

Mouse Mertk Antibody (C-term)

Purified Rabbit Polyclonal Antibody (Pab) Catalog # AW5501

Specification

Mouse Mertk Antibody (C-term) - Product Information

Application
Primary Accession
Reactivity
Host
Clonality
Calculated MW

WB,E
060805
Mouse, Rat
Rabbit
Polyclonal
M=110;R=109

KDa

Isotype Rabbit Ig Antigen Source HUMAN

Mouse Mertk Antibody (C-term) - Additional Information

Gene ID 17289

Antigen Region 946-980

Other Names

Tyrosine-protein kinase Mer, Proto-oncogene c-Mer, Receptor tyrosine kinase MerTK, Mertk, Mer

Dilution

WB~~1:1000

Target/Specificity

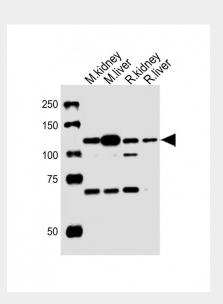
This Mouse Mertk antibody is generated from a rabbit immunized with a KLH conjugated synthetic peptide between 946-980 amino acids from the C-terminal region of mouse Mertk.

Storage

Maintain refrigerated at 2-8°C for up to 2 weeks. For long term storage store at -20°C in small aliquots to prevent freeze-thaw cycles.

Precautions

Mouse Mertk Antibody (C-term) is for research use only and not for use in diagnostic or therapeutic procedures.



All lanes: Anti-Mertk Antibody (C-term) at 1:1000 dilution Lane 1: mouse kidney lysates Lane 2: mouse liver lysates Lane 3: rat kidney lysates Lane 4: rat liver lysates Lysates/proteins at 20 µg per lane. Secondary Goat Anti-Rabbit lgG, (H+L), Peroxidase conjugated at 1/10000 dilution

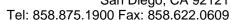
Predicted band size: 110 kDa

Blocking/Dilution buffer: 5% NFDM/TBST.

Mouse Mertk Antibody (C-term) - Background

Receptor tyrosine kinase that transduces signals from the extracellular matrix into the cytoplasm by binding to several ligands including LGALS3, TUB, TULP1 or GAS6. Regulates many physiological processes including cell survival, migration, differentiation, and phagocytosis of apoptotic cells (efferocytosis). Ligand binding at the cell surface induces autophosphorylation of MERTK on its intracellular domain that provides docking sites for downstream signaling molecules. Following activation by ligand, interacts with GRB2 or PLCG2 and induces phosphorylation of MAPK1, MAPK2, FAK/PTK2 or RAC1. MERTK signaling plays a role in







Mouse Mertk Antibody (C-term) - Protein Information

Name Mertk

Synonyms Mer

Function

Receptor tyrosine kinase that transduces signals from the extracellular matrix into the cytoplasm by binding to several ligands including LGALS3, TUB, TULP1 or GAS6. Regulates many physiological processes including cell survival, migration, differentiation, and phagocytosis of apoptotic cells (efferocytosis). Ligand binding at the cell surface induces autophosphorylation of MERTK on its intracellular domain that provides docking sites for downstream signaling molecules. Following activation by ligand, interacts with GRB2 or PLCG2 and induces phosphorylation of MAPK1, MAPK2, FAK/PTK2 or RAC1. MERTK signaling plays a role in various processes such as macrophage clearance of apoptotic cells, platelet aggregation, cytoskeleton reorganization and engulfment. Functions in the retinal pigment epithelium (RPE) as a regulator of rod outer segments fragments phagocytosis. Plays also an important role in inhibition of Toll-like receptors (TLRs)-mediated innate immune response by activating STAT1, which selectively induces production of suppressors of cytokine signaling SOCS1 and SOCS3.

Cellular Location

Membrane; Single-pass type I membrane protein

Tissue Location

Expressed predominantly in the hematopoietic lineages: macrophages, NK cells, NKT cells, dendritic cells and platelets.

Mouse Mertk Antibody (C-term) -**Protocols**

Provided below are standard protocols that you may find useful for product applications.

- Western Blot
- Blocking Peptides

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Mouse Mertk Antibody (C-term) -References

Graham D.K., et al. Oncogene 10:2349-2359(1995). Dowds C.A., et al. Submitted (JAN-1996) to the EMBL/GenBank/DDBJ databases. Lu Q., et al. Nature 398:723-728(1999). Georgescu M.M., et al. Mol. Cell. Biol. 19:1171-1181(1999). Behrens E.M., et al. Eur. J. Immunol. 33:2160-2167(2003).





- Dot Blot
- Immunohistochemistry
- <u>Immunofluorescence</u>
- <u>Immunoprecipitation</u>
- Flow Cytomety
- Cell Culture