

SIRT6 Antibody (C-term) Blocking peptide

Synthetic peptide Catalog # BP14024b

Specification

SIRT6 Antibody (C-term) Blocking peptide - Product Information

Primary Accession <u>Q8N6T7</u>

SIRT6 Antibody (C-term) Blocking peptide - Additional Information

Gene ID 51548

Other Names

NAD-dependent protein deacetylase sirtuin-6, 351-, Regulatory protein SIR2 homolog 6, SIR2-like protein 6, SIRT6, SIR2L6

Target/Specificity

The synthetic peptide sequence used to generate the antibody AP14024b was selected from the C-term region of SIRT6. A 10 to 100 fold molar excess to antibody is recommended. Precise conditions should be optimized for a particular assay.

Format

Peptides are lyophilized in a solid powder format. Peptides can be reconstituted in solution using the appropriate buffer as needed.

Storage

Maintain refrigerated at 2-8°C for up to 6 months. For long term storage store at -20°C.

Precautions

This product is for research use only. Not for use in diagnostic or therapeutic procedures.

SIRT6 Antibody (C-term) Blocking peptide - Protein Information

Name SIRT6

Synonyms SIR2L6

SIRT6 Antibody (C-term) Blocking peptide - Background

NAD-dependent protein deacetylase. Has deacetylase activity towards 'Lys-9' and 'Lys-56' of histone H3. Modulates acetylation of histone H3 in telomeric chromatin during the S-phase of the cell cycle. Deacetylates 'Lys-9' of histone H3 at NF-kappa-B target promoters and may down-regulate the expression of a subset of NF-kappa-B target genes. Deacetylation of nucleosomes interferes with RELA binding to target DNA. May be required for the association of WRN with telomeres during S-phase and for normal telomere maintenance. Required for genomic stability. Required for normal IGF1 serum levels and normal glucose homeostasis. Modulates cellular senescence and apoptosis. Regulates the production of TNF protein (By similarity).



NAD-dependent protein deacetylase

Function

involved in various processes including telomere maintenance and gene expression, and consequently has roles in genomic stability, cell senescence and apoptosis (PubMed: 18337721, PubMed:19135889, PubMed:19625767, PubMed:21362626). Has very weak deacetylase activity and can bind NAD(+) in the absence of acetylated substrate (PubMed:21362626). Has deacetylase activity towards histone H3K9Ac and H3K56Ac (PubMed:19625767, PubMed:21362626). Modulates acetylation of histone H3 in telomeric chromatin during the S-phase of the cell cycle (PubMed:19625767). May also be required for the association of WRN with telomeres during S-phase and for normal telomere maintenance (PubMed: 18337721). Deacetylates histone H3K9Ac at NF-kappa-B target promoters and may down-regulate the expression of a subset of NF-kappa- B target genes (PubMed:21362626). Deacetylation of nucleosomes interferes with RELA binding to target DNA (PubMed:19135889). Acts as a corepressor of the transcription factor Hifla to control the expression of multiple glycolytic genes to regulate glucose homeostasis (By similarity). Required for normal IGF1 serum levels and normal glucose homeostasis (By similarity).





Regulates the production of TNF protein (By similarity). Has a role in the regulation of life span (By similarity).

Cellular Location

Nucleus, nucleoplasm. Note=Predominantly nuclear. Associated with telomeric heterochromatin regions

SIRT6 Antibody (C-term) Blocking peptide - Protocols

Provided below are standard protocols that you may find useful for product applications.

• Blocking Peptides