

Bid Antibody (BH3 Domain Specific) Blocking peptide
Synthetic peptide
Catalog # BP1307a**Specification****Bid Antibody (BH3 Domain Specific) Blocking peptide - Product Information**Primary Accession [P55957](#)**Bid Antibody (BH3 Domain Specific) Blocking peptide - Additional Information****Gene ID 637****Other Names**

BH3-interacting domain death agonist, p22 BID, BID, BH3-interacting domain death agonist p15, p15 BID, BH3-interacting domain death agonist p13, p13 BID, BH3-interacting domain death agonist p11, p11 BID, BID

Target/Specificity

The synthetic peptide sequence used to generate the antibody [AP1307a](/product/products/AP1307a) was selected from the region of human Bid BH3 Domain. A 10 to 100 fold molar excess to antibody is recommended. Precise conditions should be optimized for a particular assay.

Format

Peptides are lyophilized in a solid powder format. Peptides can be reconstituted in solution using the appropriate buffer as needed.

Storage

Maintain refrigerated at 2-8°C for up to 6 months. For long term storage store at -20°C.

Precautions

This product is for research use only. Not for use in diagnostic or therapeutic procedures.

Bid Antibody (BH3 Domain Specific) Blocking peptide - Protein Information**Bid Antibody (BH3 Domain Specific) Blocking peptide - Background**

Bid is a death agonist that heterodimerizes with either agonist BAX or antagonist BCL2. Bid is a member of the BCL-2 family of cell death regulators. It is a mediator of mitochondrial damage induced by caspase-8 (CASP8); CASP8 cleaves this encoded protein, and the COOH-terminal part translocates to mitochondria where it triggers cytochrome c release.

Bid Antibody (BH3 Domain Specific) Blocking peptide - References

Wang, X., et al., J. Biol. Chem. 278(31):29184-29191 (2003). Cartron, P.F., et al., Mol. Cell. Biol. 23(13):4701-4712 (2003). Fischer, B., et al., Biochem. Biophys. Res. Commun. 306(2):516-522 (2003). Degli Esposti, M., et al., J. Biol. Chem. 278(18):15749-15757 (2003). Kuwana, T., et al., Cell 111(3):331-342 (2002).

Name BID**Function**

The major proteolytic product p15 BID allows the release of cytochrome c (By similarity). Isoform 1, isoform 2 and isoform 4 induce ICE-like proteases and apoptosis. Isoform 3 does not induce apoptosis. Counters the protective effect of Bcl-2.

Cellular Location

Cytoplasm. Mitochondrion membrane.

Mitochondrion outer membrane.

Note=When uncleaved, it is predominantly cytoplasmic. [BH3-interacting domain death agonist p13]: Mitochondrion membrane {ECO:0000250|UniProtKB:P70444}.

Note=Associated with the mitochondrial membrane.

{ECO:0000250|UniProtKB:P70444} [Isoform 3]: Cytoplasm

Tissue Location

Isoform 2 and isoform 3 are expressed in spleen, bone marrow, cerebral and cerebellar cortex. Isoform 2 is expressed in spleen, pancreas and placenta (at protein level). Isoform 3 is expressed in lung, pancreas and spleen (at protein level). Isoform 4 is expressed in lung and pancreas (at protein level)

Bid Antibody (BH3 Domain Specific)**Blocking peptide - Protocols**

Provided below are standard protocols that you may find useful for product applications.

- [Blocking Peptides](#)