

**UBE2K Blocking Peptide(N-term)**  
**Synthetic peptide**  
**Catalog # BP19802a****Specification****UBE2K Blocking Peptide(N-term) - Product Information**

Primary Accession [P61086](#)  
Other Accession [P61087](#), [P61085](#),  
[NP\\_005330.1](#)

**UBE2K Blocking Peptide(N-term) - Additional Information**

**Gene ID** 3093

**Other Names**

Ubiquitin-conjugating enzyme E2 K,  
Huntingtin-interacting protein 2, HIP-2,  
Ubiquitin carrier protein,  
Ubiquitin-conjugating enzyme E2-25 kDa,  
Ubiquitin-conjugating enzyme E2(25K),  
Ubiquitin-conjugating enzyme E2-25K,  
Ubiquitin-protein ligase, UBE2K, HIP2, LIG

**Target/Specificity**

The synthetic peptide sequence is selected from aa 17-30 of HUMAN UBE2K

**Format**

Peptides are lyophilized in a solid powder format. Peptides can be reconstituted in solution using the appropriate buffer as needed.

**Storage**

Maintain refrigerated at 2-8°C for up to 6 months. For long term storage store at -20°C.

**Precautions**

This product is for research use only. Not for use in diagnostic or therapeutic procedures.

**UBE2K Blocking Peptide(N-term) - Protein Information**

**Name** UBE2K

**UBE2K Blocking Peptide(N-term) - Background**

The protein encoded by this gene belongs to the ubiquitin-conjugating enzyme family. This protein interacts with RING finger proteins, and it can ubiquitinate huntingtin, the gene product for Huntington's disease. Known functions for this protein include a role in aggregate formation of expanded polyglutamine proteins and the suppression of apoptosis in polyglutamine diseases, a role in the dislocation of newly synthesized MHC class I heavy chains from the endoplasmic reticulum, and involvement in foam cell formation. Multiple transcript variants encoding different isoforms have been identified for this gene. [provided by RefSeq].

**UBE2K Blocking Peptide(N-term) - References**

Bae, Y., et al. Biochem. Biophys. Res. Commun. 397(4):718-723(2010)  
Christensen, D.E., et al. Nat. Struct. Mol. Biol. 14(10):941-948(2007)  
de Pril, R., et al. Mol. Cell. Neurosci. 34(1):10-19(2007)  
Flierman, D., et al. Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. U.S.A. 103(31):11589-11594(2006)  
Yamada, M., et al. J. Biol. Chem. 281(30):20749-20760(2006)

**Synonyms** HIP2, LIG**Function**

Accepts ubiquitin from the E1 complex and catalyzes its covalent attachment to other proteins. In vitro, in the presence or in the absence of BRCA1-BARD1 E3 ubiquitin-protein ligase complex, catalyzes the synthesis of 'Lys-48'-linked polyubiquitin chains. Does not transfer ubiquitin directly to but elongates monoubiquitinated substrate protein. Mediates the selective degradation of short-lived and abnormal proteins, such as the endoplasmic reticulum-associated degradation (ERAD) of misfolded luminal proteins. Ubiquitinates huntingtin. May mediate foam cell formation by the suppression of apoptosis of lipid-bearing macrophages through ubiquitination and subsequent degradation of p53/TP53. Proposed to be involved in ubiquitination and proteolytic processing of NF-kappa-B; in vitro supports ubiquitination of NFkB1. In case of infection by cytomegaloviruses may be involved in the US11-dependent degradation of MHC class I heavy chains following their export from the ER to the cytosol. In case of viral infections may be involved in the HPV E7 protein-dependent degradation of RB1.

**Cellular Location**

Cytoplasm  
{ECO:0000250|UniProtKB:P61085}.

**Tissue Location**

Expressed in all tissues tested, including spleen, thymus, prostate, testis, ovary, small intestine, colon, peripheral blood leukocytes, T-lymphocytes, monocytes, granulocytes and bone marrow mononuclear cells. Highly expressed in brain, with highest levels found in cortex and striatum and at lower levels in cerebellum and brainstem.

**UBE2K Blocking Peptide(N-term) - Protocols**

Provided below are standard protocols that you may find useful for product applications.

- [Blocking Peptides](#)