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HDAC2 Antibody (Center)

Affinity Purified Rabbit Polyclonal Antibody (Pab)

Catalog # AW5261

Specification

HDAC2 Antibody (Center) - Product Information

Application	**IF, WB, IHC-P, FC,E**
Primary Accession	Q92769
Other Accession	P70288, P56519
Reactivity	**Human**
Predicted	**Chicken, Mouse**
Host	**Rabbit**
Clonality	**Polyclonal**
Calculated MW	**H=55;M=55 KDa**
Isotype	**Rabbit Ig**
Antigen Source	**HUMAN**

HDAC2 Antibody (Center) - Additional Information

Gene ID 3066

Antigen Region
410-439

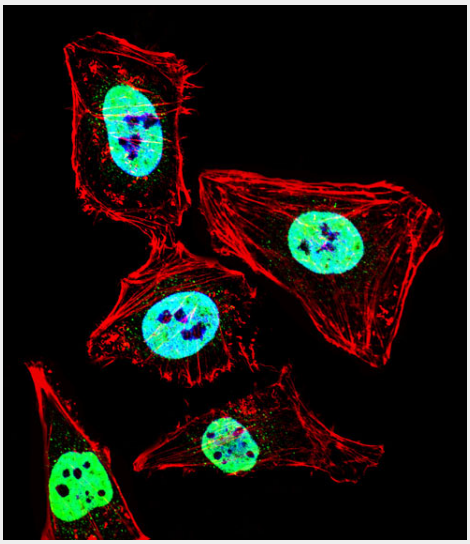
Other Names
HDAC2; Histone deacetylase 2

Dilution
IF~~1:10~50
WB~~ 1:1000
IHC-P~~1:50~100
FC~~1:10~50

Target/Specificity
This HDAC2 antibody is generated from rabbits immunized with a KLH conjugated synthetic peptide between 410-439 amino acids from the Central region of human HDAC2.

Format
Purified polyclonal antibody supplied in PBS with 0.09% (W/V) sodium azide. This antibody is purified through a protein A column, followed by peptide affinity purification.

Storage
Maintain refrigerated at 2-8°C for up to 2 weeks. For long term storage store at -20°C



Fluorescent confocal image of Hela cell stained with HDAC2 Antibody (Center)(Cat#AW5261).Hela cells were fixed with 4% PFA (20 min), permeabilized with Triton X-100 (0.1%, 10 min), then incubated with HDAC2 primary antibody (1:25, 1 h at 37℃). For secondary antibody, Alexa Fluor® 488 conjugated donkey anti-rabbit antibody (green) was used (1:400, 50 min at 37℃).Cytoplasmic actin was counterstained with Alexa Fluor® 555 (red) conjugated Phalloidin (7units/ml, 1 h at 37℃). Nuclei were counterstained with DAPI (blue) (10 μg/ml, 10 min). HDAC2 immunoreactivity is localized to Nucleus significantly.

in small aliquots to prevent freeze-thaw cycles.

Precautions
HDAC2 Antibody (Center) is for research use only and not for use in diagnostic or therapeutic procedures.

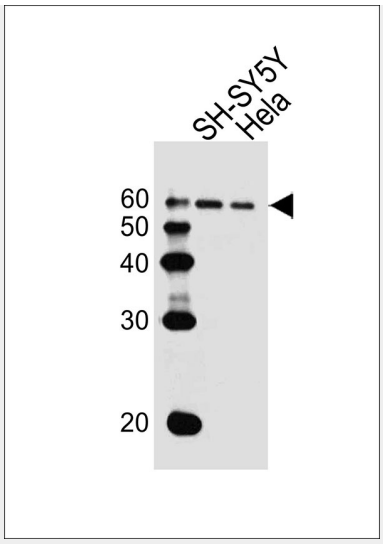
HDAC2 Antibody (Center) - Protein Information

Name HDAC2 (HGNC:4853)

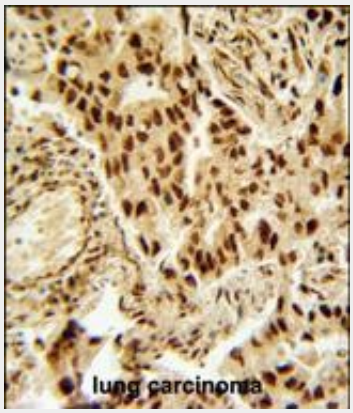
Function
Responsible for the deacetylation of lysine residues on the N-terminal part of the core histones (H2A, H2B, H3 and H4). Histone deacetylation gives a tag for epigenetic repression and plays an important role in transcriptional regulation, cell cycle progression and developmental events. Histone deacetylases act via the formation of large multiprotein complexes. Forms transcriptional repressor complexes by associating with MAD, SIN3, YY1 and N-COR. Interacts in the late S- phase of DNA-replication with DNMT1 in the other transcriptional repressor complex composed of DNMT1, DMAP1, PCNA, CAF1. Deacetylates TSHZ3 and regulates its transcriptional repressor activity. Component of a RCOR/GFI/KDM1A/HDAC complex that suppresses, via histone deacetylase (HDAC) recruitment, a number of genes implicated in multilineage blood cell development. May be involved in the transcriptional repression of circadian target genes, such as PER1, mediated by CRY1 through histone deacetylation. Involved in MTA1- mediated transcriptional corepression of TFF1 and CDKN1A.

Cellular Location
Nucleus. Cytoplasm

Tissue Location
Widely expressed; lower levels in brain and lung.



Western blot analysis of lysates from SH-SY5Y,Hela cell line (from left to right), using HDAC2 Antibody (Center)(Cat. #AW5261). AW5261 was diluted at 1:1000 at each lane. A goat anti-rabbit IgG H&L(HRP) at 1:10000 dilution was used as the secondary antibody.



HDAC2 Antibody (Center) (Cat. #AW5261) immunohistochemistry analysis in formalin fixed and paraffin embedded human lung carcinoma followed by peroxidase conjugation of the secondary antibody and DAB staining. This data demonstrates the use of the HDAC2 Antibody (Center) for immunohistochemistry. Clinical relevance has not been evaluated.

HDAC2 Antibody (Center) - Protocols

Provided below are standard protocols that you may find useful for product applications.

- Western Blot

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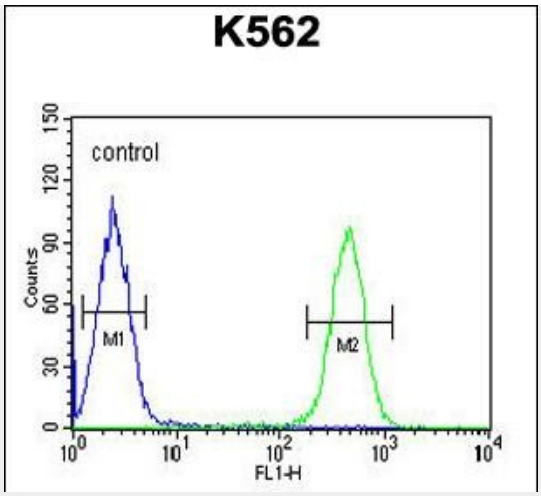
- Blocking Peptides
- Dot Blot
- Immunohistochemistry
- Immunofluorescence
- Immunoprecipitation
- Flow Cytomety
- Cell Culture



HDAC2 Antibody (Center) (Cat. #AW5261) flow cytometric analysis of K562 cells (right histogram) compared to a negative control cell (left histogram).FITC-conjugated goat-anti-rabbit secondary antibodies were used for the analysis.

HDAC2 Antibody (Center) - Background

This gene product belongs to the histone deacetylase family. Histone deacetylases act via the formation of large multiprotein complexes, and are responsible for the deacetylation of lysine residues at the N-terminal regions of core histones (H2A, H2B, H3 and H4). This protein forms transcriptional repressor complexes by associating with many different proteins, including YY1, a mammalian zinc-finger transcription factor. Thus, it plays an important role in transcriptional regulation, cell cycle progression and developmental events.

HDAC2 Antibody (Center) - References

Ishikawa, F., et al. Oncogene 29(6):909-919(2010)
Bush, E.W., et al. Circ. Res. 106(2):272-284(2010)
Krishnan, M., et al. Oncogene 29(2):305-312(2010)
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Hassig, C.A., et al. Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. U.S.A. 95(7):3519-3524(1998)