

Beta-actin Antibody

Purified Mouse Monoclonal Antibody (Mab)

Catalog # AW5206

Specification

Beta-actin Antibody - Product Information

Application	WB,E
Primary Accession	P60709
Reactivity	Human, Mouse, Rat
Predicted	Bovine, Chicken, Xenopus
Host	Mouse
Clonality	Monoclonal
Calculated MW	H=42;M=42;Rat=42 KDa
Antigen Source	HUMAN

Beta-actin Antibody - Additional Information

Gene ID 60

Other Names

ACTB; Actin, cytoplasmic 1; Beta-actin; Actin, cytoplasmic 1, N-terminally processed

Dilution

WB~~1:2000

Target/Specificity

ACTB recombinant protein is used to produce this monoclonal antibody.

Format

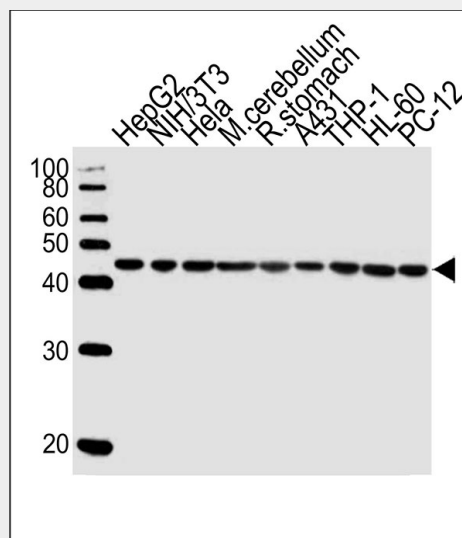
Purified monoclonal antibody supplied in PBS with 0.09% (W/V) sodium azide. This antibody is purified through a protein G column, followed by dialysis against PBS.

Storage

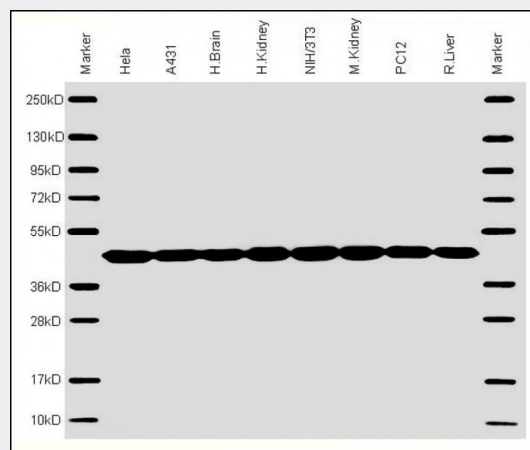
Maintain refrigerated at 2-8°C for up to 2 weeks. For long term storage store at -20°C in small aliquots to prevent freeze-thaw cycles.

Precautions

Beta-actin Antibody is for research use only and not for use in diagnostic or therapeutic procedures.



Western blot analysis of lysates from HepG2, mouse NIH/3T3, Hela cell line, mouse cerebellum, rat stomach tissue lysate, A431, THP-1, HL-60, rat PC-12 cell line (from left to right), using Beta-actin Antibody (Cat. #AW5206). AW5206 was diluted at 1:1000 at each lane. A goat anti-mouse IgG H&L (HRP) at 1:10000 dilution was used as the secondary antibody.



All lanes : Anti-Beta-actin Antibody at 1:2000 dilution
Lane 1: Hela whole cell lysate
Lane 2: A431 whole cell lysate
Lane 3: human brain lysate
Lane 4: human kidney lysate
Lane 5: NIH/3T3 whole cell lysate
Lane 6: mouse

Beta-actin Antibody - Protein Information

Name ACTB

Function

Actin is a highly conserved protein that polymerizes to produce filaments that form cross-linked networks in the cytoplasm of cells (PubMed:29581253). Actin exists in both monomeric (G-actin) and polymeric (F-actin) forms, both forms playing key functions, such as cell motility and contraction (PubMed:29581253). In addition to their role in the cytoplasmic cytoskeleton, G- and F-actin also localize in the nucleus, and regulate gene transcription and motility and repair of damaged DNA (PubMed:29925947).

Cellular Location

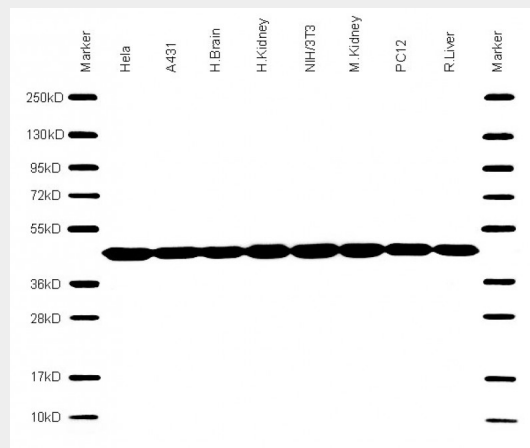
Cytoplasm, cytoskeleton. Nucleus
Note=Localized in cytoplasmic mRNP granules containing untranslated mRNAs.

Beta-actin Antibody - Protocols

Provided below are standard protocols that you may find useful for product applications.

- [Western Blot](#)
- [Blocking Peptides](#)
- [Dot Blot](#)
- [Immunohistochemistry](#)
- [Immunofluorescence](#)
- [Immunoprecipitation](#)
- [Flow Cytometry](#)
- [Cell Culture](#)

kidney lysate Lane 7: PC12 whole cell lysate
Lane 8: rat liver lysate Lysates/proteins at 20 µg per lane. Secondary Goat Anti-mouse IgG, (H+L), Peroxidase conjugated at 1/10000 dilution. Predicted band size : 42 kDa
Blocking/Dilution buffer: 5% NFDm/TBST.



All lanes : Anti-Beta-actin Antibody at 1:2000 dilution Lane 1: Hela whole cell lysate Lane 2: A431 whole cell lysate Lane 3: Human brain cell lysate Lane 4: Human kidney cell lysate Lane 5: NIH/3T3 whole cell lysate Lane 6: Mouse kidney cell lysate Lane 7: PC-12 whole cell lysate Lane 8: Rat liver cell lysate Lysates/proteins at 20 µg per lane. Secondary Goat Anti-mouse IgG, (H+L), Peroxidase conjugated at 1/10000 dilution. Predicted band size : 42 kDa
Blocking/Dilution buffer: 5% NFDm/TBST.

Beta-actin Antibody - Background

This gene encodes one of six different actin proteins. Actins are highly conserved proteins that are involved in cell motility, structure, and integrity. This actin is a major constituent of the contractile apparatus and one of the two nonmuscle cytoskeletal actins.

Beta-actin Antibody - References

Sex-specific proteome differences in the anterior cingulate cortex of schizophrenia. Martins-de-Souza D, et al. J Psychiatr Res, 2010 Apr 8. PMID 20381070. Identification of a hormone-regulated dynamic nuclear actin network associated with estrogen receptor alpha in human breast cancer cell nuclei. Ambrosino C, et al. Mol Cell Proteomics, 2010 Jun. PMID 20308691. Contribution of

rearranged actin structures to the spread of Ectromelia virus infection in vitro. Boratynska A, et al. Acta Virol, 2010. PMID 20201613. Molecular mechanisms underlying nucleocytoplasmic shuttling of actinin-4. Kumeta M, et al. J Cell Sci, 2010 Apr 1. PMID 20197409. Tyrosine phosphorylation of cofilin at Y68 by v-Src leads to its degradation through ubiquitin-proteasome pathway. Yoo Y, et al. Oncogene, 2010 Jan 14. PMID 19802004.