antibody

#### **Immunogen**

Synthetic peptide from the N-terminal to the mid-protein of human Choline O-Acetyltrasferase

#### **Purification**

Peptide Affinity Purified

Storage -20°C

Storage Buffer

PBS, 50% glycerol, 0.09% sodium azide

Shipping Blue Ice or 4°C

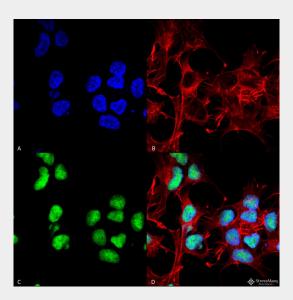
Temperature

**Certificate of Analysis** 

A 1:1000 dilution of SPC-706 was sufficient for detection of Choline Acetyltransferase on mouse brain lysates using Goat anti-rabbit IgG:HRP as the secondary antibody.

### **Cellular Localization**

Cytoplasm | Cytosol | Mitochondrion | Nucleus



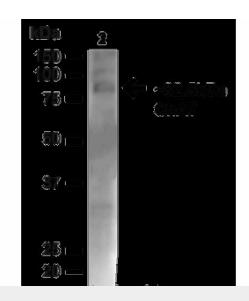
Immunocytochemistry/Immunofluorescence analysis using Rabbit Anti-Choline Acetyltransferase Polyclonal Antibody (ASM10560). Tissue: Neuroblastoma cell line (SK-N-BE). Species: Human. Fixation: 4% Formaldehyde for 15 min at RT. Primary Antibody: Rabbit Anti-Choline Acetyltransferase Polyclonal Antibody (ASM10560) at 1:100 for 60 min at RT. Secondary Antibody: Goat Anti-Rabbit ATTO 488 at 1:100 for 60 min at RT. Counterstain: Phalloidin Texas Red F-Actin stain; DAPI (blue) nuclear stain at 1:1000, 1:5000 for 60min RT, 5min RT. Localization: Nucleus. Magnification: 60X. (A) DAPI (blue) nuclear stain (B) Phalloidin Texas Red F-Actin stain (C) Choline Acetyltransferase Antibody (D) Composite.



# Choline Acetyltransferase Antibody - Protocols

Provided below are standard protocols that you may find useful for product applications.

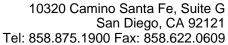
- Western Blot
- Blocking Peptides
- Dot Blot
- <u>Immunohistochemistry</u>
- <u>Immunofluorescence</u>
- <u>Immunoprecipitation</u>
- Flow Cvtometv
- Cell Culture

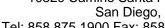


Western blot analysis of Mouse Brain showing detection of ~82.5kDa Choline Acetyltransferase protein using Rabbit Anti-Choline Acetyltransferase Polyclonal Antibody (ASM10560). Lane 1: MW Ladder. Lane 2: Mouse Brain (20 µg). Load: 20 µg. Block: 5% milk + TBST for 1 hour at RT. Primary Antibody: Rabbit Anti-Choline Acetyltransferase Polyclonal Antibody (ASM10560) at 1:1000 for 1 hour at RT. Secondary Antibody: Goat Anti-Rabbit: HRP at 1:2000 for 1 hour at RT. Color Development: TMB solution for 12 min at RT. Predicted/Observed Size: ~82.5kDa.

# Choline Acetyltransferase Antibody - Background

Acetylcholine (ACh) is a common neurotransmitter for motoneurons, preganglionic autonomic neurons, postganglionic parasympathetic neurons, a variety of brain regions and some emerging neuron-like stem cells. The metabolism of Ach is relatively simple, involving only two enzymes: choline acetyltransferase (ChAT) for synthesis and acetylcholinesterase (AChE) for degradation. Further, acetylcholine has little function in neurons other than neurotransmission and seems to be neuron specific. It seems that only cholinergic neurons have significant amounts of ChAT making anti-choline acetyltransferase a useful specific marker. ChAT is a valuable marker for diseases associated with decreased cholinergic function such as Schizophrenia, Alzheimer disease and Down syndrome (1-3).







## **Choline Acetyltransferase Antibody -**References

- 1. Houser C.R., Crawford G.D., Barber R.P., Salvaterra P.M., Vaughn J.E. (1983) Brain Research. 266(1): 97-119.
- 2. Karson C.N., Casanova M.F., Kleinman J.E.m Griffin W.S. (1993) Am J Psychiatry. 150:
- 3. Baskins D.S., et al. (1999) Arch Neurol. 56: 1121-1123.