

Mouse Tfap2a Blocking Peptide (Center)
Synthetic peptide
Catalog # BP20558c**Specification****Mouse Tfap2a Blocking Peptide (Center) -
Product Information**

Primary Accession [P34056](#)
Other Accession [P58197](#), [A1A4R9](#),
[Q9N0N3](#)

**Mouse Tfap2a Blocking Peptide (Center) -
Additional Information**

Gene ID 21418

Other Names

Transcription factor AP-2-alpha, AP2-alpha,
AP-2 transcription factor, Activating
enhancer-binding protein 2-alpha, Activator
protein 2, AP-2, Tfap2a, Ap2tf, Tcfap2a

Target/Specificity

The synthetic peptide sequence is selected
from aa 154-166 of HUMAN Tfap2a

Format

Peptides are lyophilized in a solid powder
format. Peptides can be reconstituted in
solution using the appropriate buffer as
needed.

Storage

Maintain refrigerated at 2-8°C for up to 6
months. For long term storage store at
-20°C.

Precautions

This product is for research use only. Not
for use in diagnostic or therapeutic
procedures.

**Mouse Tfap2a Blocking Peptide (Center) - Protein
Information**

Name Tfap2a

Synonyms Ap2tf, Tcfap2a

Function

**Mouse Tfap2a Blocking Peptide (Center) -
Background**

Sequence-specific DNA-binding protein that
interacts with inducible viral and cellular
enhancer elements to regulate transcription of
selected genes. AP-2 factors bind to the
consensus sequence 5'-GCCNNNGGC-3' and
activate genes involved in a large spectrum of
important biological functions including proper
eye, face, body wall, limb and neural tube
development. They also suppress a number of
genes including MCAM/MUC18, C/EBP alpha
and MYC. AP-2-alpha is the only AP-2 protein
required for early morphogenesis of the lens
vesicle. Together with the CITED2 coactivator,
stimulates the PITX2 P1 promoter transcription
activation. Associates with chromatin to the
PITX2 P1 promoter region.

**Mouse Tfap2a Blocking Peptide (Center) -
References**

Moser M., et al. Nucleic Acids Res.
21:4844-4844(1993).
Meier P., et al. Dev. Biol. 169:1-14(1995).
Carninci P., et al. Science 309:1559-1563(2005).
Mitchell P.J., et al. Genes Dev. 5:105-119(1991).
Yahata T., et al. Genomics 80:601-613(2002).

Sequence-specific DNA-binding protein that interacts with inducible viral and cellular enhancer elements to regulate transcription of selected genes. AP-2 factors bind to the consensus sequence 5'-GCCNNNGGC-3' and activate genes involved in a large spectrum of important biological functions including proper eye, face, body wall, limb and neural tube development. They also suppress a number of genes including MCAM/MUC18, C/EBP alpha and MYC. AP-2-alpha is the only AP-2 protein required for early morphogenesis of the lens vesicle. Together with the CITED2 coactivator, stimulates the PITX2 P1 promoter transcription activation. Associates with chromatin to the PITX2 P1 promoter region.

Cellular Location

Nucleus.

Mouse Tfap2a Blocking Peptide (Center) - Protocols

Provided below are standard protocols that you may find useful for product applications.

- [Blocking Peptides](#)