

**Mouse Enpp1 Blocking Peptide (N-term)**  
**Synthetic peptide**  
**Catalog # BP19754a****Specification****Mouse Enpp1 Blocking Peptide (N-term) - Product Information**Primary Accession [P06802](#)**Mouse Enpp1 Blocking Peptide (N-term) - Additional Information****Gene ID** 18605**Other Names**

Ectonucleotide  
pyrophosphatase/phosphodiesterase family  
member 1, E-NPP 1, Lymphocyte antigen  
41, Ly-41, Phosphodiesterase I/nucleotide  
pyrophosphatase 1, Plasma-cell membrane  
glycoprotein PC-1, Alkaline  
phosphodiesterase I, Nucleotide  
pyrophosphatase, NPPase, Enpp1, Npps,  
Pc1, Pdnp1

**Target/Specificity**

The synthetic peptide sequence is selected  
from aa 44-57 of MOUSE Enpp1

**Format**

Peptides are lyophilized in a solid powder  
format. Peptides can be reconstituted in  
solution using the appropriate buffer as  
needed.

**Storage**

Maintain refrigerated at 2-8°C for up to 6  
months. For long term storage store at  
-20°C.

**Precautions**

This product is for research use only. Not  
for use in diagnostic or therapeutic  
procedures.

**Mouse Enpp1 Blocking Peptide (N-term) - Protein Information****Name** Enpp1

{ECO:0000303|PubMed:23027977,

**Mouse Enpp1 Blocking Peptide (N-term) - Background**

Involved primarily in ATP hydrolysis at the  
plasma membrane. Plays a role in regulating  
pyrophosphate levels, and functions in bone  
mineralization and soft tissue calcification. In  
vitro, has a broad specificity, hydrolyzing other  
nucleoside 5' triphosphates such as GTP, CTP,  
TTP and UTP to their corresponding  
monophosphates with release of  
pyrophosphate and diadenosine  
polyphosphates, and also 3',5'-cAMP to AMP.  
May also be involved in the regulation of the  
availability of nucleotide sugars in the  
endoplasmic reticulum and Golgi, and the  
regulation of purinergic signaling. Appears to  
modulate insulin sensitivity (By similarity).

ECO:0000312|MGI:MGI:97370}

### Function

Nucleotide pyrophosphatase that generates diphosphate (PPi) and functions in bone mineralization and soft tissue calcification by regulating pyrophosphate levels (PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/9662402" target="\_blank">9662402</a>, PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/10352096" target="\_blank">10352096</a>, PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/11004006" target="\_blank">11004006</a>, PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/12082181" target="\_blank">12082181</a>, PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/22510396" target="\_blank">22510396</a>, PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/25260930" target="\_blank">25260930</a>). PPi inhibits bone mineralization and soft tissue calcification by binding to nascent hydroxyapatite crystals, thereby preventing further growth of these crystals (PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/9662402" target="\_blank">9662402</a>, PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/10352096" target="\_blank">10352096</a>, PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/11004006" target="\_blank">11004006</a>, PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/12082181" target="\_blank">12082181</a>, PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/19419305" target="\_blank">19419305</a>, PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/22510396" target="\_blank">22510396</a>, PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/25260930" target="\_blank">25260930</a>, PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/25479107" target="\_blank">25479107</a>, PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/26910915" target="\_blank">26910915</a>, PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/26910915" target="\_blank">26910915</a>).

tations/30111653" target="\_blank">30111653</a>). Preferentially hydrolyzes ATP, but can also hydrolyze other nucleoside 5' triphosphates such as GTP, CTP, TTP and UTP to their corresponding monophosphates with release of pyrophosphate and diadenosine polyphosphates, and also 3',5'-cAMP to AMP (PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/11027689" target="\_blank">11027689</a>, PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/1647027" target="\_blank">1647027</a>, PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/23027977" target="\_blank">23027977</a>, PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/8223581" target="\_blank">8223581</a>). May also be involved in the regulation of the availability of nucleotide sugars in the endoplasmic reticulum and Golgi, and the regulation of purinergic signaling (PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/1647027" target="\_blank">1647027</a>). Inhibits ectopic joint calcification and maintains articular chondrocytes by repressing hedgehog signaling; it is however unclear whether hedgehog inhibition is direct or indirect (PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/30111653" target="\_blank">30111653</a>). Appears to modulate insulin sensitivity (By similarity). Also involved in melanogenesis (By similarity). Also able to hydrolyze 2'-3'-cGAMP (cyclic GMP-AMP), a second messenger that activates TMEM173/STING and triggers type-I interferon production (PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/25344812" target="\_blank">25344812</a>). 2'-3'-cGAMP degradation takes place in the lumen or extracellular space, and not in the cytosol where it is produced; the role of 2'-3'-cGAMP hydrolysis is therefore unclear (By similarity). Not able to hydrolyze the 2'-3'-cGAMP linkage isomer 3'-3'-cGAMP (By similarity).

### Cellular Location

[Ectonucleotide pyrophosphatase/phosphodiesterase family member 1]: Cell membrane; Single-pass type II membrane protein. Basolateral cell membrane; Single-pass type II membrane

protein. Note=Targeted to the basolateral membrane in polarized epithelial cells and in hepatocytes, and to matrix vesicles in osteoblasts.

**Tissue Location**

Selectively expressed on the surface of antibody- secreting cells (PubMed:3104326). Expressed in osteocytes and osteoclasts (PubMed:25260930).

**Mouse Enpp1 Blocking Peptide (N-term) - Protocols**

Provided below are standard protocols that you may find useful for product applications.

- [Blocking Peptides](#)